D Reisinger

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 54---No. 14. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, April 10, 1872. Established 1818

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1,00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

H. J. CHANDLER, Dentist, office over Mr. Thos. Allison's store, Beaver, Pa. Great care taken in all operations, and warranted to give satisfaction. Give me a call. mar27;1y

JAMES CAMERON, Attorney at Law, Beaver, Pa. Office on 3d st., in the rooms formerly occupied by the late Judge Cunningham. All business entrusted to him will receive prompt and careful attention. je21;1y

JOHN B. YOUNG, Attorney at Law. Office and residence on Third st., east of the Court House. Business promptly attended to. ap27;1y

J. H. McCREERY, Attorney at Law. Office on Third st., below the Court House. All business promptly attended to. je22;'70

MRS. F. D. FAST, dealer in Millinery, Trimmings, Fancy Goods, &c., at the corner of Third and Seminary streets. jel4;71 1y

E. P. KUHN, Attorney at Law. Office east end of Third street, Beaver, Pa. mar30;70,1y

DR. J. S. McNUTT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Special attention paid to treatment of Female Diseases. Residence and office on Third street, a few doors west of the Court-House. apr12'71;1y

HENRY MERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Main st. [sep2

BEAVER DRUG STORE, Hugo Andriessen, Druggist & Apothecary, Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. sep28;1y

NEW BRIGHTON.

CHAS. COALE, Dealer in paints, oil, glass, nails, plate glass, looking glasses, frames, garden and flower-seeds and fancy fowls. Falls street, New Brighton. sep27'71 1y

WISENER & BINGHAM, manufacturers of carriages, buggies, spring-wagons, buckwagons and vehicles of every description, Bridge St. Both practical workmen. Successors to George Mc[illegible]. mar6;1y

E. LANGNECKER, dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Repairing neatly executed. Broadway, near Falls st. nov17'71-1y

J. W. NIPPERT, Baker & Confectioner; Ice-cream, Oysters and Game in season. Balls, Pic-Nics, Weddings, &c., supplied. nov1

T. N. SMITH, opposite Press office, Broadway. Dealer in the best building hardware, glass, nails and putty, which he furnishes to contractors and builders cheap for cash. oct25'71-1y

H. & F. METZ, Bridge street, dealers in fresh meat and fat cattle, will visit Beaver on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week. oct25'71 1y

G. EVERARD, Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Queensware, &c. Highest price for good butter and produce generally. Opposite Presbyterian Church, Broadway. sep27'71 1y

C. H. WINTER, Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician, 224 Broadway. sep27'71 1y

WM. H. McDONALD, Dealer in Fine Teas, choice Family Groceries, Queensware, Glassware, Woodenware, Willow ware, &c. Broadway, near Falls st. sep27'71-1y

C. R. TUTTLE, M. D., 222 Broadway, New Brighton, makes the treatment of chronic diseases and female weaknesses a specialty. Consultation free to the poor every Sunday from 1 to 4 o'clock, p. m. sep27'71 1y

A. D. GILLILAND & CO., Dealers in fancy and Domestic Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries, Provisions, &c. Broadway, New Brighton. [sep27

J. McCLAIN—Photograph Gallery. Every variety of Pictures neatly executed. Corner of [illegible] and Broadway, New Brighton. [sep27

WM. WALLACE, Dealer in Italian & American Marble, Manufacturer of Monuments, Grave stones &c. at reasonable prices. Railroad st., near new Depot, New Brighton. [sep27

H. B. MILLS, Billiards, Tobacco, Cigars and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Broadway, near Apple. sep27'71 1y

J. G. STEWART & CO.—Groceries, Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Canned Fruits, and everything to be found in a first class grocery. Bridge St., above Locust. [sep18;1y

UMSTEAD & WISNER, Dealers in Boots, Shoes & Gaiters, near Siemon's Confectionery, Broadway. oct1y

MRS. L. YOUNG & M. UMSTEAD, Dealers in Notions, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, Dressmaking. Cor. Apple & Broadway. je21;1y

BRIGHTON RESTAURANT and EATING SALOON; meals at all hours, table supplied with every delicacy of the season. Prices low. Wm. Strickland, Cor. of Falls and Broadway. my24'71-1y

PROSPECT MOUNT NURSERIES.—Evergreens and small Fruits. Three miles East of New Brighton. mar29'71 1y L. THOMAS.

DRUGS. GILLILAND & KERR, Druggists and Apothecaries, Cor. Broadway and Falls st., New Brighton, Pa. Successors to [illegible]

GEO. F. SIEMON, Bakery & Confectionery, R. R. street. Special attention given to weddings and balls, oysters and ice-cream. sep14;1y

S. & J. SNELLENBERG, Merchant Tailors, Broadway, New Brighton. sep14;1y

H. NOSS, Photographer, Wagon's Block, Broadway. Best photographs from retouched negatives. sep14;1y

EVAN PUGH, Dealer in Wall Paper, Window Blinds, Books, Stationery & Notions, Broadway, New Brighton, Pa. [sep21;1y

BEAVER FALLS.

WM. ROBERTSON, Dealer in the justly celebrated Domestic Sewing Machine. Ladies call and be convinced. Main st., B. Falls. [sep27

D. STEWART & SON, Dealers in Yankee Notions &c. Main St., Beaver Falls. sep13;1y

A. FLEMING, Dealer in Boots and Shoes of every description, at low prices, and of superior quality. Main St., Beaver Falls, Pa. jan18;1y

BRIDGEWATER.

L. WEIMAN, Manufacturer of Boots and Shoes. Bridge St., Bridgewater. [sep27;1y

JOHNSTON SMALL & JOHN WALTHER, manufacturers of Wagons, Buggies, Buckwagons and all kinds of Vehicles. Blacksmithing generally. Market st., above Bridge st. oc25;1y

J. C. MOLTER, dealer in Coal of all kinds. Bank at McKinley's Run. aug9'71 1y

MRS. HART DARRAGH, Sharon, Portrait and Photograph Painter. Work promptly executed at reasonable rates. mar22

GEORGE HEIDEGGER, House and Sign Painter, Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. apr17;1y

A. BEEHM, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa. Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver Ware, Spectacles, &c. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. feb15;71 1y

DANIEL MILLER, Fashionable Boot and Shoe maker. Experienced workmen employed. Shop on Bridge st., Bridgewater, Pa. feb8'71 1y

JAMES PORTER, Tinner, Dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet-iron ware, and iron Cistern Pumps. Bridge st., Bridgewater. [illegible]

A. C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings. Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. [illegible]

ROCHESTER.

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery. Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa. sep14;1y

WM. BUEHLING, German Apothecary & Druggist, In Diamond, near Post-office. Prescriptions carefully compounded. feb28;1y

GEORGE SCHEEREN, Agent, Bakery and Confectionery. Ice-Cream in season. Particular attention paid to supplying Parties, Balls and Weddings on short notice. Diamond. dec 13;1y

MRS. BRISBIN, Millinery, Fashionable Dressmaking & Ladies' Furnishing Goods. First door above Cross St. [illegible] York st.

INGRAHAM BOYD, Manufacturer of Wagons, Coaches, Buggies, Spring-wagons, Sulkeys, &c. Blacksmithing and Horse-shoeing done in best manner. Rochester, Pa. [illegible]

WHISLER & LINNENBRINK, Dealers in Choice Groceries, Flour and Mill Feed of every description. Cor. Brighton & Adams streets, Rochester, Pa. sep27;1y

JAMES H. CALKINS & CO., [illegible] Butter, &c. Rochester, Pa., near the Cemetery. sep20;1y

J. W. HANKINS, Dealer in Boots, Shoes & Gaiters and agent for Singer's Sewing machines. New York and R. R. sts., Rochester. dec22;1y

SIGMUND GROTZ, Gunsmith. New work of the best material made to order. All work warranted. Repairing neatly done. Prices Low. Adams St., Rochester, Pa. jan18;1y

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all kinds. Brighton st., above Paw Factory. [illegible]

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st. [illegible]

SPEYERER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain, Boat stores, Iron & Nails. Cor. Water & James sts.

M. MILLER & CO., Contractors and Builders. Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Shutters, &c. Deal in Lumber Lath &c. Rochester. sep21;1y

SCOTT BOYLE & WILLIAMS, Successors to Lakins & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber, Lath & Shingles. Rochester. [illegible]

POWER'S LIVERY STABLE & COAL YARD, between R. R. station and Ohio river. oc19;1y

STEFFLER & CLARK, Proprietors of Johnston House. Good accommodations and good stabling. Near R. R. Depot. oct19;1y

J. D. MILLER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. Repairing done neatly and promptly. Store in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa. oct19;1y

ALLEGHENY CITY.

D. J. S. WINANS, Electrical Physician. Chronic diseases made a specialty. Office 157 Washington avenue, Allegheny City, Pa. [sep14;1y

VANPORT.

J. M. CORNELIUS & CO., Dealers in General Merchandise, Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, &c. Highest price paid for country produce. jan10;1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. E. SNEAD, Freedom, Beaver county, Pa., dealer in Sawed and Planed Lumber of all kinds. Flats and Barges built to order. jan19'71-1y

JOHN THORNILEY, Manufacturer of the Great Republic Cooking Stove, and Patentee of Portable extension top and centre. Fallston, Pa.

J. E. MOORE'S
MOVABLE SECTION
BEEHIVE.
PATENTED FEBRUARY 20th, 1872.

For Terms of Right, Hive and Italian Bees, address, with stamp, J. E. MOORE,
Residence Bridgewater. Rochester, Pa.
march20;6m

Miscellaneous.

1872 SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT 1872

HOOD, BONBRIGHT & CO.,

ARE NOW OFFERING AT THEIR NEW STORE, Nos. 811, 813, 815 MARKET STREET, AND Nos. 808, 810 and 812 FILBERT STREET Philadelphia,

A Magnificent Stock of SEASONABLE DRY GOODS!

Complete in all its Departments of Silk & Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams & Delaines, Men's and Boys' Wear, White Goods, Linens and Flannels, Furnishing Goods, Notions &c. Bleached and Brown Shirtings, Sheetings, &c., &c., &c. Also, JUST OPENED, An Extensive

CARPET & OIL CLOTH Department.

To all of which, including many choice Special Brands of Philadelphia Made Goods, they respectfully invite the attention of the Trade. jan 10;3m

Carpets, OilCloths,
Mattings, &c., &c.,
AT LOWEST PRICES.
Henry McCallum,
(Late McCallum Bro.'s.)
51 FIFTH AVENUE
PITTSBURGH, PA.

I have facilities for supplying
RETAIL DEALERS
Equal to any Eastern Jobbing House.
Henry McCallum.
apr12;1y

J. J. ANDERSON, having taken hold of his old Foundry again, in Rochester, Pa., will be pleased to meet his old customers and friends who may want either the BEST COOKING STOVE, Heating Stove, or any other kind of Castings of best material and workmanship. The business will be conducted by
e9;tf J. J. ANDERSON & SONS.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH PERFECTED!—T. J. CHANDLER, of Rochester, has purchased the exclusive right of Beaver county to use Dr Stuck's Patent by which he can put up Vulcanite as thin as Gold Plate, with a beautiful enameled polish; and so light and elastic as to perfectly adapt itself to the mouth; obviating all that clumsy and bulky condition, so much complained of heretofore; and lessening their liability to break 100 per cent. Indeed, no one seeing it would be willing to wear the old style plate any longer than they could conveniently get them exchanged. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most substantial manner. In filling teeth with gold, etc., I challenge competition from any quarter, and can refer to living subjects whose fillings have stood between thirty and forty years. Among the number Hon. John Allison will exhibit fillings I inserted some 35 years ago; the teeth as perfect as the day they were filled. Laughing Gas prepared on a new plan, freeing it from all unpleasant and dangerous effects, making the extraction of teeth a source of pleasure rather than of horror and pain. Prices as low as any good dentist in the State. Office at Beaver Station, Rochester Pa.
nov3;tf T. J. CHANDLER.

Brighton Paper Mills,
BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A.

PRINTING,
MANNILLA,
ROOFING, BAILING,
Hardware, Glass, Straw,
RAG AND CARPET
PAPERS,
MANUFACTURED
And Sold At
Wholesale & Retail by
Frazier, Metzger & Co.,
82 Third Avenue,
PITTSBURGH

Homes Still Larger
FOR THE MILLION!

Rare opportunities are now offered for securing homes in a mild, healthy, and sunny climate for one third of their value five years hence. THE NATIONAL REAL ESTATE AGENCY has for sale real estate of every description, located in the Middle and Southern States; improved stock, grain and fruit farms; rice, sugar and cotton plantations; timber and mineral lands; city, village and rural residences, and business stands; mills and mill sites, factories, &c.

Write for Land Register containing description, location, price and terms of properties we have for sale. Address R. W. CLARKE & CO., The National Real Estate Agency, 477 and 479 Penna. Avenue, Washington, D. C. may31.

B. S. RANGER,
Bridge Street,
BRIDGEWATER, PA.
IS WEEKLY RECEIVING A FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:
DRY GOODS
Steubenville Jeans,
Cassimeres and Sattinets,
White Woolen Blankets,
White [illegible],
Barred Flannels,
Merinos,
Delaines,
Plaids,
Ginghams,
Coburgs,
Lawns,
Water Proofs,
Chambrays,
Checks,
Woolen Shawls,
Brown and Black Muslins,
Bed Ticking,
Prints,
Cottons,
Flannels,
Jeans,
Table Linen,
[illegible]
Crash,
Counterpanes,
Hosiery,
Gloves,
& Mits.
Groceries
Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, White Sugar Syrups, Golden and Common Syrups, Mackerel in barrels and kits, Star and Tallow Candles, Soaps, Spices and Mustard, Rice. Also SALT.
Hardware, Nails, Glass,
Door Locks, Door Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table Cutlery, Table and Tea Spoons, Sleigh Bells, Coal Boxes, Fire Shovels and Pokers, Nails and Glass, Spades, Shovels, 2, 3 and 4 tine Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Snaths, Corn and Garden Hoes.
WOODENWARE.
Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Butter Prints and Ladles.
CARBON OIL,
Linseed Oil & White Lead.
Boots and Shoes
LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, in great variety.
Rifle Powder and Shot,
Blasting Powder and Fuse.
Flour Feed & Queensware,
all heavy goods delivered free of charge.

By close attention to business, and by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods of all the different kinds usually kept in a country store, the undersigned hopes in the future as in the past to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.
B. S. RANGER.
dec23'68;1y—jy7ch20.

Cash for Old Iron.

IN small or large lots. 1,000 tons wanted immediately, of cast and wrought scrap iron, for which the highest price will be paid. Inquire of GREER & CO.,
Rochester, Pa.—March [illegible]

Railroads.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. On and after Nov 12th, 1871, trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows.—[Train leaving Chicago at 5.35, P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 3.00 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	MAIL.	EXP'S
Pittsburgh	145AM	920AM	710AM	230PM
Rochester	252	1042	845	338
Salem				
Alliance	505	135PM	1145	615
Canton				
Massillon				
Orrville	623	323	152PM	747
Wooster				
Mansfield	818	535	422	946
Crestline A	910	610	500	1019
Crestline D	930	635	610AM	1020
Bucyrus				
Upper Sandusky				
Forest	1053	828	750	1143AM
Lima	1152	950	900	1243
Van Wert				
Fort Wayne	210PM	1230AM	1110	255
Columbia				
Warsaw				
Plymouth	417	305	225PM	510
Valparaiso				
Chicago	720	650	630	820PM

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	MAIL.	EXP'S
Chicago	920AM	535PM	550AM	920PM
Valparaiso				
Plymouth	1225PM	905	945	1240AM
Warsaw	...	...	..	
Columbia	...	...	...	
Fort Wayne	220	1135	1210PM	315
Van Wert				
Lima	420	142AM	305	545
Forest	520	250	420	622
Upper Sandusky				
Bucyrus				
Crestline A	640	420	600	805
Crestline D	700	430	1130AM	820
Mansfield	728	500	1206PM	904
Wooster	...			
Orrville	920	700	225	1112
Massillon				
Canton				
Alliance	1100	850	410	115PM
Salem	...	...	...	...
Rochester	104AM	1105	717	337
Pittsburgh	210	1210PM	825	445

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 2:10 p. m, New Castle, 2 55 p. m, arrives at Pittsburgh, 5:15 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7:00 a. m, arr. at New Castle, 9 20 a. m Youngstown 10:20, a. m.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 6:30 a. m; New Castle, 7:20 a. m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 10.10 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh, 2:00 p. m; arrives New Castle, 4:45 p. m.

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. On and after Nov 12th 1871, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS	MAIL.	EXP'S	ACCOM
Cleveland	840AM	1215PM	355PM
Euclid Street	..		
Hudson	1000	124	505
Ravenna	1030	155	532
Alliance	1130	231	615
Bayard	1202PM	302	
Wellsville	155	440	
Pittsburgh	400	640	

GOING NORTH

STATIONS	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM
Pittsburgh	620AM	210PM	
Wellsville	830	409	
Bayard	1025	734	
Alliance	1135	620	722AM
Ravenna	1220PM	704	815
Hudson	1253	734	855
Euclid Street			
Cleveland	210	845	940

GOING EAST

STATIONS.	ACCOM	MAIL.	EXP'S	ACCOM
Bellair	545AM		200PM	
Bridgeport	555		210	
Steubenville	700		315	
Wellsville	815	155PM	440	
Smith's Ferry	..	..		
Beaver	...			
Rochester	930	255	535	
Pittsburgh	1040	400	640	

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S	ACCOM	ACCOM
Pittsburgh	630AM	210PM	425PM	
Rochester	740	310	535	
Beaver			...	
Smith's Ferry				
Wellsville	855	410	700	
Steubenville	955	540	....	
Bridgeport	1057	628		
Bellair	1110	640		

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH

Leaves. Arrives
N. Philadelphia 6:40 a.m. | Bayard 9.45 a. m.
Bayard 12:10 p. m. | N. Philadelphia 3.00 p.m.
F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

Miscellaneous.

CLOTHING STORE.
NEW GOODS!
WINTER STOCK.

The undersigned takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally, that he has just received and opened

A New Stock of Goods,
OF THE LATEST STYLES FOR
Fall and Winter Wear.

He keeps the best of workmen in his employ, and feels confident of his ability to cut and make up garments both

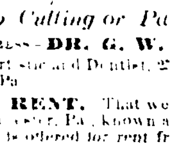
FASHIONABLE & DURABLE.

and in such a manner as will please his customers.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS
ALWAYS ON HAND

Call and see us before leaving your Orders Elsewhere

WILLIAM REICH, Jr.
may4,70,1y. Bridgewater, Pa



ARTIFICIAL HUMAN
EYES
INSERTED TO
MOVE AND LOOK LIKE THE NATURAL EYE,
No Cutting or Pain Whatever.

Address—DR. G. W. SPENCER, Surgeon Artist and Dentist, 254 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep13 1y.

FOR RENT. That well known property in Rochester, Pa., known as the "Dickson Property" is offered for rent from the 1st of April. The house is large and suitable for either one or two families. All necessary out buildings on the lot. For further information inquire of W. Wirk, on the premises, or to me, in Brighton township.
jan17'72 tf] J. ARMSTRONG.

J. MOORE
DRUGGIST

Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded.

THE BEST BRANDS OF ASSORTED
Medicinal
WINES AND LIQUORS;
Paints, Oils,
AND
DYE STUFFS:
ANILINE DYES OF ALL COLORS;
GLASS & PUTTY;

Special attention given to secure the best quality of Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns &c.

A Large Assortment of
TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,
BRUSHES &
PATENT MEDICINES,

Main Street, Beaver Pa. [Dec7, '70tf.

HOUSE and TWO LOTS FOR SALE in the village of Industry, Beaver county, Pa., an L house with six rooms on the corner of two streets, with pavement on both streets, within twenty rods of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Station. The lots are well set with good fruit; a well of good water at the door; a frame stable twenty by sixteen feet, and other out-buildings. Terms made easy. For further information inquire of S. B. Briggs, in the village, or the subscriber near Beaver.
jan31'72 tf.] JONATHAN McKINZIE.

Miscellaneous.

Large Stock of Fall and Winter Goods Received at SPEYERER & SONS', Rochester, Pa.

JOB PRINTING neatly and expeditiously executed at this office.

MEYRAN & SEIDLE,
Successors to Reineman.
MEYRAN & SEIDLE,
42 5TH AVE, PITTSBURGH, PA.,
GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS
DEALERS IN FINE JEWELRY
Watches, Diamonds, Silver & Plated-Ware, Seth Thomas' Clocks,
Fine Table Cutlery, French Clocks,
REGULATORS, BRONZES.
FINE SWISS WATCHES,
AMERICAN WATCHES,
JULES JERGENSEN,
WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY,
EDWARD PERREGAUX,
ELGIN WATCH COMPANY
VACHESON & CONSTANTINE,
UNITED STATES WATCH CO.
CHARLES E. JACOT
E. HOWARD & CO

"THE ZIMERMAN WATCH" made by Carl Zimerman, Liverpool is fully equal to any watch offered to the public, both in finish and time keeping, not excepting the Frodsham.

nov29 1y MEYRAN & SEIDEL, SOLE AGENTS.

ROSADALIS

THE INGREDIENTS THAT COMPOSE ROSADALIS are published on every package, therefore it is not a secret preparation, consequently

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT

It is a certain cure for Scrofula, Syphilis in all its forms, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint and all diseases of the Blood.

ONE BOTTLE OF ROSADALIS will do more good than ten bottles of the Syrups of Sarsaparilla.

THE UNDERSIGNED PHYSICIANS have used Rosadalis in their practice for the past three years and freely endorse it as a reliable Alterative and Blood Purifier.

DR. T. C. PUGH, of Baltimore.
DR. T. J. BOYKIN, "
DR. R. W. CARR, "
DR. F. O. DANNELLY, "
DR. J. S. SPARKS, of Nicholasville, Ky.
DR. J. L. McCARTHA, Columbia, S. C.
DR. A. B. NOBLES, Edgecomb, N. C.

USED AND ENDORSED BY
J. B. FRENCH & SONS, Fall River, Mass.
F. W. SMITH, Jackson, Mich.
A. F. WHEELER, Lima, Ohio.
B. HALL, Lima, Ohio.
CRAVEN & CO., Gordonsville, Va.
SAM'L. G. McFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Our space will not allow of any extended remarks in relation to the virtues of Rosadalis. To the Medical Profession we guarantee a Fluid Extract superior to any they have ever used in the treatment of diseased Blood; and to the afflicted we say try Rosadalis, and you will be restored to health.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists, price $1.50 per bottle. Address
DR. CLEMENTS & CO.
Manufacturing Chemists,
BALTIMORE, MD.

R O S A D A L I S

Black and Gold Front,
GEORGE W. BIGGS
No. 159 SMITHFIELD ST.
Four doors above Sixth Ave
FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY
Optical and Fancy Goods, &c.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
FINE WATCH REPAIRING.

Please cut this advertisement out and bring it with you. jel4;1y

Gold & Silver Watches.

"ROBERTS"
TO REBUILD.

American Watches at Factory Prices.
STOCK MUST BE SOLD
BEFORE REBUILDING.

Genuine Waltham Watches:

2 Ounce Coin-silver Cases........$16 00
4 " " " 21 00
6 " " " 29 00

Elgin Watches:

2 Ounce Coin-silver Cases........$20 00
4 " " " 25 00

United States Watches:

2 Oz. Silver Cases Chronometer Balance, $20 00
3 " " " " 23 00
5 " " " " 28 00

Ladies' Gold Watches,
$25, $30, $35, $40, $50.
AND UPWARDS.
All Warranted Good Time-Keepers.

E. P. ROBERTS,
No. 16 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Prompt attention given to inquirers by mail
nov15-1y

SELECT POETRY.

A SPRING CAPRICE.

Came your merry laughter falling,
Musically on mine ear,
As from birds in spring days calling
To their loves, the carols clear;
Came your sweet low laughter pealing
Through the sad groves of my mind,
As between sere beech-leaves stealing
Blows the gentle evening wind.

Came the richness of your laughter
As a song that brought again,
In the mournful days hereafter,
Bids the dry heart melt in rain;
Came its tones, such music making
As when ranked in merry band,
Curl the crisp waves lightly breaking
On the dull and sullen sand.

Came its liquid murmur clearly
As a fountain's music sweet,
That, in the parched desert, dearly
Doth the tir'd traveler greet;
Came its cadence lightly speeding
O'er my heart's waste, silent ground,
As Eve's silver laugh from Eden
On the bare black world around!

—London Society.

SELECT MISCELLANY.

PERILOUS CLIMBING.

Mountaineering in the Sierra Nevada—Ascending Mount Tyndall—Vivid and Thrilling Description of the Lofty Peak.

Mr. Clarence King has written an admirable book entitled Mountaineering in the Sierra Nevada, just published by Osgood & Co., Boston. It is a singular combination of scientific facts, powerful description, pleasant humor, and bold adventure, founded on the personal experience of the writer during a series of perilous explorations, and is thus enlivened with the charm of wild forest life in the freshness of primeval nature.

The Sierra Nevada is the grandest of all the massive mountain ranges which form the western margin of the American continent. It lies between the arid deserts of the Great Basin and the exuberant grain fields and orchards of California. Its eastern slope is a grim wall of rocks plunging abruptly down to the plain. On the west it forms an immense sweep, well watered, and overgrown with cool stately forests. Its crest is a line of sharp, snowy peaks, springing into the sky, and catching the Alpine glow after the sun has set for all the rest of America. For four hundred miles the Sierras are a definite ridge, broad and high, in the form of an ocean wave. Buttresses of dark and gloomy rock, jutting at intervals from a steep wall, form the abrupt eastern slopes. Scattered growths of irregular forests huddle together near the snow. The lower declivities are barren spurs, sinking into the sterile flats of the Great Basin. Long ridges of gentle outline form the western side, while the sloping table is scored from top to bottom by a system of canons two or three thousand feet deep. Every canon carries a river, derived from the melting of the perpetual snow which threads its way down the mountain.

The successful atempt to ascend one of the loftiest peaks of the Nevada range, since named Mount Tyndall, affords an example of the most perilous enterprise, and even audacious courage, which is to be found in the history of Alpine climbing. The most experienced veterans of the party who had ascended to the hight of 13,400 feet, (about 2,000 feet lower than the summit of Mont Blanc) had pronounced the experiment an impossibility. Mr. King, however, was not to be daunted by their lack of faith. Taking aside one of his companions named Cotter, he asked him whether he would join him in the attempt to penetrate the Terra Incognitia at the risk of their necks. He cheerfully replied in his usual frank, courageous tone, "Why not?" Stout of limb, and yet stronger in heart, of iron endurance, and of a quiet, unexcited temperament, deeply devoted to the writer, he was the very comrade that he would choose to face death with, as in his manhood there was no room for fear or shirk. After reaching the hight of 12,500 feet, climbing became exceedingly difficult and the light air began to tell upon the lungs. The emotions of the writer are at this point vividly described. "Rising on the other side, cliff above cliff, precipice piled upon precipice, rock over rock, up against the sky, toward the most gigantic mountain-wall in America, culminating in a noble pile of Gothic-finished granite and enamel like snow.—How grand and inviting looked its white form, its untrodden, unknown crest, so high and pure in the strong blue! I looked at it as one contemplating the purpose of his life; and for just one moment I would have rather liked to dodge that purpose, or to have waited, or have found some excellent reason why I might not go; but all this quickly vanished, leaving a cheerful resolve to go ahead." The sequel shall be given in the writer's own words.

All the snow of our recess lay in the shadow of the high granite wall to the west, but the Kern divide which curved around us from the southeast was in full light; its broken sky-line, battlemented and adorned with innumerable rough-hewn spires and pinnacles, was a mass of glowing orange, intensely defined against the deep violet sky. At the open end of our horseshoe amphitheatre, to the east, its floor of snow rounded over in a smooth brink, overhanging precipices which sank 2,000 feet into the King's Canon. Across the gulf rose the whole procession of summit peaks, their lower halves rooted in a deep sombre shadow cast by the western wall, the hights bathed in a warm purple haze, in which the irregular marbling of snow burned with a pure crimson light. A few fleecy clouds, dyed fiery orange, drifted slowly eastward across the narrow zone of sky which stretched from summit to summit like a roof. At times the sound of waterfalls, faint and mingled with echoes, floated up through the still air. The snow near by lay in cold, ghastly shade, warmed here and there in strange flashes by light reflected downward from drifting clouds. The somber waste about us; the deep violet vault overhead, those far summits, glowing with reflected rose; the deep, impenetrable gloom that filled the gorge, and slowly and with vapor-like stealth climbed the mountain wall extinguishing the red light, combined to produce an effect which may not be described; nor can I more than hint at the contrast between the brilliancy of the scene under full light, and the cold, death-like repose which followed when the wan cliffs and pallid snow were all overshadowed with ghostly gray.

A sudden chill enveloped us. Stars in a moment crowded through the dark heavens, flashing with a frosty splendor. The snow congealed, the brooks ceased to flow, and, under the powerful, sudden leverage of frost, immense blocks were dislodged all along the mountain summits, and came thundering down the slopes, booming upon the ice, dashing wildly upon the rocks. Under the lee of our shelf we felt quite safe; but neither Cotter nor I could help being startled, and jumping just a little, as these missiles, weighing often many tons, struck the ledge over our heads and whizzed down the gorge, their strokes resounding fainter and fainter, until at last only a confused echo reached us.

* * * *

Choosing what looked like the least impossible way, we started; but, finding it unsafe to work with packs on, resumed the yesterday's plan, Cotter taking the lead, climbing about fifty feet ahead, and hoisting up the knapsacks and barometer as I tied them to the end of the lasso. Constantly closing up in hopeless difficulty before us, the way opened again and again before our gymnastics, till we stood together upon a mere shelf, not more than two feet wide, which led diagonally up the smooth cliff. Edging along in careful steps, our backs flattened upon the granite, we moved slowly to a broad platform, where we stopped for breath.

There was no foothold above us. Looking down over the course we had come, it seemed, and I really believe it was, an impossible descent; for one can climb upward with safety where he cannot downward. To turn back was to give up in defeat; and we sat at least half an hour, suggesting all possible routes to the summit, accepting none, and feeling disheartened. About thirty feet directly over our heads was another shelf, which, if we could reach, seemed to offer at least a temporary way upward. On its edge were two or three spikes of granite; whether firmly connected with the cliff, or merely blocks of debris, we could not tell from below. I said to Cotter, I thought of but one possible plan: It was to lasso one of those blocks, and to climb, sailor fashion, hand over hand, up the rope. In the lasso I had perfect confidence, for I had seen more than one Spanish bull throw his whole weight against it without parting a strand. The shelf was so narrow that throwing the coil of rope was a very difficult undertaking. I tried three times, and Cotter spent five minutes vainly whirling the loop up at the granite spikes. At last I made a lucky throw, and it tightened upon one of the smaller protuberances I drew the noose close, and very gradually threw my 150 pounds upon the rope; then Cotter joined me, and for a moment we both hung our united weight upon it. Whether the rock moved slightly or whether the lasso stretched a little, we were unable to decide; but the trial must be made, and I began to climb slowly. The smooth precipice face against which my body swung offered no foothold, and the whole climb had therefore to be done by the arms, an effort requiring all one's determination. When about halfway up I was obliged to rest, and, curling my feet in the rope, managed to relieve my arms for a moment. In this position I could not resist the fascinating temptation of a survey downward.

Straight down, nearly a thousand feet below, at the foot of the rocks, began the snow, whose steep, roof like slope exaggerated into almost a vertical angle, curved down in a long white field, broken far away by rocks and polished round lakes of ice.

Cotter looked up cheerfully and asked how I was making it; to which I answered that I had plenty of wind left. At that moment, when hanging between heaven and earth, it was a deep satisfaction to look down at the wide gulf of desolation beneath and up to unknown dangers ahead, and feel my nerves cool and unshaken.

A few pulls hand over hand brought me to the edge of the shelf, when, throwing an arm around the granite spike I swung my body upon the shelf and lay down to rest, shouting to Cotter that I was all right, and the prospects upward were capital. After a few moments' breathing I loooked over the brink and directed my comrade to tie the barometer to the lower end of the lasso, which he did and that precious instrument was hoisted to my station, and the lasso was sent down twice for knapsacks, after which Cotter came up the rope in his very muscular way without once stopping to rest. We took our loads in our hands, swinging the barometer over my shoulder, and climed up a shelf which led in a zigzag direction upward and to the south, bringing us at last upon the thin blade of a ridge which connected a short distance above with the summit. It was formed of huge blocks, shattered, and ready, at a touch, to fall.

So narrow and sharp was the upper slope, that we dared not walk; but got astride, and worked slowly along with our hands, pushing the knapsacks in advance, now and then holding our breath when loose masses rocked under our weight.

Once upon the summit, a grand view burst upon us. Hastening to step on the crest of the divide, which was never more than ten feet wide, frequently sharpened to a mere blade, we looked down the other side, and were astonished to find we had ascended the gentler slope, and that the rocks fell from our feet in almost vertical precipices for a thousand feet or more. A glance along the summit toward the highest group showed us that to advance in that direction was impossible, for the thin ridge was gashed down in notches three or four hundred feet deep, forming a procession of pillars, obelisks, and blocks piled upon each other, and looking terribly insecure.

We then deposited our knapsacks in a safe place, and finding that it was already noon, determined to rest a little while and take a lunch at over thirteen thousand feet above the sea.

The King's Canon now intercepted their progress; and they were obliged to descend the valley in order to scale the precipice on another side.

After lying on our faces, looking over the brink, ten or twenty minutes, I suggested that by lowering ourselves on the rope we might climb from crevice to crevice; but we saw no shelf large enough for ourselves and the knapsacks too. However we were not going to give it up without a trial; and I made the rope fast around my breast, and, looping the noose over a firm point of rock, let myself slide gradually down to a notch forty feet below. There was only room beside me for Cotter, so I made him send down the knapsacks first. I then tied these together by the straps with my silk handkerchiefs, and hung them as far to the left as I could reach without losing my balance, looping the handkerchiefs over a point of rock. Cotter then slid down the rope, and, with considerable difficulty, we whipped the nooze off its resting-place above and cut off our connection with the other world.

"We're in for it now, King," remarked my comrad, as he looked up and then down; but our blood was up, and danger added only an exhilerating thrill to the nerves.

The shelf was hardly more than two feet wide, and the granite was so smooth that we could find no place to fasten the lasso for the next descent; so I determined to try to climb with as little aid as possible.—Tying it around my breast again, I gave the other end in Cotter's hands, and he, bracing his back against the cliff, found for himself as firm a foothold as he could, and promised to give me all the help in his power. I made up my mind to bear no weight unless it was absolutely necessary; and for the first ten feet I found cracks and protuberances enough to support me, making every square inch of surface do friction duty, and hugging myself to the rocks as tight as I could. When within about eight feet of the next shelf, I twisted my self round upon the face, hanging by two rough blocks of protruding feldspar and looked vainly for some handhold; but the rock beside being perfectly smooth, overhung slightly, and my legs dangled in the air. I saw that the next cleft was over three feet broad, and I thought possibly, I might, by a quick slide, reach it in safety without endangering Cotter. I shouted to him to be very careful and let go in case I fell, I loosened my hold on the rope, and slid quickly down. My shoulder struck against the rock and threw me out of balance; for an instant I reeled over upon the verge in danger of falling, but, in the excitment, I thrust out my hand and seized a small alpine gooseberry bush, the first piece of vegitation we had seen. Its roots were so firmly fixed in the crevice that it held my weight and saved me.

I could no longer see Cotter, but I talked to him, and heard the knapsacks come bumping along till they slid over the eaves above me, and swung down to my station, when I seized the lasso's end and braced myself as well as possible, intending if he slipped to haul in slack and help him as best I might. As he came slowly down from crack to crack, I heard his hobnailed shoes grating on the granite; presently they appeared dangling from the eaves above my head. I had gathered in the rope until it was tight, and then hurridly told him to drop. He hesitated a moment, and let go. Before he struck the rock I had him by the shoulder, and whirled him down upon his side thus preventing his rolling overboard which friendly action he took quite coolly.

The third descent was not a difficult one, nor the fourth; but when we had climbed down about two hundred and fifty feet, the rocks were so glacially polished and water-worn that it seemed impossible to get any farther. To our right was a crack penetrating the rock perhaps a foot deep, widening at the surface to three or four inches, which proved to be the only possible ladder. As the chances seemed rather desperate, we concluded to tie ourselves together in order to share a common fate; and with a slack of thirty feet between us, and our knapsacks on our backs, we climbed into the crevice, and began descending with our faces to the cliff. This had to be done with unusual caution; for the knapsacks and instruments kept a steady backward pull, tending to overbalance us. But we took pains to descend one at a time, and rest wherever the niches gave our feet a safe support. In this way we got down about eighty feet of smooth, nearly vertical wall, reaching the top of a rude granite stairway, which led to the snow; and sat down to rest, and found to our astonishment that we had been three hours from the summit.

After breathing a half minute we continued down, jumping from rock to rock, and in this manner made a quick descent over rugged debris to the crest of a snow field, which, for seven or eight hundred feet more, swept down in a smooth, even slope, of very high angle, to the borders of a frozen lake.

Without untying the lasso which bound us together, we sprang upon the snow with a shout, and glissaded down splendidly and shooting out like cannon balls almost to the middle of the frozen lake, I upon my back, and Cotter feet first, in a swimming position. The ice cracked in all directions. Untying ourselves, we hurried ashore in different directions, lest our combined weight should be too great a strain upon any point.

The grand finale of the adventure is related as follows:

The wall of our mountain sunk abruptly to the left, opening for the first time an outlook to the eastward. Deep—it seemed almost vertically—beneath us we could see the blue water of Owen's Lake, 10,000 feet down. The summit peaks to the north were piled in titanic confusion, their ridges overhanging the eastern slope with terrible abruptness. Clustered upon the shelves and plateaus were several frozen lakes, and in all directions swept magnificent fields of snow. The summit was not over 500 feet distant, and we started on again with the exhilarating hope of success. But if nature had intended to secure the summit from all assailants, she could not have planned her defenses better; for the smooth granite wall which rose above the snow slope continued, apparently, quite around the peak, and we looked in great anxiety to see if there was not one place where it might be climbed. It was all blank except in one place; quite near us the snow bridged across the crevice, and rose in a long point to the summit of the wall—a great icicle column frozen in a niche of the bluff—its base about ten feet wide, narrowing to two feet at the top. We climbed to the base of this spire of ice, and, with the utmost care, began to cut our stairway. The material was an exceedingly compacted snow, passing into clear ice as it neared the rock. We climbed the first half of it with comparative ease; after that it was almost vertical, and so thin that we did not dare to cut the footsteps down enough to make them absolutely safe. There was a constant fear lest our ladder should break off, and we be thrown either down the snow slope or into the bottom of the crevasse. At last, in order to prevent myself from falling over backwards, I was obliged to thrust my hand into the crack between the ice and the wall, and the spire became so narrow that I could do this on both sides; so the climb was made as upon a tree, cutting mere toe holes and embracing the whole column of ice in my arms. At last I reached the top, and, with the greatest caution, wormed my body over the brink, and rolling out on the smooth surface of the granite, looked over and watched Cotter make his climb. He came steadily up, with no sense of nervousness, until he got to the narrow part of the ice, and here he stopped and looked up with a forlorn face to me; but as he climbed up over the edge the broad smile came back to his face, and he asked me if it had occurred to me that we had, by and by, to go down again.

We had now an easy slope to the summit, and hurried up over rocks and ice, reaching the crest at exactly twelve o'clock. I rang my hammer upon the topmost rock; we grasped hands, and I reverently named the grand peak Mount Tyndall.

Boys Wanted!

There are no boys now. So there can be no more men. We have lads and young masters, but no boys. Years ago, when America could boast of statesmen, there were boys all over the country—rugged, lively, ambitious boys. They played horse, rode down hill, kissed the girls, broke colts, traded jack-knives, and were well hooted at when cheated. They husked corn, gathered butternuts, picked apples, took care of the cattle, did chores for their board while going to school, cut cord-wood, trimmed apple trees, plowed corn and worked their way to manhood.

They knew how to sharpen fence posts, shear sheep, milk cows, kill hogs, clear lands, cultivate farms and work their way to honorable manhood. When they became men they did not fade like sixpenny curtain calico, but came from each sudsing and rinsing in the school of experience better and braver men. They were born to labor, and thus ticketed to success. They grew up hardy, handy, reliable and useful. Of such boys great orators, ministers, doctors and editors were made. Such boys were loved by good girls—because good husbands. Some of them perhaps smelled of the furrow, the barn or the workshop, but that was better than to smell of hops, resin, fusil oil and creosote whiskey, as now is the fashion.

These boys became men. They had good muscle and excellent sense. They were not afraid of poverty; not afraid to work; not ashamed of poor friends or ragged relatives, for they were men in miniature. They had sense, pluck, honor, manhood and the basis of success. Their fathers were proud of them. Their mothers warmed them with slippers and with their love. Their sisters were fond of them, while their sweethearts never thought them regular attendants of places of dissipation.

There were boys in those days.

But now, the boys are scarce. It is not fashionable to be a boy. Lads, masters, young gentlemen. Stout Anglo-Saxon drawn down to a sickly lisp. Kid gloves, patent leather boots, ruffled shirts, cigar-cases, private billard cues, Sunday sprees, paper collars, "girls," wine suppers and private doctors. It is not the thing to work as boys did years ago, when they tanned woodchuck skins, then rubbed them down thin and solid for whip-lashes. That rubbing is what did the work. The experiences of life which force facts into young souls and the eyes are the great teachers.

Men come from sterner stuff than this hot-house, petted, blanketed, superficial make-up men give their sons. The time was when boys swung flails, axes, crowbars, beetles, mauls and sledges. When they herded cattle, turned the soil, thought studied and worked their way into the harness of life till it fit them easily, and they could work advantageously.

Fashion has taken the helm now. Boys must be petted till they are spoiled, as tomatoes are ripened in windows until they are rotted. The boy now must be waited on. The old man must get up in the morning and build a fire, or wait at night to keep the house open till the young gentleman returns from the faro-bank or billiard-room. The old father must work, and the aged mother may weep, but the gay chap will have his clothes, jewelry and moustache salve, his nights out and headaches in—for must he not keep up with other men?

He must have his horse and cutter, or fancy team. His allowance and private circle of friends, it is not best for his parents to know, lest his chums think him off color. He grows up to be a sporting man, a politician, an office-holder, a defaulter, a hanger-on, if not to a rope, to the coat-tail of the society which tickled his infancy and damns his failure. He came from birth to manhood without being a boy. He is undeveloped, and instead of being a useful man, becomes a rusty button on the string of failures. Give us more boys; the good old kind of brave, pluck, working, thinking boys. The demand for them, and for the great men they make, is increasing.—*Brick Pomeroy.*

A Trial for Witchcraft.

A trial for witchcraft under the old Mosaic law has hardly been heard of in this country since the days when divers old crones and grannies were put to death by the Pilgrim fathers on that hill just outside of Salem, Mass., where the goats and children of Irish laborers now disport; but those good old times have come again in Louisville, Ky., in the case of a lady summoned for trial before a Presbyterian session in that city.—The lady in question, it seems, has avowed a belief in modern Spiritualism, and for this the session cites her to appear, stating her crime to be violations of the first, second and third commandments. No response having been made to this citation, the session serves a formal notice that if the accused does not appear at a certain set time an advocate would be assigned her by the body and a trial be proceeded with as if she had appeared and denied the charge. To this the lady responds she will appear at the time set if she may have the benefit of counsel, but otherwise will deem the affair a sham trial and refuse to have anything to do with it. Whether the session will permit of counsel does not appear; but it is quite likely such will be the case, and an interesting trial may be thus expected.

Of course there can be but one solution. The waverer between the raps of the spirits and the homilies of the session must choose plainly between the two. By recantation of any faith in knocks, bangs, whispers, fiddle, scraping and so on, from supernaturl sources, accused may make her peace with the session, have proceedings terminated, and something as near a love-feast as Presbyterian belief will admit indulged in. Contrariwise, if the knocks, bangs and twiddlings are set above the catechism the session cannot do other than cut off the offending member and deliver her to the torments prepared for those who prefer diabolical raps and tinkling to the sweet savor of predestination undefiled.

Seriously however, ridiculous as this matter seems all around, the right is clearly on the side of the session. It may be bad taste in them to quote Leviticus and Deuteronomy about witches, but it is certainly sound sense to insist that none but Presbyterians shall remain members of a Presbyterian church. Our lady friend, we fear, is but playing the Tyng and Cheney role—seeking a little notoriety by refusing to leave a communion she yet declares she does not believe.—*Pittsburgh Dispatch.*

THE BEAVER ARGUS

Is published every Wednesday in the old Argus building on Third Street, Beaver, Pa., at $2 per year in advance.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author.

Letters and communications should be addressed to
J. WEYAND, Beaver, Pa.

For the Beaver Argus.

LEISURE MOMENTS WITH GOOD AUTHORS.

NO. 3.—BY G. L. E.

Few writers in the English language have been more read and admired than Sir Walter Scott. His poetical writings, in sentiment, in beauty of diction, in vividness of imagery, and in power of description, are not surpassed by those of any poet of the present or the last century. In prose he is quite equal to the best writers of either the eighteenth or the nineteenth century; and it is reasonable to presume that his works of fiction—the Waverly novels—will be read and admired as long as the English literature shall exist.

The Lady of the Lake should be read by every young person that can read the English language; and they should not read it simply to get the name of having read it, but for the purpose of becoming familiar with its beautiful and expressive language and its noble and exalted sentiments. In order, therefore, that those of my readers who know nothing of that poem may get a slight glimpse of its beauties, I will quote a few of such as I conceive to be the most beautiful and striking passages contained in it. A very fine example of word-painting is found in the opening stanza of the poem:

"The stag at eve had drunk his fill
Where danced the moon on Monan's rill,
And deep his midnight lair had made,
In lone Glenartney's hazel shade."

What a complete and vivid picture is drawn in those four lines of good, simple Anglo-Saxon; how plainly one can see the stag drinking "his fill" from the rill, as it sparkles beneath the clear rays of the moon; and then, having drank, one can see him lying securely in the lone hazel shade little dreaming that he is soon to be driven from his retreat by

"The deep-mouth'd bloodhound's heavy bay
And the clanging of hoof and horn."

In the ninth stanza of the first canto is this beautiful passage:

"The impatient rider strove in vain
To rouse him with the spur and rein,
For the good steed, his labors o'er,
Stretch'd his stiff limbs, to rise no more;
Then, touched with pity and remorse,
He sorrow'd o'er the expiring horse.
I little thought, when first thy rein
I slack'd upon the banks of Seine,
That Highland eagle e'er should feed
On thy fleet limbs, my matchless steed!
Woe worth the chase, woe worth the day,
That costs thy life, my gallant grey!"

What a vivid picture of a splendid sunset do we find in the first four lines of the eleventh stanza:

"The western waves of ebbing day
Roll'd o'er the glen their level way;
Each purple peak, each flinty spire,
Was bathed in floods of living fire."

How very striking and perfect is the metaphor in the first two lines; and yet hardly more perfect than that in the last two; and, although the transition from the one metaphor to the other is instantaneous, and at variance with the actual facts in nature, the effect upon the imagination is none the less powerful and pleasing than it would have been had the author not introduced *floods* and *fire* in the same line. "Living fire" is an expression of great force, from the fact that no element seems to move "more like a thing of life" than fire, when it has plenty of the right sort of material to feed upon.

The song sung by Ellen in the first canto, is, beyond all question, one of the most beautiful examples of woman's love and sympathy for the patriot that can be found in the whole realm of literature. I quote only four lines:

"Soldier, rest! thy warfare o'er,
Sleep the sleep that knows not breaking,
Dream of battle fields no more
Days of danger, nights of waking."

As often as the music has been heard, comparatively few know that in the second canto of *The Lady of the Lake* is found the song,

"Hail to the chief who in triumph advances."

In the twenty-second stanza of the second canto are these lines:

"Some feelings are to mortals given,
With less of earth in them than heaven
And if there be a human tear
From passion's dross refined and clear,
A tear so limpid and so meek,
It would not stain an angel's cheek,
'Tis that which pious fathers shed
Upon a duteous daughter's head."

No more refined and noble sent ment than that contained in tho four lines, was ever penned by unir spired man.

Study, for a moment, the followin picture from the second stanza of t third canto:

"The summer dawn's reflected hue
To purple changed Loch Katrine's blue
Mildly and soft the western breeze
Just kiss'd the lake, just stirr'd the trees,
And the pleased lake, like maiden coy,
Trembled but dimpled not for joy;
The mountain shadows on her breast
Were neither broken nor at rest;
In bright uncertainty they lie,
Like future joys to Fancy's eye."

In the sixth stanza of th canto, we have the prophecy of the hermit monk by which Rod so much influenced in his conte with Fitz-James:

"Which spills the foremost foem [illegible]"

The frequently quoted lines

"Come one, come all! this r[illegible]
From its firm base as soon as I."

Are in the tenth stanza canto.

In the twenty-second of the fifth canto it is [illegible]

[illegible]

And he then had

[illegible]

And said among other [illegible] that it would not soothe [illegible] hour"

[illegible]
For me, that orphans weep their sires
[illegible]
And curse the Douglass for the cause."

Here we have an example of riotism, of love of law and or which might be imitated with m advantage to society, by some of ambitious demagogues of the pre age.

Of the descriptive passages in poem none is more lively and ef ive than the description of the b of *Beal an Duine*, which begins the fifteenth stanza of the sixth ca It is too long to quote in full; h I will give only a few lines:

"As the dark caverns of the deep
Suck the wild whirlpool to [illegible]
So did the deep and darksome pass
Devour the battle's mingled mass;
None linger now upon the plain,
Save those who ne'er shall fight again."

"The battle's mangled mass" i expression that is full of mean but to none does it convey so n as to those who have been on field of battle.

"When on the weary night dawned wearier

Plain Prescription.

There is no form of Lung Di which cannot be cured by a tin resort to DR. KEYSER'S LUNG C Let it be understood that it strengthening and not a weake medicine, that in no case of di can it do harm.

It will purify and cleanse the b of all impurities.

It is simple and plain in its ciples of action, and it has res many a suffering invalid from jaws of death.

The mode of operation of KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is explained in Dr. Keyser's Tre on Chronic Lung Diseases, w will be sent free wherever it i dered.

Dr. Keyser examines all his cases before treatment with his I SOUND, the most perfect inst ever devised for auscultation lungs.

Price of LUNG CURE $1 50 the, or $7.50 per half dozen, to at the Doctor's store and medical office, 167 Liberty Pittsburgh.

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., April 10th, 1872.

IN our notice, last week, of the Democratic candidates for the Governorship of Pennsylvania, we omitted the name of Hon. Willam McClelland, the member of congress in this district. The Capt's friends, we learn, will present his name to the Democratic Convention, and taking into consideration the fact that several of the interior counties have already instructed for him, they are confident that that body will look favorably upon his claims.

JEWELL's plurality for Governor of Connecticut is 1,940; majority over all 30. The Senate stands 15 Republicans, 6 Democrats; the House stands 131 Republicans, 110 Democrats, Republican majority on joint ballot, 30, last year it was 24. The Republicans elect sheriffs in six counties, and the Democrats in two, Fairfield and Litchfield. The Hartford *Courant* gives the following vote for Governor Jewell, 46,386, Hubbard, 44,446; Gillette, 1,526; Harison, 384.

THE Evans investigating committee seems to understand the art of taking care of No. 1, and our Legislators at Harrisburg are not tardy in aiding them in so doing. When the appropriation bill was before the Senate, last week, it was found that a clause had been inserted allowing each member of the Evans investigating committee $500.00 extra. Mr. Billingfelt objected to this but it was carried despite his protest by the following vote:

YEAS—Anderson, Brooke, Buckalew, Crawford, Davis, Berks, Dechert, Delamater, D. H. Findlay, Graham, Humphreys, Mumma, Nagle, Purman, Randall, Strong, Rutan—16.

NAYS—Allen, Billingfelt, Broadhead, Davis, Philadelphia, Knight, Mesherry, Petriken, Waddell, Warfel, Weakley, White—11.

A TELEGRAM from Philadelphia, dtaed April 3rd. says Senator McClure, while not authorizing the statement that he will attend the Cincinnati Convention, commends it as one which every Republican can attend with consistency, and one that may become a supreme necessity to save the party from demoralization and defeat. He declared "the systematic ostracism of every independent Republican by those who seem to control the national administration, as a great source of discord in the party, and that he will encourage any meeting of Republicans that looks to the dethronement of the organization and such demonstration to the Philadelphia Convention as will compel it to act for the safety and success of the party, regardless of personal interest."

EARLY in the present session of the U. S. Senate rumors were prevalent damaging to the reputation of Senators Pomeroy and Caldwell, to the extent of having procured their seats in that body through corruption and bribery. They were instant in protecting their honor and official dignity by declaring that they should challenge and demand an immediate investigation into these insinuations. This was a wise and altogether proper course to pursue in the premises. Subsequently, the Kansas Legislature took the matter in hand and instituted an inquiry in regard to the means used to procure the election of those honorable Senators. Many witnesses were examined, and the fact established that members of the Legislature, which elected those Senators, were bought with sums of money to vote for them. The agents who paid the bribes and the members who received them are fully set forth in the report on that subject. The investigation was publicly conducted, and the testimony printed at large in the Kansas newspapers. Several weeks have passed by since the report of the Kansas Committee was made—sufficiently long to afford an opportunity to Messers Pomeroy and Caldwell, to ask the Senate for an investigation of the subject, and afford them an opportunity to prove the charges false and vindicate themselves, had they been so disposed—yet they have been silent. This warrants the belief that they are guilty, and unfit to hold seats in that honorable body. It is due to the dignity and purity of the Senate that the matter be enquired into, and the offending persons, if really guilty of the alleged bribery, expelled from that body. Can it be that their strong administration proclivities secure them immunity? This is charged; let it be refuted by immediate action. Men under such gross charges have not heretofore been tolerated in that august body without trial and acquittal!

THE delegation from Pennsylvania to the Cincinnati Convention comprises many of the most prominent Republicans in the State; men whose political records are without reproach who have stood as land-marks before the Republican party for years and, although not definitely settled, it is thought it will be headed by Gov. Geary. Such men as Moorhead, of Allegheny; Cake, of Schuylkill, Phelps and Barclay of Armstrong, Morris of Philadelphia, Russel of Bradford, McClure, Lowery, Brewster, will be of the number. Harding, of the *Inquirer*; Lewis, of the *Huntingdon Globe*; Judge Williston of Bedford, Scranton of Luzerne, Joseph M. McClure of Dauphin, Col. Simpson and Slifer of Union, Elder of Mifflin, Pettis of Crawford, and many others, it is also said will attend that Convention of Republicans. While the list of delegates of New York present strong and leading men as delegates, Pennsylvania is no whit behind. So of the other States, it may be said they are sending their most prominent Statesmen and citizens as delegates. Let what may be said, it will be a convening of Republican talent and patriotism not to be despised nor ignored. Ex-Governor Curtin, it is confidently expected, will sympathize with the doings of the meeting. The result of its deliberations will be looked for with interest. They may have an important bearing upon the Philadelphia Convention.

PROFESSOR HENRY and the other scientific men connected with the Smithsonian Institute and the Naval Observatary have united in an interesting memorial to Congress, urging the appropriation of $150,000 to make an extensive and thorough preparation for observing the transit of Venus across the the sun, which will take place in 1874, and is looked upon as the most important astronomical event that has occurred for many years. The last transit was in 1872, and excited so much interest in the scientific world that several European Governments made liberal appropriations to enable their astronomers to take observations. The transit of 1874 will not be visible in this country, and will be best seen from the islands of the South Pacific ocean. It is proposed to send naval expeditions to those points, accompanied by scientific parties.

IN the New York *Tribune* of April 5th may be found a lecture on Journalism delivered by Whitelaw Reid, which would well pay perusal. In his criticism on Arthur Help's new volume of "Thoughts upon Government" he utters words that deserve the profoundest attention of any young man proposing to himself a future in newspapers:

> "If any part of the Press," he says, "enters into close alliance with any great political party, that part of the Press loses much of its influence; for the public desires the Press to represent its views and wishes, and does not delight in manifest advocacy on behalf of political parties. Then comes the question, what should be the relations between the Press and the Government. Before all things, these relations should not be slavish on either side. They should, if possible, be friendly, and at any rate should be just."

There at last we have it—independent Journalism;—that is the watchword of the future in the profession and an end of concealments because the truth would hurt the party. An end of one-sided expositions, because damaging things must be allowed only against our antagonists. An end of assaults that are not deemed fully just, but must be made because the exigency of party warfare demands them. An end of slanders that are known to be such, but must not be exploded because it would hurt the party. An end of hesitation to print the news in a newspaper, because it may hurt the party. An end of all half-truths and hesitated lies. An end of public contempt for the voice that barks only approval to Sir Oracle, and through all the busy marts of trade and amusement, and learning, and religion, keeps ever barking only this:

"I am his highness' dog at Kew.
Pray tell me, sir, whose dog are you?"

An end, as Emerson taught the happy phrase, at once of official and officinal Journalism—that is the boon which to every perplexed, conscientious member of the profession a new Declaration of Independence affords. Under it journalism expands in a balanced and unfettered development; ceases to be one-sided in its views, and to be distrusted even in its facts; becomes the master, not the tool of party; tells the whole truth, commands the general confidence; ceases to be the advocate, and rises to be the judge.

THE Committee on Public Lands reported a bill, on last Wednesday to be considered in the House Tuesday (yesterday) which we conceive to be one of the most importance to this country of any presented during the session of Congress. Especially so, since the practice of donating public lands to Railroad corporations has become alarmingly prevalent. The bill provides that all arable lands of the United States shall be reserved for actual settlers, but does not prohibit the granting of limited quantities for educational purposes or for internal improvements. The pre-emption laws are entirely repealed by the bill, and it is provided that persons making a *bona fide* settlement on the public lands, under Homestead laws, shall acquire a vested right of property in their claims, which can only be forfeited by their failure to comply with the conditions of the law. There is a sensible provision repealing the clause of the Homestead law which shuts out persons who gave aid and comfort to the Rebellion from the privileges of settlement.

PROF. MORSE, the great Telegraphist and Atlantic Cable man, died on Tuesday evening 2nd. inst. at his residence in New York. He was born in Charlestown, Mass., educated at Yale College, studied painting and sculpture in Europe, in which he became quite a proficient. While absent in Europe he was elected to the professorship of the literature of the arts and design in the University of New York. In 1835 he completed the construction of the first recording apparatus for electric telegraphing. In 1843 Congress passed a bill making an appropriation for the construction of the first telegraph line from Baltimore to Washington. In May 1844, the work was completed, a message sent, and Morse's system of telegraphing proved by its success. Almost every nation in the world has since sought to do him honor by conferring on him medals and orders of merit, including an honorarium of 400,000 francs by the combined nations of Europe as a testimonial of the high estimation in which his invention was held. He died at the age of 81 years.

GENERAL Walker, Superintendent of the Census, has issued the Statistics of Wealth, Taxation and Public Indebtedness, forming part of the census of 1870. The true value of the real and personal estate of the Union is $30,068,518,507, being nearly double the amount in 1860, when it was $16,159,616,068. The true value of the real and personal estate of New York is $6,500,841,264; in 1860 it was $1,843,338,517. New York greatly exceeds in wealth all other States; Pennsylvania, the next highest, being $5,808,318,112. Pennsylvania has more than doubled her wealth since 1860, when it was $1,416,501,818. The increase in the wealth of the Union between 1850 and 1860 was, in round numbers, $9,000,000,000, in the last decade it was nearly 14,000,000,000; and this is, of course, exclusive of any estimated sum for colored citizens who were treated as chattels in the former census. These figures clearly demonstrate that the material progress of the country during the last ten years was extraordinary and unparalleled.

IT will be but a short time now until the political waters will be set in motion. From present appearances there will be only two national tickets in the field, viz, the one to be nominated at Cincinnati on the 1st of May, and the second one at Philadelphia on the 5th of June. It is probable that Judge Davis of the United States Supreme Court, and ex-Governor Curtin of Pennsylvania will be nominated at the first named place, and President Grant and Vice President Colfax renominated at the latter. Should these gentlemen compose the two tickets, the political muddle will be unfathomable for a while to a large number of well-meaning voters. Under these circumstances we advise everybody to keep cool, read the political literature of the day closely, and watch the course of events between now and the gathering of the clans in May and June. There is no denying the fact that a good many Republicans of western Pennsylvania have turned their eyes in the direction of Cincinnati, and like Greely and his Tribune will extend to the convention to assemble there in May their sympathy, and its nominees their support.

HERE AND THERE.

—A member of the Reformed Presbyterian Church who was summoned as a petit juror, asked to be excused on the ground that it was against the doctrine of his church to co-operate with the Government, as it does not acknowledge God as the author of national existance. Judge Blatchford excused the juror.

—Professor Watson, the astronomical detective, claims to have discovered another planet. We do not know how many planets and asteroids he has already discovered, but quite enough to convince all sensible celestial bodies that there is no use in hiding any longer as he traces them up and is sure to find them.

The widow of Meritt, the man who was shot by the insane American, Dr. Miner, in the streets of London, has received more than $5,000 in subscritpions from sympythisers. This we presume, may be regarded as one good, resulting from the recent indignation excited in England against America on the Alabama question.

—Small-pox must be getting very bad in Chicago. The newspapers get so enraged when it is mentioned.—When the present epidemic of small-pox in Philadelphia was at its worst, the journals of that city would immolate at once any man who dared to say any Philadelphian had even a dictionary containing the word small-pox.

—The calamity at the Lackawana breaker at Carbondal, Monday, by the breaking of a plane, has resulted in the death of a boy named John Palmer, Weighmaster Dwight Morse and John Clarke. James McLaughlin, when he felt the strucure giving way, jumped over the side and lande over a hundred feet distant in a pile of coal dirt, without receiving any injury.

—"The Spirits" in Corrinna, Me., have told a man that there is a mine of quick silver under his house. Accordingly, with pickax and drill he is digging for it, and so he has been for two years, so industriously that he has entered the bowels of the land to the depth of sixty feet. Some argue with him on the folly and waste their wind; some laugh at him; but still he digs and digs, poor fellow! What a pity it is that the earth is not so constructed as to make such folly impossible—we mean, of course, that portion of the earth owned by the Maine maniac.

—The latest suggestion respecting Dr. Livingstone is, that he is imprisoned in Africa for debt. The natives are bountiful providers, but extremely exacting when pay-day comes; and, having exhausted the explorer's purse, have now taking possession of his person. The theory is ingenious, and we suspect the good doctor will be released, and come back in the same boat with good King Arthur, of *Round Table* fame, though hardly in season for the present poet laureate to celebrate so wonderful an event in his limpid, mellifluous verse.

—An important discovery which is somewhat interesting has been made at Jerusalem, by a Mr. C. Schick, of the rock excavated pool or subway partly under the Convent of the Sister of Sion, together with Warren's passage and the newly found aqueduct, which were part of the ancient system of obtaining water from the north. Mr. Schick has also discovered a second series of caverns a little east of these previously known, and has made a sketch of the great aqueduct, more than fifty miles long, which formerly supplied Jerusalem with water.

—An irrepressible Indianapolis critic, who has been listening to Anna Dickinson, says she is rapidly developing masculine ways, which, unfortunately, are not manly, but only man-ish. He says the very lines of her face were inflexible and cold. One could not recognize in the hard jaw, restless eye, and pallid face, the attractive little girl that took the world by storm a few short years ago. She spoke of men growing old at 50, yet under 30 years of age she looks 45, and is as settled in her form, manners, and opinions as if she was as old as Sarah, the wife of Abraham."

—An English fleet of iron-clads is to be stationed at the Azores to await the result of the Alabama treaty. We do not suppose that John Bull can be quite so foolish as to imagine that he can thus *Bully* the great Yankee nation into a backdown on the Alabama question, although it looks that way. Americans are open to conviction always, but not from iron-clad arguments. The only way to meet that sort of talk is by sending a fleet of torpedo boats out to the Azores to give the officers a rest after their recent successful experiments.

—In the Cabinet meeting Earl Granville's letter in reply to Secretary Fish was read. The paticulars of the letter cannot be ascertained. It is known, however, from a reliable source that the letter from Earl Granville is in the character of an elaborate argument against the claims of the United States for indirect damages. Our Government will adhere to its position of submitting its entire case, claims for indirect or consequential damages included, with a willingness to abide by the decision of those designated by the treaty to effect an adjustment of the difference between the two countries.

—We do not know when we have read a more comfortable or less agitating prediction than this: Alphonse Adhemar declares that the earth is covered by a deluge once in ten thousand five hundred years. He reasons it out in a way which forcibly impresses us, albeit we do not in the least comprehend it. All we know is that a gigantic polar glacier, by its disruption, overwhelms a hemisphere;" and to make matters complete, the world is simultaneously overwhelmed at each end. But, as this is not to happen until A. D. 7253, we find it impossible to get up the least excitement on the subject.

Forty-Second Congress.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE April 1.—The Joint committee resolution to erect a colossal statue to Admiral Farragut was adopted. The case of Abbot who claims the seat from North Carolina, was postponed on account of sickness in the family of Mr. Carpenter who desired to take part in the debate. A bill was introduced authorizing sales of timber on Government lands in Wisconsin. A resolution was offered directing the Secretary of War to make a report concerning the operation of the eight-hour law in the armory at Springfield as compared with the former system of ten hours; it was moved to include the Rock Island armory; the amendment was accepted, and the resolution adopted. The Indian appropriation was taken up and debated, but the Senate adjourned without action.

HOUSE.—A petition for 4,000 Californians was presented, praying for the passage of a sixteenth amendment, giving suffrage without distinction of sex. The civil rights bill again came up, but action on it was prevented by dilatory motions, which consumed the remainder of the morning hour. Mr. Mercur moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill repealing all laws giving portions of fines and penalties to informers in internal revenue cases, which was agreed to and the bill passed. Adjourned.

SENATE, April 2.—Nothing of intereset occurred.

HOUSE.—A bill was passed making it unlawful for any Register or Receiver or surveyor of Public Lands, his wife or clerk, to locate or purchase any tract of public land, or act as agent for the purchase of real estate, or for the location of lands for any person. A resolution was reported and adopted denying the right of the Senate to originate a new tariff bill, and moved to lay that bill on the table. The House then considered the steamboat bill for some time, but without disposing of it, adjourned.

SENATE, April 3.—Both Houses adjourned without transacting any business of importance.

SENATE, April 4.—The Committee on commerce reported a bill for ship-building. It provides for the payment of a drawback equal to the duty on timber, metals and all other materials used in the construction and equipment of vessels of all kinds, built in the United States and employed exclusively in the trade with foreign countries; and in case American material is used in building such vessels the Secretary of the Treasury is to pay a bounty equivalent to the duties imposed on similar material or articles of foreign manufacture when imported. Executive session; adjourned.

HOUSE.—Resolutions of condolement on the death of Prof. Morse were adopted. The steamboat bill was then passed.

SENATE, April 5.—The House bill for the relief of settlers on public lands in Iowa under the homestead act, was passed. The Indian appropriation bill also passed. Adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.—A bill passed authorizing joint entry by pre-emption settlers. The bill to pay the sailors & marines who destroyed the Alabama their prize money passed. The army appropriation bill was amended and passed.

From the New York Tribune.

The Cameronian Clan; How the Spoils are Distributed—Incidental Expenses of the Pennsylvania Legislature.

HARRISBURG, March 28.—The Republican party in this State, polling a vote of 300,000, is under control of a faction that cannot count 2500 votes. The secret of this domination is in the fact that this faction—called Cameronian—is directed by shrewd, experienced, unscrupulous politicians, and held together by interest in public patronage, a monopoly of which both State patronage and national patronage, they have long commanded. Nearly every man in the Cameronian clan is an office-holder and nearly every office holder in the State is a Cameronian; and all who are not in office are interested in public works, contracts, or jobs of some kind. The interests of the General Government are not so large here as in New York, but are yet sufficient to dictate party movements of the Administration, and any opposition to such dictation must be made outside the party lines—as in the case of Col. McClure, the new State Senator from Philadelphia.

What toll can be taken by proper handling of the business of the State may be shown by a few figures as to the cost of running the Legislature last year. The item of public printing, for instance amounted to $179,783 52; engraving, $982; books $2,392 50; pasters and folders $22,032 55, wrappers, 1,455, freight and charges, $3,450 Select Committee, $1,053, making a total outlay on this account of $211,145 57—more than enough to pay the interest on the State debt, and more than half the sum appropriated by this Legislature to public schools. Stationary is another item of the same character though the amounts are smaller. The regular stationery bills for the House and Senate amount to $23,151 91. Besides these bills the members were paid $69,743 75 for extra pay, stationery, etc. and the clerks of the two bodies paid $7,803 64 for stationery, fuel, etc., making a contingent expense of $77,-512 39. If only one-quarter of this was for stationery, the whole outlay on this account was $42,537 53. As there are 133 members this would give each one $322 25 in pens, ink, and paper of which an industrious man might use $20 worth. Every department of the Government being supplied in the same liberal manner, the State contracts for stationery must be well worth having. Mr. Geo. Bergner, Chairman of the County Republican Committee, is the immediate beneficiary. Such an amount of stationery requires a corresponding outlay for postage, and accordingly the charges for postage amount to $13,394 20, which sum also passes through Mr. Bergner's hands. These figures are not enormous, and the State does not suffer very heavily, but the showing is significant as indicating the system by which the public is made to furnish the means for continuing the Cameron rule. This system is supplemented by a rigorous taxation of places, every office in the Commonwealth having to bear its apportioned burden. And this is not only for election expenses but for whatever purpose the clan may have to carry out. The power of such organization, working smoothly for years under one able leader, can hardly be overestimated. Opposition, rarely undertaken, has been either quieted or crushed. It was this which excited such general interest in the gallant fight made by Col. McClure in the IVth Senatorial District in Philadelphia. And the hearty satisfaction in his final triumph is expressed by one formula on every hand: "It is the worst blow the Cameronians ever received!"

☞ The act which enables defendants in certain criminal cases to testify in their own behalf, has been signed by the Governor. It provides that in the trial of all indictments complaints and other proceedings against persons charged with the commission of crimes or offenses not above the grade of misdemeanor, in any court of record, of criminal jurisdiction, the person so charged shall, at his own request, but not otherwise, be deemed a competent witness, but his neglect or refusal to testify shall not create any presumption against him, nor shall any reference be made to, nor shall any comment be made upon such neglect or refusal by counsel during the trial of the cause; *provided* that this act shall not extend to the trial of any person for an indictment for perjury or forgery.

Shocking Catastrophe at Gibraltar—Loss of Eleven Lives—A Series of Calamities.

A terrible catastrophe occurred on the morning of the 8th instant, on board the British screw-frigate, Ariadne, which resulted in the death, by drowning, of two sub-lieutenants and nine seamen belonging to that ship. It appears that morning an ordinary seaman named Felix Richardson, fell overboard from the main-top, mast cross-trees; the ship was going at the rate of ten knots at the time. The second cutter, in charge of Sub-Lieutenants Jukes and Talbot, and with a crew of eleven men, was at once dispatched, and the vessel was brought to the wind on the starboard tack; she, however, drifted considerably to leeward and so lost sight of the boat. At half-past eight as a heavy sea was running and there was no sign of the return of the boat, all on board began to feal uneasy: steam was got up and the Ariadne went in search, sighting the missing cutter about ten o'clock, pulling before the wind and sea. When within about three hundred yards of the boat, the anxious watchers saw the crew attempt to steer for the ship, when suddenly a heavy sea struck her, and she capsized and was swamped immediately. The heavy sea prevented the Ariadne, a very long ship from being steered close to the struggling men, and the first cutter was accordingly manned. To the horror of every one this boat, as she was being lowered, stove in, the officers and men being precipitated into the water. Two officers and eleven men were struggling in the water alongside the ship, and a similar number some hundred yards off. No other boat was available, and life-belts, gratings, ropes, and, in fact, everything that could be got hold of, were thrown to those near the ship, and they were all fortunately rescued, except the man who was killed by getting under the ship's counter. Attention, which had been temporarily diverted was now again turned to the unfortunate officers and men of the other boat, who were one by one seen to be swept exhausted into the sea, until only five were left. The Ariadne was then backed stern full speed, and brought within reach of the survivors, three of whom were taken off the cutter, and one swam to the ship from a spar to which he had clung. And now came the most heartrending scene of all. The fifth and last survivor had managed to float alongside, his hand had grasped the beat-falls, his safety seemed in all human probability asured, when nature, so long and so severely tried, could hold out no longer—his strength failed him and he fell back into the sea. Not yet however was he given up by his gallant comrades. Mr. Ellis, boatswain, and one of those who have lived to tell the tale of the illfated captain, sprang into the water and swam to the assistance of the drowning man. He succeeded in getting hold of him, and had brought him alongside, when he Mr. Ellis was struck by a bolt on the side of the ship, which was rolling dreadfully, and partially stunned, he was obliged to let go his hold in order to save his own life, and the sailor perished. In all eleven men were lost.

From the Lawrence Journal.

Danger to the Success of the Republican party in Pennsylvania likely to result from Ring Management.

The State Executive Committee have undertaken to clothe a simple majority 67 of the delegates who are to meet on the 10th inst., to make State nominations, with power at the same time to cast the entire Republican vote of Pennsylvania for President and Vice President. This is the precise scope of the authority, which the Committee *assumes* to give to *sixty-seven* individuals, chosen by, say a dozen of men in each county, to ratify the action of *their master*, who for the present, are working the interior machinery of the party. Whatever opinions the Republicans of the several districts may entertain on the subject, the State Convention is to declare them enthusiastically in favor of the candidates in whose favor it may pronounce, as well as of the delegates whom it may select to vote for them. This will present the exhilerating spectacle of Pennsylvania presenting an unbroken front in the National Convention, and voting as a unit at the dictation, it may be, of *sixty-seven* men in the State Convention. The views of the party throughout the State being thus definitely settled, and delegates chosen to whom the representation of those views may *safely* be confined, the State Convention, by a simple majority, is to make assurance doubly sure by the appointment of a *suitable* electoral ticket.

Should the candidates of the State Convention be also the candidates of the National Convention, it only remains for the Republicans of the State to deposit their ballots for these electors, and for the latter to record their votes for those candidates. Should the National Convention nominate other candidates, it still remains only for the rank and file of the party to cast their ballots for the same electors, and then for these electors to decide whether they will vote for the candidates of the National Convention or the candidates of the State Convention. What they would do in such a case need not be discussed now, but it will not require a very brilliant mind to conceive of circumstances under which it would become a matter, by no means free from doubt. That a State Committee has rightful authority to empower a State Convention, in any way to limit the people of the several Congressional districts in their right and freedom to choose the persons who shall represent their views in the National Convention, is a doctrine which has no proper basis in either necessity, reason or established usage, and which we condemn and utterly repudiate as anti-Republican and subversive of the just rights of the people. If their rights can be thus restricted, they may be subjected to further limitations, or denied altogether. The National Convention does not represent the State Conventions, but the people, and the selection of the delegates to both is the people's inalienable right. Their choice of delegates to the National Convention needs no confirmation by the delegates to the State Convention. And as Republicans, we insist that every attempt to take power from the hands of the people, is a usurpation, which must be promptly and steadily resisted if we would preserve the unity and strength of the Republican party.

To all this the Republicans who are managing the *machinery* of the party, and are intent upon securing offices and spoils, are totally blind. They are so much more intimate with office-holders, and place-bribed editors than with unbiased and thoughtful citizens, that they do not appear apprised of the danger to which they are exposing the party to defeat at the elections in this State next fall!

Let us inform them that there is a large body of voters holding the balance of power in the State, whose course in the next election, is not yet determined, and who, in their discontent, with the present drift of the political management in Pennsylvania, are not in a mood to be conciliated by being told that the matter is all arranged, and that they will be compelled to vote for the predetermined, or "set up" candidates.

They do not under such compulsion, and notwithstanding the strong hold which President Grant has upon the confidence of the people he may be unable to *drag through* all the objectionable place-seekers who may get a place on local tickets. The school master has been abroad for some time in the old Keystone, and professional politicians will find out perhaps not till after they have broken down the Republican party that they must consult the people if they would get their confidence and their suffrages.

ORTHOGRAPHY.

BY G. L. E.

If we examine the sounds represented by the consonants, we shall find that some of them can not be prolonged, and that they escape with the breath instantly. These are *p*, *b*, *k*, *d*, *t*, and *g*, as in gin, and represent a class of sounds called *explosives*. The sounds represented by *f*, *l*, *m*, *n*, *r*, *ng*, *sh*, *z*, *s*, and *v* can be prolonged, and are, therefore, called continuous sounds. Again, there are what are called *cognate* consonant sounds or elements. These sounds differ principally in the *material* of which they are made. They are produced by the same organs, but one has some vocality while the other is only breath. To make this more clear, I give below a table of the cognate elements so arranged that they stand in pairs:

1. That of p in pin, is an aspirate.
2. That of b in bin, is a subvocal.
3. That of f in fan, is an aspirate.
4. That of v in van, is a subvocal.
5. That of th in thin, is an aspirate.
6. That of th in thine, is a subvocal.
7. That of t in tin, is an aspirate.
8. That of d in din, is a subvocal.
9. That of k in kin, is an aspirate.
10. That of g in gun, is a subvocal.
11. That of s in seal, is an aspirate.
12. That of z in zeal, is a subvocal.
13. That of sh in ship, is an aspirate.
14. That of z in azure, is a subvocal.

It will be observed that the vocal organs are in nearly the same position in making the sound of *p* that they are in making the sound of *b*, the same in *f* as in *v*, in *d* as in *t*, and so on. Some of these cognate elements are confounded by some races, especially those represented by *b* and *p* and *t*, and *d*. They are, also, confounded by some Europeans in their first attempts to speak English. For pull they say *bull*, for dam they say *tam*, and the reverse.

The elements are also classified with regard to the organs with which they are uttered, or formed; and (1) *b*, *p*, *f* and *v* are called labials, because they are formed with the lips; (2) *m*, *n* and *ng* are called nasals, because they are formed in the apertures of the nose; (3) *d*, *t*, *s*, *z*, *th*, *sh* and *z* in azure are called Dentals, because they are formed with the teeth; and (4) *k*, *g*, *l* and *r* are called gutturals because they are formed in the throat.

Some of these seem to belong in a degree to two classes, for instance, *m* is labial, as well as nasal. It will be observed, too, that the labial sound of *b*, the dental of *d*, and the guttural of *g* each has a slight nasal quality.

In relation to the sounds represented by *ch* and *j*, as in joke, I will state that some authors claim that they are compound elements, and that *ch* is equal to *t* plus *sh*, and that *j* is equal to *d* plus *zh*.

It is a somewhat curious fact and to some perhaps a novel fact, that it is impossible to pronounce an aspirate and a subvocal in the same syllable. If we attempt to pronounce such a combination we shall find that either the aspirate will become a subvocal, or the subvocal will become an aspirate. For example, it is not at all difficult to pronounce difficult, but when we try to pronounce [illegible], we notice that, [illegible], we must either change the *t* to *d*, or the *d* to *t*. So, too, in an attempt to pronounce such a combination as [illegible], we find that it becomes either [illegible]; *apd* becomes either *apt* or *abd*, and *ags* becomes either *agz* or *aks*.

Latham, in his English Grammar, says that "there is no fact that requires to be more familiarly known than this. There are at least three formations in the English language, [illegible], where its influence is most important. These are 1. the possessive cases [illegible]; 2. the plurals in [illegible]; 3. the preterits in *d* and *t*." Neither are there [illegible] facts more disguised than this in English. The *s* in the word [illegible] is sharp and *g* is flat, hence the word is pronounced as if spelled [illegible]. [illegible] attempt to pronounce it so as to give the sound that it has in sin, [illegible].

Again, in such words as [illegible], *rocked*, *cocked*, [illegible], etc., the [illegible] the pronunciation, hence the [illegible], *lost*, *sought*, *tookt*, [illegible] spoken language. It will be observed, too, that *words*, *tools*, *cubs*, and all other words of like termination are [illegible] pronounced as if spelled [illegible]. We can not pronounce [illegible] as it is written; we must change the [illegible] the *t* to *d*, or the *d* to *t*, before we can utter it.

In the Anglo-Saxon tongue, such words as [illegible] and others formed their nominative plural in *es*, and the possessive in *es*, and the past tense of the verbs [illegible] in *ed* or *et*, and with these terminations were pronounced in two syllables as thing-es, flood-es, cross-*ed*, toss-*ed*, rock-*ed*, etc. So long as the vowel kept its place the aspirate and subvocal were kept apart in separate syllables, but when it was dropped in the pronunciation, the consonants came in contact, and this reduced a change on one side or the other to a matter of absolute necessity.

Liquid and vowel sounds, though vocal [illegible], will combine with aspirated or sharp [illegible]. If this were not the case, [illegible] could not be pronounced. Such combinations [illegible] Latham calls the impossible combinations, and the principle [illegible] explained, the Law of [illegible].

It has been discovered, I doubt not, by [illegible] who has given the subject much thought, that this law fully explains why [illegible], I am bound to [illegible], [illegible] taught and brought, are sound. I have never seen it [illegible] in any work on orthoepy with which I am acquainted, but I am [illegible] that it is sufficient to explain this point.

There is of necessity a limit to the number of consonantal elements that can be brought together in one syllable. In the word [illegible] we have an example of as great a number of consonants as can be pronounced in one syllable, as can be found in the English language. [illegible] says that the possible number may be somewhat greater than in the example cited, but I regard it as extremely doubtful.

As an example of the changes which have occurred in the orthography of our language within three hundred years, I give the 27th verse of the 7th chapter of Matthew as it was spelled in Wycliffe's and in Tyndale's translation of the Bible, and, also, in Anglo Saxon.

Anglo-Saxon.—[illegible] rinde [illegible], and thaer com [illegible], and bleowon windas, and ahruron on thaet hus; and thaet hus feoll, and hys hryre was mycel.

Wycliffe.—And Reyn came doun and flodis camen, and wyndis blewen, and thei hurliden in to that hous; and it felle doun; and the [illegible] of it was grete.

Tyndale.—And aboundaunce of rayne descended, and the fluddes came, and the wyndes blewe and bett upon that housse and it fell, and great was the fall of it.

Wycliffe lived in the fourteenth century; he died in 1385. Tyndale lived in the latter part of the fifteenth, and the beginning of the sixteenth centuries; his translation of the New Testament was first published in 1525, and it is really the foundation of King James' translation—our authorized version—which appeared in 1611. Coverdale's translation of the Bible appeared about the same time that the Authorized Version did, and his translation of the Psalms is still retained in the Book of Common Prayer now used by the English Church and the Episcopal Church in the United States.

I presume some of our modern grammarians hold Coverdale's knowledge of English in the same estimation that they hold that of his contemporary, Shakespeare; for he renders the eleventh verse of the [illegible] Psalm in this wise: "I had rather be a door-keeper in the house of my God, than to dwell in the tents of ungodliness." But I have wandered from my text, and must close with a notice of errata.

In my former paper the compositor made a few mistakes which the proof-reader overlooked. He put an *s* in [illegible], and made me say "in the syllable [illegible]" instead of [illegible], and he made me spell the pronunciation of [illegible] with two g's instead of [illegible]. It is quite a novelty, yet it seems that mistakes will happen sometimes even in a place so very well regulated as a printing office.

LOUISVILLE, April 7. Last Tuesday Jones Temple, a farmer of McCracken county, Ky., formerly Rector of the Episcopal church, shot a negro named J. Smith, aged about twenty years, putting thirteen buckshot in his back. The negro ran about one hundred yards and fell when Temple went up to him, put the muzzle of the gun to his head, and discharged the other barrel and blew his brains out. Temple was arrested and tried at Paducah on Friday and Saturday. The evidence showed that Smith had been employed at Temple's house and while kindling fires in his daughter's room, he used some insulting language to them, and afterwards boasted around of having had criminal connection with them. This being told to Temple who was nearly deaf, of a very nervous and excitable temperament, long almost a recluse, and coming suddenly upon Smith, shot him in an ungovernable impulse. He was held in five thousand dollars bail to answer in the Circuit Court.

New Advertisements.

STAR BASKETS.
THE BEST BASKETS in the Market, FOR FARMERS, GARDENERS GROCERS AND FAMILY USE.
SEND FOR DESCRIPTION LIST.
Address—
RANDAL KENT, Jr.
Star Basket Works, Pittsburgh, Pa.
apr10;3m

MORRIS MORGANSTERN. NATHAN MORGANSTERN.
MORGANSTERN & CO.
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS IN
TRIMMINGS, FANCY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
Foreign & Domestic Hosiery
WHITE GOODS, &C.
78 and 80 Market Street,
apr10 3m] PITTSBURGH, PA.

THE LEADING
Notion & Millinery House.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
75, 77, and 79 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH,
are now prepared to exhibit to the trade the Largest Selection to be had, East or West, in
Hosiery, Gloves, Embroideries, Laces, Lace Goods, White Goods, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hair Goods, Hair Nets, Notions, and Small Wares.
Also, extended Lines
MILLINERY GOODS
Hats, Bonnets, Flowers,
Ribbons, Corded Satins, Silks, Velvets,
Crapes, &c., of our own importation, at lowest ruling prices. WHOLESALE ONLY. A call solicited. Orders promptly filled.
Retail Stores, 197 and 199 Penn Avenue
apr10-3m

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!
Beautiful designs in highly finished Satin paper.
The largest assortment of Gilt and Stamped
Gold Paper, ever opened in the city.
Dining Room Paper Plain & Paneled.
Chamber and Kitchen Papers all new in Design.
The largest and cheapest Wall Paper House in the West
DE ZOUCHE & CO.
110 *Wood St., Pittsburgh.*
Liberal Rates to Dealers. [apr10-3m

BOGGS & BUHL.
128 Federal Street,
LARGE STOCK
Spring Dress Goods,
AT POPULAR PRICES.
New Gray Mixed Poplins for suits at 12½
Japanese Stripes at 20 and 25 cents.
JAPANESE SILKS from 45 to 75 cents.
Most handsome Styles and best quality for the price to be found in this market.
ELEGANT DISPLAY OF
Shawls & Scarfs.
STRIPE SPRING SHAWLS
In choice Styles from 100 up the choicest Ottomans.
An Extra Bargain.
24 inch Black Gros Grain Silk at $1 75
This Silk upon examination, recommends itself.
Special Prices to Farmers and others, buying Cottonades, Jeans, Checks, &c., in quantities. BOGGS & BUHL,
128 Federal St., Allegheny City.
Apr10, 72;3y

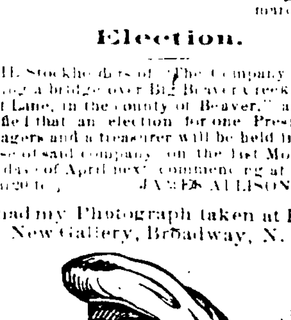
Miscellaneous.

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 *and* 174 *Federal Street,*
ALLEGHENY.
Respectfully announce to their numerous customers, and buyers of Dry Goods generally, that they are now receiving, and are daily opening, their usual large and elegant assortment of Spring Goods; and that their capacious salesrooms are now filled with all the choicest novelties of the season, embracing many new styles and fabrics never before offered in this market. Special attention is requested to the stock of Black Alpacas, Silks, medium and low priced Dress Goods, House-keeping Goods, and Shawls.
Having the handsomest and best lighted Store Room in the two cities, and keeping nothing but the best makes of goods, and guaranteeing our prices to be as low as the lowest, we are satisfied that we can make it to the interest of purchasers to look through our stock before making their spring purchases. To close buyers at wholesale, we can offer some special inducements; we carry one of the largest stocks of goods in this market, comprising many things in Shawls and medium priced Dress Goods, not kept in regular wholesale houses. We guarantee our prices as low as any New York or Philadelphia quotations, and only ask an examination to convince buyers that we can do them good.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 & 174 *Federal St., Allegheny City, Pa.*
nov 29 ly chd feb7 feb28, mar27

PICKERSGILL, LYONS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
LOOKING GLASSES.
Fine Mantel and Pier Looking Glasses and Picture Frames a Specialty.
111 Wood St., Pittsburgh Pa.
mar6m20,3m

Election.
THE Stockholders of "The Company for erecting a bridge over Big Beaver creek at or near Wolf Lane, in the county of Beaver," are hereby notified that an election for one President, six managers and a treasurer will be held in the Toll House of said company on the 1st Monday (the 29th day of April next) commencing at 10 a. m.
mar20 td JAMES ALLISON, Treas

"I had my Photograph taken at H. Noss' New Gallery, Broadway, N. B."



"I'm sorry I paid it."
[mar20tf.]

NOTICE to CONTRACTORS.
Sealed Proposals
Will be rec'd by the Secretary of Chippewa School Dist. till **Saturday April 13th,** at 1 o'clock, p. m., for the building of four new School Houses in Sub-districts Nos. 2, 3, 4 & 5, in said township; and two outhouses convenient to each house.—Material, brick, to be finished and furnished by the builder according to plans and specifications shown by the Secretary of the Board.
The School Board will meet at No. 5 (old brick house near John Braden's) to consider bids.
N. B. At 3 o'clock, p. m., of same day, the Directors will sell the old School-houses in Nos. 2, 3, 4 & 5, at public auction, to the highest and best bidders. By order of the Board.
mr27;3w] JOHN McCARTER, Sec'y.
Radical, Conservative, and Press copy.

Miscellaneous.

LOOK HERE.
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.—The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he has just received a new stock of goods of the latest styles for Spring and Summer wear, which he offers at very moderat rates.
GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS,
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
Clothing made to order on the shortest notice. Thankful to the public for past favors, I hope by close attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.
DANIEL MILLER, *PA.*
BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER.
mar 24;tf

THE
DOMESTIC

SEWING MACHINE.
The Best for All Purposes,
More easily managed, more durable, and runs lighter than any Machine in the market; easily cleaned and kept in order; large bobbins, holds twice as much thread as any other shuttle. Lock-Stitch, alike on both sides; self-adjusting tension.
Justly Popular.
From the first the "DOMESTIC" has rapidly increased in popularity, until today, in the opinion of all experienced Sewing Machine men, it stands forth
UNRIVALLED!
It is gaining favor much faster than any other Machine heretofore presented to the public, which can be seen from its increased sales last year over the preceding, being
OVER FIVE HUNDRED PER CENT.
No Machine is increasing its sales and gaining public favor as rapidly as the
"DOMESTIC."
THIS IS IN CONSEQUENCE OF ITS
SUPERIORITY
WM. ROBERTSON, Agent,
Beaver Falls, Pa. Call and examine the machine Feb. 21; 3m.

ADMINS'R'S. NOTICE.—Estate of George W. Park, jr., late of Beaver county, Pa. deceased. Letters of Administration upon the estate of Geo. W. Park, Jr., late of Beaver county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same to present them without delay to
LUKE B. DAVISON, Adm'r.,
mr27;6t Wilkensburg P. O., Allegheny Co., Pa.

Administrator's Sale
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
BY Virtue of a decree of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Hannah Marsden, deceased, will, on WEDNESDAY the 17th day of April, 1872, on the premises at Glasgow in said county, sell at public sale the following described real estate, viz: One third part of lot No. 19 in the plan of said borough of Glasgow, on which is erected a large two-story brick-house containing 10 rooms, a frame stable and other out-buildings. There is a superb cellar under the entire house, and an excellent well of water on the premises. Terms, one-half of the purchase money down and the balance in one year, with approved security. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, p. m. J. B. COLVIG, Adm'r
mr27;3w

James H. Rankin,
DEALER IN
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CUTTLERY, PLATED WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
Japannese and Plain Fine Ware,
WITH EVERYTHING NECESSARY FOR
HOUSEKEEPERS.
Call and see our stock and learn our prices.
No. 6th St., (Late St. Clair St.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
nov1 1y

HOLLOWAYS
PILLS AND OINTMENT.
TRADE MARK.
EVERY MAN HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.
CAUTION.
THE immense demand for HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT, has tempted unprincipled parties to counterfeit these valuable medicines.
In order to protect the public and ourselves, we have issued a new "Trade Mark," consisting of an Egyptian circle of a serpent, with the letter H in the centre. Every box of genuine HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT will have this trade mark on it, none are genuine without it.
N. Y. CHEMICAL Co., Sole Proprietors,
mr20 72;1y 78 Maiden Lane, New York.

SHARP & HOFFMAN,
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES & PRONISIONS,
QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE,
STONEWARE, WOODENWARE
Hadrdware,
WINDOW-GLASS, NAILS, CUTLERY;
WHIPS, LAMPS, NOTIONS,
SALT, FISH, FLOUR, GRAIN,
Mill-Feed, Oil-Meal, Lard Oil,
SHOT, CAPS, LEAD, FUSE,
Rifle and Blasting Powder,
(Wholesale and Retail.)
Chimney-Tops and Drainage Pipes;
WHITE LEAD & LINSEED OIL.
Dryer, Turpentine, Colors dry & in Oil;
PAINT BRUSHES OF ALL KINDS.
WE HAVE THE
Averill Chemical Paint
Mixed ready for use,
PURE WHITE, ALL COLORS AND SHADES,
Warranted Genuine,
and for sale in any quantity—by the quart, in tin cans, by the gallon in tin buckets, or by five gallon kegs.
THE AVERILL PAINT
Has given unbounded satisfaction for many years in all sections of the country, and has been in use in this vicinity about five years, proving itself to be, especially, the colors and shades, absolutely
The Best and Cheapest!
Paint now in use. Rain does not effect it before drying, and when dry it has a hard glassy surface; will not crack or peel off. We will send sample, card, price list and testimonials to any person asking for the same.
All heavy goods delivered free of charge in Rochester and vicinity.
SHARP & HOFFMAN,
mar6;6m] ROCHESTER P.A.

Notice.
THE books of Dr. Kerr, of Raccoon township, will be left in the hands of James A. Kerr and James A. Ingles for collection on and after the 12th day of June, 1872. DR. P. M. KERR.
apr3;6w.

Miscellaneous.

PHILADELPHIA
SPRING 1872.
FENTON, THOMPSON & CO.
617 Chestnut Street, HAVE NOW IN STORE, AND OPENING DAILY, A LARGE STOCK, Bought Mainly Direct from MANUFACTURERS AT HOME AND ABROAD, OF Foreign and Domestic
Dress Fabrics, Silk Shawls and Scarfs, White Goods,
Linens, Embroideries and Laces.
[illegible] Offered to the Trade by the Piece or Package [illegible]

G. S. BARKER. F. A. BARKER. C. A. BARKER
G. S. BARKER & Co., New Brighton, Pa.
AND
G. S. BARKER & Co., Beaver Falls, Pa.
BANKERS,
Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c. Collections made on all accessible points in United States and Canada. Accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, and Individuals, solicited. Interest allowed on time deposits. Correspondents will receive prompt attention.

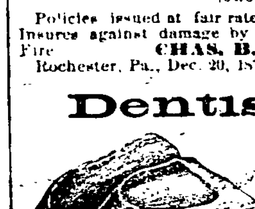
ALLEGHENY CITY
STAIR-BUILDING
AND
WOOD-TURNING SHOP.
Newels, Balusters, Hand Rails with all cut and bolted, ready to hang furnished on notice WILLIAM PEOPLES
mar6;1y Cor. Webster St. & Graham St.

ALPS INSURANCE COMPANY
OF ERIE, PA.

Cash Capital	$250,000 00
Asssets. Oct. 9, '71,	311,948 29
Liabilities, - - -	5,200 00

O. NOBLE, President; J. P. VINCENT, Vice P.
H. W. WOODS, Treasurer;
THOS. F. GOODRICH, Secretary
DIRECTORS:
Hon. O Noble, Erie Hon. Geo. B. Delamater, Meadville
J W Hammond, do Hon J P Vincent,
Hon Seldon Marvin, do Henry Rawle
Hiram Daggett, do G T Churchill
Charles H Reed, do Capt J S Richards
H S Southard, do Richard O'Brian,
W B Sterritt, do F H Gibbs,
H W Noble, do John R Cochran,
J Englehart, do M Hartlebb,
J H. Neil, do
W H Abbott, Titusville, Capt D P Dobbins,
Jno Fertig, Titusville.
Policies issued at fair rates and liberal terms. Insures against damage by Lightning as well as Fire. CHAS. B. HURST, Agt.
Rochester, Pa., Dec. 20, 1871; 1y

Dentistry.



Dr. J. Murray, of [illegible] manufactured in the United States. Gold silver filling performed in a style that defies competition. Satisfaction guaranteed in all operations, or the money returned. Give him a trial.
feb21y

$1,000 REWARD!
A reward of One Thousand Dollars will be paid to any Physician who will produce a medicine that will supply the wants of the people better than the article known as
DR. FAHRNEY'S
Celebrated Blood Cleanser or Panacea.
It must be a better Cathartic, a better Alterative, a better Sudorific, a better Diuretic, a better Tonic, and in every way better than the Panacea. No matter how long it has been in use or how lately discovered. Above all it must not contain anything NOT PURELY VEGETABLE.

$500 REWARD!!
A reward of Five Hundred Dollars will be paid for a medicine that will permanently cure more cases of Costiveness, Constipation, Sick or Nervous Headache, Liver Complaint, Bilious Disorders, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Gout, Dyspepsia, Chills and Fever, Tape Worms, Boils, Tumors, Tetters, Ulcers, Sores, Pains in Lungs, Side and Head and *Female Complaints* than
DR. FAHRNEY'S
BLOOD CLEANSER OR PANACEA,
which is used more extensively by practicing physicians than any other popular medicine known.
☞ Prepared by P. FAHRNEY's BROS. & Co., Waynesboro, Pa. and Dr. P. FAHRNEY, Chicago. Price 1 25 per bottle. For sale by Wholesale and Retail Dealers, and by JOHN MOORE, Druggist, Beaver, Pa.

James T. Brady & Co.,
BANKERS,
Financial Agents for the United States,
FOURTH AVE. & WOOD ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Dealers in all issues of Government Securities, Gold, Silver and Coupons bought and sold. Gold, Mortgages, and first class Securities [illegible] ally. Money loaned on Government [illegible] lowest rates.
Interest allowed on Deposits.
may3-1y chd oct

Orphans' Court Sale.
Two Valuable Lots in Beaver Falls.
By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned Administrator of the estate of Benjamin Harlan, dec'd will expose to public sale on the premises, on Tuesday April 30th, 1872 at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, late of said deceased, viz: those two certain lots of ground situate in the borough of Beaver Falls county of Beaver and State of Pennsylvania, being lots Nos. 1101 & 1102 in said borough, bounded on the North by Patterson street, east by Main street, south by 1,103, and west by Main alley, each of said lots having a front of 43 feet on Main street, and extending back therefrom 145 feet to Main alley.
TERMS—One third of the purchase money to be paid in hand on confirmation of sale by the Court, and the remainder in two equal annual installments from that date with interest thereon from the same time. JOHN PISOR, Adm.
Apr3;3w

DISSOLUTION.—The partnership heretofore existing between David R. Caler and John Fisher, under the name and style of Caler & Fisher, was dissolved by mutual consent, Dec. 30, 1871. The business will be continued by David R. Caler, who will settle all the business of the late firm. DAVID R. CALER
March20;3t JOHN FISHER
Conservative please copy

THE BEST IN THE WORLD
The Improved Sampson & Howe
Standard Scales.
All sizes and varieties for sale by
SOUDER & M'CLURG,
63 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH
Also, Warehouse Trucks, Patent Money Drawers,
AND GROCER'S FIXTURES
February 7, 1872—1y

COAL and NUT COAL
FOR SALE.
The undersigned is operating a COAL BANK on McKinley's Run, about half way between Rochester and Bolesville, where he will receive orders for lump or nut coal. Orders can also be left at John May's in Beaver, or with John Purvis in Beaver, or at the Arbuckle or at the residence of the undersigned on Market street, Bridgewater. Coal on hand at all times. Coal delivered at short notice. Terms cash on delivery. Prices as low as the lowest. [ly5 ly] [illegible]

Brooms! Brooms!!
The undersigned have lately commenced the manufacture of Brooms, near the
Railrod Station, New Brighton, Pa.
where they will be glad to have their friends and the public generally
CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR MAKE OF BROOMS.
They Will Use None but the Best Corn,
and having had considerable experience in the manufacture of brooms they feel confident of their ability to satisfy all who wish to buy.
feb21;3m. J. L. & R. THOMPSON

160 ACRES OF KANSAS LAND
FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE,
FOR BEAVER COUNTY PROPERTY.
THE above land is located near a flourishing town of over 800 inhabitants, in the county of Jefferson, through which the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad is expected to be completed the coming summer. There is a stream of water through and some stone and timber on it, a country road on one side, and a State road on the other. The land is nearly all rolling prairie. Title warranted. For further particulars inquire of JOHN R. McLEAN, Rochester; or
mr13;m W. W. IRWIN, New Brighton Pa

☞ Blanks, Bill-heads, Cards, Posters, &c neatly execueted at this office.

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., April 10th, 1872.

Circulation Thirteen Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

[illegible]	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
10 lines,	$2.00	$3 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
squares, do	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
squares, do	5 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00
squares, do	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
column,	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	38 00
column,	11 00	15 00	20 00	38 00	60 00
column,	22 00	30 00	38 00	60 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices ...$3 00

Special notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except transient advertisements, which must be paid [illegible]

TIME TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains [illegible] East leave Beaver Station as follows: Mor[illegible] Accom'n 9 19; Mail, 2.47 p. m.; Evening Fast [illegible]

[illegible] going West leave Beaver Station as fol[illegible] Mail 7 40 a. m.; Accommodation and Ex[illegible] through to Bellair 5 45 p. m.

ANNOUNCEMENTS. The following tariff [illegible] for announcing the names of candidates [illegible] at the ensuing nominating conven[illegible] respective offices mentioned, and for [illegible] cards and tickets, has been agreed upon [illegible] Republican papers of this county:

[illegible]	$20.	Senate,	$15.
[illegible]	10.	Sheriff	10.
Register & Recorder	10.	Clerk of Courts	5.
Commissioner,	5.	Poorhouse Director,	3.
Associate Judge	5	Auditor,	3
County Superintendent			5.

Cards and Tickets, per 1,000, $5

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the Argus to-day:

Special Notice—Holloway's Pills	[illegible]
Special Notice—Dr Johnston	[illegible]
Special Notice—Mustang Liniment	[illegible]
Special Notice—Dr Keyser	[illegible]
Special Notices—Vinegar Bitters	[illegible]
To School Directors—Geo M Fields	2sq:3w
New Advertisements—Dauchy & Co	[illegible]
Wanted—Thomas Grant	1sq:tf
Special Notice—S & J. Snellenburg	11
Special Notices—H. Noss	11
Special Notice—County Commissioners	5
Notice to Bridge Contractors—Com'rs	2sq:3t
Advertisement—J. H. Borland	3sq:tf
Adv—J. R. & A. Murdoch	1sq 2m
Adv—Joseph Horne	3½sq:3m
Adv—De Zouche & Co	1½sqs:3m
Special Notices—Mrs. Bence	[illegible]
Adv—Boggs & Buhl	3sqs:1t
Star Baskets—Randal Kent	1½sqs:3m
Adv—Morganstern & Co.	3½sqs:3m
Adv—W. H Marshall	6½sqs:6m
Adv—James M. Bennet	1sq:2m
Special Notices—R. T. Taylor	9
Special Notice—Dr. Pitcher	
Executor's Notice—Wm. Beatty, Executor	1sq:6w

Notice.—From and after this date [illegible] the first of September next the County Commissioners will meet on Saturday of each week only. apr10tf

(*Radical please copy.*)

Thanks.—Our thanks are due the [illegible] W. McClelland, for a copy of the "Congressional Directory" of the 2d [illegible] of the 42d Congress, 8vo., neatly [illegible] While we are not in political [illegible] with the honorable gentleman, it [illegible] just to credit him with being the [illegible] attentive Representative we have [illegible] in this District.

[illegible] newest and latest novelties Watches, [illegible] Silver Ware at the lowest prices, go [illegible] *Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, [illegible] je7-1y

W[illegible]ERFUL! WONDERFUL!—Just [illegible] selling all wool suits at ten [illegible] yet such is the fact, if you doubt [illegible] S. & J. Snellenburg and see for [illegible]—Broadway, New Brighton.

Admitted to the Bar.—At the re[illegible] of court held in Beaver, J. F. [illegible] esq., of Chippewa township, was [illegible] to practice law in the several [illegible] of this county. Mr. D. is com[illegible] a stranger to us, but his [illegible] speak of him as a young gen[illegible] of good habits and fair ability. [illegible] success in the profes[illegible]

[illegible] Market Street. [illegible]

[illegible] from all parts of Beaver county, and a good [illegible] counties, to buy clothing of S. & J. [illegible], and are well pleased with [illegible] vast assortment, and say that they save their fare and get a better article at *ten per cent.* less than at any other place in the country. Broadway, New Brighton.

[illegible]—Sterling Silver, Table Ware [illegible] *John Stevenson's Sons* [illegible] Market street, Pittsburgh. je7-1y

[illegible] DOLLY VARDEN HAT &c.—Every [illegible] in Hats, Bonnets and Flowers, [illegible] at Bence's, Beaver. apr10;3t

Left for His New Field of Labor. [illegible] the recent session of the Pittsburgh M. E. Conference, when the ap[illegible] for the present year were [illegible], it was ascertained that Rev. [illegible] East, who has resided in Beaver [illegible] past two or three years, was as[illegible] to Maxburg, Washington county, [illegible] for which place himself and family [illegible] last Thursday. The good wishes [illegible] neighbors and acquaintances go [illegible] to their new home.

[illegible] REPAIRING.—If your watch is out of or[illegible] to *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, Pitts[illegible] will be repaired and returned free of [illegible] charges. All work warranted je7-1y

Right and Proper.—In the Legis[illegible] Appropriation Bill, Senator Rutan [illegible]troduced an amendment giving to [illegible] Stanton, wife of our deceased fellow [illegible], Dr. David Stanton, Auditor Gen[illegible] elect, an amount equal to the salary [illegible] the Auditor General for one year.—[illegible] *County Press.*

[illegible] PLATED WARE.—We sell none but trip[illegible] Send for drawings and prices. Goods [illegible] C. O. D. if desired. *John Stevenson's Sons* [illegible] Market street, Pittsburgh. je7-1y

NORWAY OATS.—Pure Norway Oats for sale at Davidson's Mill, Sharon, Pa. *Radical and Conservative copy.*) [al3-3w

Burned.—A tenant house on the farm of Mr. Hiram Smith of centre tp., Greene County, Pa., was burned one night last week. A family was preparing to occupy the building, and had placed some of their goods in it. During the night the goods were removed to a safe distance and the property fired. It was totally destroyed.

We [illegible] our friends to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Orders care[illegible] promptly filled. *John Stevenson's & Co.* [illegible] Market street, Pittsburgh

CAUTION.—Every genuine box of Dr. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bears the signature of FLEMMING BRO'S., Pittsburgh Pa., and their private United States Stamp. ☞ "Take no other." The market is full of imitations.

Apr3;6m.

Don't Believe It.—The story that "a highly respectable citizen of Beaver [illegible] was in Salem, O., recently, "trying [illegible] persuade his wife who had erred and strayed from him like a lost sheep to re[illegible] his fold again." Something of [illegible] sensational about that, Mr. *Patriot*, New Lisbon.

Free of Charge.—Call at Andriessen's Drug [illegible] Beaver, or at S. C. Hannen's, in Rochester, [illegible] sample of Dr A. Boschee's German Syr[illegible] *charge.* It has lately been introduced [illegible] country from Germany, and for any per[illegible] from a severe cough, heavy cold set[illegible] breast, consumption or any disease of [illegible] or lungs it has no equal in the world. [illegible] size bottles 75 cents. In all cases the [illegible] be promptly returned if perfect sat[illegible] given. Two doses will relieve any [illegible] nov29;1y

Fruit Trees.—To make trees bare [illegible] for many years in succession, [illegible] them should be cultivated, [illegible] plowed summer and fall; and [illegible] every year; it is said that the [illegible] bushes and trees is [illegible] leaves and twigs; these should [illegible] together in autumn, mixing [illegible] same barnyard manure, to be [illegible] occasionally, to keep the leaves [illegible] getting dry and being blown [illegible] then spread out in the spring, in [illegible] a bushel of lime well mixed [illegible] two or three bushels of wood ashes, [illegible] each tree once a year, would [illegible] to their fruitfulness.

[illegible] WATCHES.—The most complete line [illegible] Pittsburgh, and all the necessary at[illegible] of *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.* [illegible] Market street, Pittsburgh je7-1y

[illegible] SALE.—An excellent mare, 7 [illegible], good for working or breeding [illegible] can be bought at a reasonable [illegible] Inquire of G. H. REISINGER, near Beaver.

Morganstern & Co.—We direct the atten[illegible] readers to the advertisement, in this [illegible] of the above well known house [illegible] just received, for the Spring Trade, the [illegible] best selected Stock of Trimings, Fan[illegible] and Notions, both Foreign and Domes[illegible] offered to the trade all of which is offered [illegible] lowest Eastern Prices. Their Store is No. 78 and 80 Market Street, Pittsburgh.

West Point Cadet.—It will be seen by the following letter from our member of Congress that he has the appointment of a cadet to West Point from this district. He adopts the competative system, regardless of political bias. This was unquestionably the intended rule to be observed orignally by the founders of that Academy, but it has been sadly perverted of late years. We hope some young man will be found in Beaver county to claim the competitive honor of an appointment. The letter explains itself; and is as follows;

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30, 1872.
MR. WILLIAM S. BLACK, *New Castle Pa.*

DEAR SIR: I have been notified by the Secretary of War that the appointment of the next Cadet from the 24th District to the Military Academy at West Point, will be made upon my recommendation. In justice to the District, I have decided to place the selection of the Cadet in the hands of a committee of competent gentlemen, (to be selected hereafter,) who will meet in Pittsburgh, at 11 a. m., May 14th, to examine all who may present themselves. This committee will examine as to physical as well as mental qualifications, and the applicant, who, in the opinion of a majority of the committee passes the best examination, will be recommended by me. He will be expected to present himself at the Annual Examination at the Military Academy in June.

Any further information relating to this subject will be given by addressing me.

Yours Respectfully.
W. McCLELLAND.

WALTHAM WATCHES.—Being Agents for the sale of these Watches in the City of Pittsburgh, we are confident of our ability to please in styles and prices. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. je7-1y

Real Estate Agents.—The large business transacted by Messrs. Stevenson & Wittish, Real Estate Agents, of Beaver Falls, in the sale and transfer of Real Estate, gives assurance of their capacity and facilities in that line. They are doing an immense business this Spring. Perhaps no men in Beaver county can be found so fully conversant with our landed property—its titles, peculiar advantages for farming, mining, fruit-growing, manufacturing, &c., as this firm. Withal, they are reliable and courteous gentlemen; and we advise those wishing either to sell or purchase real estate to give them a call.

THE latest and best styles of jewelry in all their various branches, to be found at *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.* 93 Market st. Pittsburgh. je7-ly

SPRING is just opening up; but H. Noss Photograph Gallery is always open (Sundays excepted) for business, and such is the arrangement of sky lights as to have a sufficient quantity of light to take a correct representation even on a cloudy day. Mr. Noss is an artist of superior talent, giving entire satisfaction to his numerous customers, and withal is doing a thriving business. Broadway New Brighton.

Suicide at Mansfield.—A young man by the name of Lewis Herdt, in the employ of Swank & Son, of Mansfield, Ohio, a carriage painter, committed suicide Saturday morning last by hanging and was found about one o'clock Sunday afternoon, hanging to a tree. He left a letter saying he had been disappointed in love. Herdt was a German, about eighteen years of age, and had only been about eight months from the old country.

☞ Fahnestock's perfectly pure White Lead, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Varnishes, Brushes, Paints—dry and ground in oil,—Window Glass, all sizes; Putty, &c. Lyman's celebrated Garden and Vegetable seeds. For sale at Hugo Andriessen's Beaver Drug Store mr 13;8w

Whitewash.—As this is the season of whitewashing and house-cleaning we give the following recipe for making a good wash which will not rub off. Mix half a bucketfull of lime and water; then make a starch of half a pint of wheat flour, and pour it in the whitewash when hot. Stir it well, and it is ready for use. This is a simple and good method of making a wash that will adhere to the wall, and not paint everything which comes in contact with it.

Noss' views at B. Mulhiems, Bridgewater Pa.

Exhibition.—School No. 2, Brighton township closed with an exhibition, and had quite a crowded house. The performances were good and popular, and highly appreciated by the audience. The manner in which the pupils performed gave evidence of talent and good teaching during the term, which was taught by Miss Jennie Mercer.

WANTED, a few good reliable agents that mean business to canvass standard works. Either Ladies or Gentlemen—Teachers preferred.—Address S. M. Beaver, Beaver Co. Pa., for ten days.

The next session of the Pittsburgh Annual Conference will be held in Salem. About sixteen years ago this body assembled in that place, and the citizens were well pleased with the meeting. Everybody extended the hand of welcome. The leading Free Thinkers in the town threw open their doors, and welcomed members of the Conference to their hospitality. It was accepted in the same good spirit it was tendered, and all got along pleasantly together. We expect another pleasant time at the next year's assembling of Conference. It will do our people no harm to have to mingle with them for a week the strangers who may be in attendance.—*Salem Republican.*

We call special attention to the card of Messrs J. R. & A. MURDOCH, in another column. This is one of the oldest establishments in Pittsburgh, the present proprietors succeeding their father, who started it thirty years ago. They are strictly honest and honorable in all their dealings, and to such as require anything in their extensive line of business, we would only say, give them a call, or send for their catalogues, of which they issue three. Dont forget the place, opposite the Post Office.

State Road.—A bill has passed the Legislature appointing Commissioners to lay out, locate and open a State road from the junction of the Franklin and Pittsburgh road near Harkin's Mill in New Sewickley township, to the intersection of the Evansburgh and Zelienople roads on the farm of Henry Rape in Cranberry township, Butler county.

Sensational.—The following scrap of sensational news comes from Titusville, Pa., *Courier* of last week:

"About 8 o'clock Sunday night a strange rumbling sound was heard on Hammond Run, one mile from town, and in a few moments Peter C. Jones came down the road, almost breathless, and announced that a large tract of land upon the run had suddenly sunk into the earth, trees, houses and all.

Jones was at first thought to be deranged, but a half hour's walk convinced the *Courier* reporter and others that he was telling the truth. They came to a wide yawning gulf, and as it was dark they could not see across it. There came rolling up from it a dense, sulphurous smoke, almost suffocating. Quite a crowd of people gathered at the verge of the chasm. Some one got a line and ventured near enough to the edge to lower it, and had ascertained that the depth of the chasm was about seventy-five feet.

Mr. Jones came over the sunken groud just before the sinking, and he says that for some minutes he noticed that the earth vibrated in such a manner as to render it almost impossible for him to stand or walk. He was hardly ten feet from the sunken ground when it commenced to go under. He was too much frightened and agitated to answer questions with any degree of coherency. At present writing it is impossible to tell how large an area of ground has sunk."

We would call the especial attention of our country merchants to the advertisement of J. H. BORLAND, 53 and 55 Wood Street, manufacturer and wholesale dealer in Boots Shoes and Gaiters, of every style and variety, as he has just received one of the largest stocks of Spring and Summer Goods, bought direct from the manufacturers, strictly for cash, before the recent advance in leather, and can consequently sell at the very lowest New York and Boston prices. He also makes a specialty of Philadelphia City made goods, and sells them at manufacturers' prices, thus saving freight and expense. He is receiving new goods daily, and can offer special inducements to cash or short time buyers, by duplicating Eastern bills. He fills all orders from the country promptly, and guarantees satisfaction. Call and examine his stock and prices, when in the city, as you can save money by buying there.

Captured.—C. H. Younger, an escaped convict of the Moundsville (W. Va.) penitentiary, who broke out of that institution with two others a short time since, was captured one day last week at a house in Wayne township, Greene Co. Younger was convicted in the Mason county (W. Va.) Court, for the murder of his wife, and first sentenced to be hung, but afterwards the sentence was commuted to imprisonment in the penitentiary for 15 years. He was taken

Accident.—Miss Eliza Larimour, house keeper for Rev. Father Monroe of the M. E. church, met with an accident last Saturday evening which seriously bruised and otherwise injured her. She had gone to the cellar stairs in the dark for some culinary article, made a mis-step and fell, dragging the door upon her at the bottom of the cellar where she was found shortly afterwards very much crippled and bruised. It was providential her neck was not broken, as the edge of the cellar door struck her on the neck, forcing the head and back against the wall. She is recovering slowly.

Castoria—a substitute for Castor Oil—a vegetable preparation containing neither Minerals, Morphine nor Alcohol. It is pleasant to take, does not nauseate, and operates when all other remedies failed. Dr. Pitcher has experimented fifteen years in producing a preparation more efficient than Castor Oil, without its horrid taste. The Castoria regulates the system; cures constipation, stomach ache, croup and flatulency, and kills worms. It does not distress or gripe. By its quieting, soothing effect it produces natural sleep, and is particularly adapted to crying and teething children.

We desire Physicians to test this article, and will forward three bottles GRATIS to the address of any one so authenticated. Insist that your druggist order it for you. It costs but 50 cents, and one bottle will save many doctor's bills. ap10;4w

Beaver College is opening its spring session with a very large attendance though doubtless many others will join the school the present week.

The Public Schools of this borough, after a short vacation, commenced again a week ago last Monday. The attendance was not as large as might have been expected from the general reputation of the teachers as instructors. There may be some local cause which prevents immediate attention to the importance of our public schools, which will give place to a larger attendance in the future. We have as good a class of teachers as any borough of the Commonwealth can boast, and these schools must grow in popular favor ultimately.

Beaver Mail Contracts.—Thomas McKinley, esq., of this place, was notified, last week by the Post-Office Department that the contracts for carrying the mail from Beaver to Rochester and back, twice per day, and from Beaver to Black Hawk, once a week, had been awarded to him. The pay he receives on the Beaver and Rochester route is $400.00 per year, and on the Black Hawk route $100.00 per year. The Department did a wise thing in selecting Mr. M. for this service, as he has every facility for performing the work in an expeditious and satisfactory manner.

EDITORIAL NOTICES are so common that it is almost impossible for an editor to express his honest opinion of the merits of any article without being suspected of interested motives. This fact, however, shall not deter us from saying what we think of a new addition to the Materia Medica to which our attention has been recently directed. We refer to *Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters*, a remedy which is making its way into more families just now than all the other advertised medicines put together. There seems to be no question about the potency of its tonic and alterative properties, while it possesses the great negative recommendation of containing neither alcohol nor mineral poison. That it is a specific for Indigestion, Billiousness, Constipation, and many complaints of nervous origin, we have reason to know; and we are assured on good authority that as a general invigorant, regulating and purifying medicine, it has no equal. It is stated that its ingredients, (obtained from the wilds of California,) are new to the medical world; and its extraordinary effects certainly warrant the conclusion that it is a compound of agents hitherto unknown. If popularity is any criterion, there can be no doubt of the efficiency of the *Vinegar Bitters*, for the sale of the article is immense and continually increasing. apr10;4w

Mr. Newton Anthony, A. M. of Beaver Falls is a candidate for County Superintendent.

☞ Veterinary Surgeons all over the country are recommending *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders* for the following trouble in horses:—Loss of appetite, roughness of the hair, stoppage of bowels or water, thick water, coughs and colds, swelling of the glands, worms, horse ail, thick wind, and heaves.

Rev. Dr. Hays.—The writer happened to call on the lecture committee of Franklin last winter just after the Dr. had lectured in that town. No encomiums upon his lecture were too strong, and it was asserted that no man in the lecture field, scarcely excepting John B. Gough, could command a larger audience in that place than Dr. Hays. It will be remembered that he is to lecture in the M. E. Church, Friday evening of this week.

Drawing and Painting are to be taught by a graduate of the School of Design of Pittsburgh this session at the College. Citizens are invited to examine her work.

Excellent Native Wine.—Monday last Mattson Darragh, esq., presented us with a specimen of his vintage of wine, from the Diana & Roger Hybrids, Catawba, Diana and Clinton grapes, the flavor of which exceeds any foreign Madeira we ever tasted. It is by far the best specimen of native wine in this county. It fully establishes the fact that there is no call for the importation of wines to the United States. No country produces better grapes, nor in greater variety, than are grown in this country; and no better specimens of the vintage can be produced than those of different localities of our Union. Give us a sufficient tariff and we will beat the world as vinters. Those wishing wine for Sacramental or Medical purposes should call on Mr. Darragh, and get the unadulterated juice.

County Superintendent.—It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns, that our present Superintendent of common schools has issued a call, in accordance with the provisions of the act of assembly in such cases made and provided, for a convention of school directors to meet at the Court House in Beaver on the first Tuesday in May next, to elect a county Superintendent for three years succeeding the first Monday of June following. We would impress upon the School Directors the importance of choosing a competent person for the position irrespective of party. No other office has a relation so vital to the interests of the people. Whether our children shall be well or ill taught and trained—whether the public money shall be judiciously or injudiciously expended—will depend very much upon the man about to be chosen to fill the office of County Superintendent; for it will be admitted by all reflecting minds that upon the qualifications of that officer depend the prosperity or declination of our public schools. We trust, therefore, the directors will feel disposed to lay aside all extraneous considerations and allow their choice to be governed by merit alone. If a man fully qualified for the office shall be chosen, good schools will be guaranteed.

A freind of ours who is chief clerk in the Governmental Dispensary, says that no medicine chest is now complete without *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. We always supposed it was prescribed by law if it is not, it ought to be, for certainly there is nothing in the whole *materia medica* of so much importance to the soldier and the sailor as *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.*

A Resident of Newark, Ohio, was the victim of a confidence man Wednesday last. He left the union Depot, Pittsburgh on a western train for his home. He had scarcely cleared the Railroad bridge across the Allegheny river before a well-dressed stranger approached him and asked him if he could oblige him by purchasing a few twenty dollar gold pieces, that he might have some greenbacks on hand. The Newark man complied, and took in some $265 of the gold pieces, large and small. He had proceeded but a short distance before he discovered that his eagles were nothing more than brass faro "chips." The victim came back to the city and told the police about it, but the man who liked greenbacks had not been captured at last accounts.

An artless newspaper man who lately bought a few sausages, thus relates his troubles: I got them sausages home without getting bit; I cut them apart and left them. In the morning I visited them. Three of 'em had cuddled up together, and were sleeping sweetly. Two of 'em nad crawled to my milk pail and were lapping the milk, and one, a black and white one, was on the

The Beaver Falls Cutlery Works, are to be pushed forward with a determination to succeed, notwithstanding the many difficulties and drawbacks which have hitherto been impeding their progress. The Economy society which now owns the works, have recently purchased what is familiary known as the "Mansion House" and the adjoining property of James McKnight; It is also said they are negotiating for—if they have not already closed the bargain—the property below the cutlery works between the river and Main Street This addition of property is said to have been purchased for the accommodation of employees. The Economites, who now own the entire works, are abundantly able and evince a determination to run them successfully. Mr. Reeves, cashier of the Economy Savings Institution, left for California, in the interest of the works, last week. It is said he will visit China before he returns.

THE Ladies are no doubt glad that spring has at last made its appearance, they will also be glad to learn that they may find at Bence's Millinery and Trimming store, the old stand, Beaver, a large and well selected stock of all the latest in Hats, Bonnets, Flowers and a good stock of splendid Ribbons, and in fact everything new in the Millinery line. We shall offer during this season extra inducements to our customers in Millinery, Kid Gloves, Shawls, Lace collars, Handkerchiefs, Hoop skirt corsets, &c., and will keep a full stock of the latest Chignons always on hand. Give us an early call. apr10;3t

Veteran Soldiers' Bounties.—A soldier having enlisted for three years, and discharged before having served two years, on account of injuries, or sickness, again enlists for three years, between the dates of May 7, 1863, and March 31, 1864, is entitled to $400, veteran bounty, under joint resolution of January 13, 1864. His first service must have been full nine months. There are a great many volunteers throughout the country who were treated by the accounting officers as recruits, and only allowed $300 under the above named resolution. These men have a just claim against the Government for the balance of a veteran bounty, $100. which can be obtained upon application to the proper accounting officer of the Treasury—furnishing their discharges; or, in case they are lost, proper proof of the same will be accepted.

IF our readers have never visited Boggs and Buhl's Dry Goods Store in Allegheny they should read their advertisement in to-day's paper. Cut it out for reference and whenever they go to the city make a bee line for the store and make their purchase. Farmers will find all kinds of goods suitable for them and can get a reduction in price when they buy in quantities.

Late Spring.—Last year at this time gardens were made and most of the spring planting done. Now there are no gardens commenced nor any plowing done. The frost is not yet out of the ground. It is feared we shall have late frosts. The Lakes are covered with ice to the depth of three or four feet, and it will be well on in May or June before they will be completely broken up; and it is said, by those who have observed these matters, that we shall be subjected to cold spells and frosty nights until the Lakes are clear of ice. If this holds good, the prospect for fruit and spring crops will not be so favorable as we were led to believe. There seems to be some philosophy in the matter of frost until the opening of the Lakes, as every wind from the north will bear the chill of ice with it. However, we are of sanguine temperament and shall hope for the best.

The provisions of the soldiers' homestead bill which has just passed Congress, and received the signature of the President, are as follows: Every officer, soldier, sailor or marine who served in the war for a period of ninety days may, in settling upon the public lands under the homestead laws, count the period of his service as a part of the five years' residence required to obtain a patent to 160 acres. The actual residence on the land must be at least one year. Six months are allowed after the location of the land before the residence upon it must commence. Persons discharged for wounds or disability may have their whole period of enlistment counted. In case of the death of a person who would be entitled to the privileges of the act his widow, if unmarried, or minor children, if the widow be married or dead, are entitled to its benefits.—Any person to whom the bill gives the right to acquire land may have the same entered and the required settlement and residence made by an agent. This is the most important feature of the bill, for a comparatively small number of soldiers will themselves become homestead settlers. The right to transfer their privileges to an agent will doubtless be of considerable value to them.

Shying Horses.—A horseman whose horse is given to shying ought never to permit himself to evince nervousness nor punish the animal for exhibitions of timidity. Whenever a horse directs the points of his ears in a certain direction, as though distrustful or afraid, the reins should be pulled in an opposite direction, thus diverting the attention of the animal from the object causing the perturbation. If on the other hand, force or harsh means are used to compel an acquaintance with the object feared, the horse will be doubly excited, if not unmanageable. We have found, in cases of shying or halting at real or fancied objects of disquiet, that stopping the horse, and using soothing language answers a good purpose. If the object is stationary, the horse, after a short time, will most usually advance in the direction of it, until apprehended, when he will resume his way in a quiet mood. But if chastised for shying, he will have two objects of fear instead of one, and becomes more confirmed in the habit of distrustfulness.

For the Beaver Argus.

Deliverance from a Delusion.

—A Mr. L—— had accused himself of having committed the unpardonable sin. All efforts to persuade him to the contrary were unavailing. The impression was daily deepening. His mind lost its elasticity; and a moody temperament succeeded, &c., &c. Many months had transpired, during which he was the subject of religious gossip and of fervent prayer; when the case was stated to a judicious minister, whom divine providence had called into the neighborhood. He waited on Mr. L——, who, far from being averse to any conversation relative to his own state, seemed rather to court it. After a preparatory interchange of remark, he was asked, "*you believe* yourself guilty of the *unpardonable sin?*"

"I am sure of it."

"In what did the crime consist?"

"I opposed the work of God."

"So did Saul."

"I denied Jesus Christ."

"So did a disciple, afterwards honored by his master."

"I doubted the power of Jesus Christ after strong evidence in his favor."

"So did Thomas."

"What? are you attempting to prove by such examples that I am a christian."

"Not at all: I am only inquiring into the nature of your guilt: and thus far I see no reason for despair."

"I have hated God," rejoined the self-condemned, "and openly avowed my enmity in sight of his divine operations."

"Thus far your case is lamentable indeed, but not hopeless still. Our hearts are naturally at enmity with God, &c."

"I *feel* that I am cut off from salvation."

"It is difficult to reason against your *feelings.*"

"But are they no proof on the present subject?"

"Let me inquire whether you desire the pardon of your sins?"

"Assuredly if it were possible."

"Do you regret the conduct of which you accuse yourself?"

"Certainly."

"Do you sincerely desire repentance?"

"I would give the world if it were mine to be able to do so."

"Then it is not possible that you have sinned to an unpardonable extent, for these are the characteristics of a state of mind faithless, but far from being desperate. And they come within the design of the gospel invitations."

There was something simple and touching in this mode of ministering to a mind diseased. And it produced an effect which, probably, no other process would have accomplished. Mr. L—— did not long survive this interview, but his living and dying were those of a favored Christian. Alas! that many persons laboring under a like delusion respecting the sin against the Holy Ghost, should not be enlightened by similar instruction! Doubtless not a few who have never committed the sin, have lived for years, and then died under the

Pennsylvania Legislature.

SENATE, April 1.—Mr. Rutan's substitute extending the Free Pipe bill to Beaver and Allegheny counties was opposed. The bill fell by a tie vote, and the original bill incorporating the Smith's Ferry Oil and Transportation Company was laid over, which is equivalent to a defeat. The consolidation bill was not reconsidered, as was expected.

The House was not in session.

SENATE April 2.—The bill selling agricultural land scrip and authorizing a new issue of bonds was passed. The appropriation bill, retaining $250,000 for legislation expenses, $10,000 Philadelphia University Hospital, and $500 for each of the members of the Evans Committee, was reported from the Conference Committee, and adopted. The bill for the Smith's Ferry Oil Transportation Company of Beaver county passed finally as it came from the House. The bill allowing defendants in cases of misdemeanor to testify, except in cases of perjury and forgery, was also passed finally. A resolution was passed adding Speakers Rutan and Elliot to the Centennial Celebration Committee and authorizing each House to appoint three more. The House bill for a State Bureau of Labor Statistics, passed. A session was held till after twelve o'clock last night on the Constitutional Convention bill, reported by the Conference Committee, with Mr. White's proposition that three delegates should be elected for each Senator on the cumulative system. Mr. McClure had the bill recommitted on the ground that this would make the Convention partisan. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The report on the Constitutional Convention bill was recommitted. The Senate bill incorporating the Little Beaver Railroad Company passed. Adjourned.

SENATE, April 3.—A petition was presented from the coopers of Western Pennsylvania, and in obedience thereto a bill was introduced against the manufacture or sale of oil barrels by pauper labor; ruled out. A communication was received from the Sinking Fund Commissioners representing the amounts of loans redeemed since May 1st, 1871, at $987,000; amount of overdue loans, on which interest has been stopped, $622,739; five per cent. loan of June 11th 1840, overdue and payable on demand, $343,633; six per cent. loan of May, 1861, overdue and payable on demand, $1,310,650; total $2,277,022.52; balance in Treasury March 31st, 1872, $1,866,794.93; balance March 31st, 1871, $2,083,212.64. The joint resolution allowing the contestant and respondent in the McClure-Gray case each twenty-five hundred dollars for extraordinary expenses was passed. The Constitutional Convention bill was reported from the Conference Committee, with 133 members, 28 to be elected on the cumulative system; adopted. The Governor's nomination of John McCurdy of Cumberland county, as Superintendent of Public Printing, was unanimously confirmed. Among the bills passed was one prohibiting public officers or their employees from serving as election officers; also, the bill punishing the collector of illegal fees. The Supreme court Conference Committee reported for the election of two judges at the next election by cumulative plan, one to fill a vacancy; adopted. The report of the Conference Committee on apportionment was adopted. The House joint resolution repealing the act of 1867 for the appointment of a special agent to collect the Pennsylvania war claims passed. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The report of the apportionment Conference Committee was adopted. Nothing else of interest occurred.

SENATE, April 4.—The Evans investigating committee reported that they found the charges made in the New York *Sun* against Auditor general Hartranft, State Treasurer Mackey and others, untrue; that Evans swore he had not paid Governor Geary a cent; but they didn't believe him. He also swore that he gave D. C. Forney $6,000 but they didn't believe him although Forney admits he got $5,000. The whole effort of the committee seemed to be to implicate the Governor. The matter was not one-half sifted, and a determination manifested to cover up the real parties to the fraud. Speaker Rutan spoke, on the occasion of vacating the Speaker's chair. No new Speaker was elected. The customary hollow farce of making the retiring Speaker presents was observed. Senate adjourned *sine die.*

HOUSE.—The usual complimentary resolutions were passed, the Evan's report read, and then adjourned *sine die.*

For the Beaver Argus.

The Prodigal Son.—"I will arise and go to my father." This was the resolve of a penitent who had sounded the lowest depths of iniquity; who had spent all his patrimony in riotous living, and had become a debauchee of the grossest type. Filial ingratitude, rebellion against God, prodigality, sensuality, and every vice in the dark catalogue were chargeable against him. Reduced to the condition of a pauper, his reputation lost, his mind and body enervated by disease induced by profligacy, his condition was wretched in the extreme. On the verge of starvation, his mind reverted to the home of his childhood where, in his father's house, even the servants have enough and to spare. He remembered his father's affection—that father who had supplied all his wants, who had nurtured him from infancy to manhood and who had manifested toward him nothing but love till, in his waywardness and naughtiness of heart, he had abandoned the home of his childhood to become a wanderer and a vagabond on the face of the earth.

Trusting that his lost and wretched condition might excite his father's pity and compassion, he forms the resolution—"I will arise and go to my father."—'Tis his only hope—he is shut up to this course. He must perish or return. He resolves to take words in his mouth—confess his base ingratitude, and beg the lowest place—the position of a menial in his father's house. Having made this resolve, he at once sets out on his homeward journey. Days and months elapse. At length he reaches his native land; and, ere long, the mansion of his father is beheld in the distance. What commingled emotions take possession of his breast. Hopes and fears alternate rise. He knows that his father is kind, but he remembers his own base ingratitude.—Soon his doubts are put to flight; he beholds his father approaching bearing a princely robe. With joy he embraces his erring but repentant child, removes his rags and clothes him with the robe; upon his finger he places a ring of massive gold; he kills the fatted calf, and manifests the greatest delight at the return of the wanderer.

This pearl of parables teaches the great willingness of our heavenly Father to receive true penitents. Though guilty of sins of the deepest dye He will not reject you. "He receiveth sinners," and "there is mercy and forgivness with him, that he may be feared." Are you weary of sin and its concomitants? His promise is, "Come unto me all ye that labor and are heavy laden and I will give you rest." Go at once to your heavenly Father for forgiveness. To-morrow may be too late. To-morrow is the Devil's time. Now is God's time. He who says "I will sin to-day and to-morrow, and afterward will repent or be sorry that I have ever sinned," talks very foolishly. Ere the convenient season he may be judicially blinded, or he may be dead.—Procrastination has peopled hell. All the doomed and damned from Christian lands are victims of this pernicious wile of the devil. Repentance is one of the gifts of God. Pray for it earnestly. Without repentance toward God and faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, the gates of Paradise will never be opened to admit you. Without an interest in the atonement of the blessed Savior you will be miserable in time and in eternity. Resolve at once, and carry the resolve into immediate execution. "I will arise and go to my Father."

WYANDOTTE.

The blushing face is an index of an asthetic feeling which none but the thoughtful and sensitive possess. The very climax of iniquity is the power to violate the decent courtesies and proprieties of life without revealing a sense of shame in the suffusion of the countenance. No brute, natural or moral, is capable of blushing. It is one of the inalienable characteristics of a rational and sentimental and pure-minded being. Inordinate blushing is a most uncom-

For the Beaver Argus.

THE REIGN OF TERROR. No. 2.

BY HOMO.

MR. EDITOR:—The awful picture portrayed in our last, of the many scenes of that period (the Reign of Terror in 1792), leads us to inquire if the same causes are not now operating which produced such awful results. We stated that we would inquire for them in the same order which has been observed.

First, 'Spiritualism': This infamous creature—a monster in the French revolution—has grown fearfully since then. Its baneful influence has spread like a pestilence everywhere! There is scarcely a community, however small, among the nations of the earth that has not within it some of its leaven. It claims—and justly, too—nearly all the crowned heads of Europe! Politically considered, it is a dangerous element. It aims at the subversion of all law, all system, all order. It already wields a large influence in the politics of the world. It is impatient of every restraint, and regards each man as his own moral standard and proposes the utmost liberty to all. In September last the Spiritualists held a national convention in Troy, N. Y., at which E. S. Wheeler, one of the speakers, said:

"I have got through paying the slightest deference to the legislatures and the laws they make. Law-abiding men have cursed the earth. Down with law, down with institutions, down with governments! We mean rebellion! Dr. Gardner has said that he would receive an address from the lowest depths of hell. So would I, and all the more readily if the devil himself brought it!"

We need not give more on this point. Our Spiritualistic friends may object to these statements; but we can assure them that this is the feeling of the great mass of Spiritualists. Surely if these principles were carried into successful practice a 'reign of terror' would ensue.

Second, 'Infidelity': It is a well known fact that confirmed Spiritualists invariably deny in part, or wholly, the devine origin of the Bible. The God of the Bible is as completely ignored by them as by the French revolutionists. Dr. Gardner, another speaker at the Troy convention, said he protested against such a sinful waste of time and words as praying. "He didn't want to listen to invocations to any one they didn't know, Josh or Jehovah." Another speaker, while opposing a resolution rebuking profanity, said: "I can swear in twenty different languages if you will give me time, and all the resolutions in the world won't stop me. I assert my God-given right to damn everything and everybody whenever I please." Another said: "It is just as natural for me to swear as it is for some people to pray, and my swearing does just as much good."

But Infidelity is still more widespread than Spiritualism; for, while Spiritualism is Infidelity, all Infidels are not Spiritualists. There is little faith in the word of God among multitudes who do not acknowledge themselves Spiritualists. Even among the professed Christian churches theoretical and practical infidelity abounds. The spawn of the dragon is everywhere! The three unclean spirits have gone forth unto the kings of the earth and of the whole world.—Rev. xvi. 13, 14. There are very, very few real believers in the word of God.

Third, 'Socialism, and 'Free-Love': We have seen that women were very prominent in the period of the French Revolution, but they are more so now. They strove to imitate the examples of men at that time in the formation of clubs, societies, &c., and by these means precipitated and rendered more awful the horrid era. But then the work was confined mainly to the immodest and fanatical French—now, it is world-wide! Women are seeking the positions of men in circles from which their nature should inspire them to shrink. Woman's suffrage societies, clubs and conventions for political and other purposes, abound and are fast decreasing that modesty and reserve with which they should be clothed, and preparing the way for another 'reign of terror' far greater in magnitude than that in France. This state of things, perhaps, appears further advanced in our country than in some foreign lands; but this is perhaps attributable to the favorable form of government—i. e. of political liberty;—but, tho' perhaps not so apparent in some other countries, it exists as a smouldering fire, and wants but a slight breeze to fan it to a conflagration.

Free-Love has become a familiar term. The corrupt masses are clamoring, as did the French, for unrestrained license. Divorse, adultery and libertinism are rampant. The marriage covenant is regarded by millions with disdain. This is especially true of Spiritualists and Infidels. An abundance of testimony on this point might be offered. A few quotations, however, which are samples of the rest, must suffice. At the Troy convention the marriage question was discussed. Anna Hinman said: "It is none of the business of spirits to inquire how many wives a man has." Dr. Gardner, a prominent man from Boston, said: "If you are going to erect a standard of morality for Spiritualists, where are you going to begin? I don't care if a man has a thousand wives. It is none of my business. Let us each make our own standard, and none other." One man said: "The marriage ceremony as now celebrated is no marriage at all. As things now stand Spiritualists are married by men using such senseless phrases as, 'What God hath joined together let not man put asunder.' When you order the woman to obey and love, and the man to cleave unto her always, you are ordering an unnatural thing." One woman publicly declared in favor of substituting 'natural affinity' for marriage. At this convention Mrs. Victoria C. Woodhull, of New York, was elected 'President of the Spiritual Association.' In that position she may fairly be taken as a representative spiritualist. She and her sister, Miss T. C. Claflin, are the editors of the Spiritualistic Woman-Suffrage paper, published in New York. She also aspires to the Presidency of the United States. In her address she said:

"As surely as one year passes from this day and this right—woman-suffrage—is not fully, frankly and unequivocally considered, we shall proceed to call another convention expressly to frame a new constitution and to erect a new government complete in all its parts, and to take measures to maintain it as effectually as men do theirs."

These sentiments were endorsed by the following resolution:

"Resolved, That we, as the Board of Trustees, secure the address of our President and adopt it as an expression of our views, to go before the world as the voice of the American Association of Spiritualists, and that our President be requested to take measures to carry out the objects therein proposed; and to that end we hereby pledge her our hearty co-operation and assistance."

This may at first appear laughable, but let it be remembered that these are the sentiments of thousands of men as well as women.

Fourth, 'Liberty, Equality, Fraternity!'—Never were these words prostituted to baser uses than now. We have seen that Liberty means license; in most cases, Equality means the abrogation of distinctions. The poorer classes, urged on by the worst elements among them, are everywhere becoming more and more impatient to establish this fancied equality. The possessions of the rich are looked upon with an envious eye, and all that is needed is a fair opportunity to appropriate the coveted wealth. The conflict between capital and labor—which we shall consider before we conclude—waxes hotter and hotter, and tends rapidly to a crisis. One cause of this has been the course of capitalists. This is an age of consolidation and monopoly. The rich have joined hands to oppress the poor. They have "heaped treasure together for the last days"—James v. 3. The gold and silver, instead of being in circulation to the relief and benefit of the poor, is generally lying in the vaults of the banks. Large corporations are fast swallowing up the smaller ones. Centralization is the order of the hour. To war against these combinations of the rich, the poor also are banding themselves together; and now there is scarcely a trade not represented by a "Union." Labor thus encourages fraternity among its folowers for the purpose of warring against capital. Strikes are frequent, and have already in some instances led to force and bloodshed.

In our next we shall consider, "The Commune!"—Fraternity.

P. S.—It will give us much pleasure to answer the question of friend Wyandotte, "What is the sin against the Holy Ghost?" if the ladies of Chewton will extend their patience until we find a convenient place in our present investigation to pause. H.

An Apt Rejoinder.—Bartol was a gentleman, quiet and unobtrusive; but when his dignity was touched he could make a very cutting remark; and his wit was quick and keen. One evening at a social assembly a notorious coquette had promised to dance a certain quadrille with him, and had subsequently the two stood near together, the lady, wishing to button her glove, asked Bartol if he thought he could flirt a fan for a moment, at the same time offering hers. "I don't know, madam," he answered, proceeding to manipulate it, "but I think I can *fan a flirt.*"

Horse Thief.—A man named Conrad Orr, who was formerly a resident in West Finley, Washington county Pa., was arrested in Barnesville, Ohio, recently for horse stealing from his old neighbors of Washington county. Several horses belonging to West Finley citizens, were found in his possession. He was lodged in jail, but information not having been made in proper time, he was released and made his escape to parts unknown. He had established an enviable reputation in Barnesville, as a successful horse trader.

To the Citizens of Beaver and Vicinity.—I desire to pen a few words for your careful consideration. It is now nearly a score of years since the institution over which I have the honor to preside was projected. For sixteen years it has stood we believe a source of blessing and a means of elevation and improvement to the community and county. This town while easy of access is too far from river and rail road to compete successfully in manufacturing or business with others in these particulars more favorably situated. This partial isolation from those thoroughfares fit it eminently for the location of an educational institution which should be removed from the bustle and excitements incident to large business or manufacturing points. Hundreds of persons from every portion of the country have expressed to me the highest admiration of this location for a school. Nature has nowhere spread out a more beautiful or healthful plateau than this on which our town stands, nor surrounded it with a more beautiful landscape. The accommodations of the present building are wholly inadequate to the demands of a first class school aiming to present advantages commensurate with the increasing demands of the age. Accordingly plans have been secured contemplating very valuable additions. These propose to connect with the present edifice on the south end, a building 60 by 40 feet and with that one 40 by 74 feet making the front on Elk street 174 feet and on the alley 74 feet, the buildings being all of the same heighth with basement story corresponding with the present. There is to be a bell tower also over the main entrance. Large and commodious school and recitation rooms are provided for in this plan as well as a spacious hall for public exercises. These improvements will cost thirty thousand dollars. Two of our generous fellow citizens pledged ten thousand dollars each, leaving ten more to be raised; some help may be obtained from abroad, but the greater portion of this sum must be raised at home. Shall we not as citizens every one come forward cheerfully and tender what we can possibly spare for the accomplishment of this desirable object. I believe we shall do this and hence when I shall ask you for a subscription to the College building I shall feel that I ask you to lend a hand in a project in which we are mutually interested as citizens.

R. T. TAYLOR,
Beaver Pa., April 8, 1872.

New Advertisements.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—TWO APPRENTICES to the Carpenter Business. None need apply without good reference.
apr10tf] THOMAS GRANT, New Gallilee, Pa.

To The School Directors
Of Beaver County:

GENTLEMEN:—In pursuance of the forty-third section of the act of the 8th of May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in Convention at the Court-House in Beaver, on the first Tuesday in May, A. D. 1872, being the 7th day of the month, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and select, viva voce, by a majority of the whole number of directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as County Superintendent for the three succeeding years; determine the amount of compensation for the same; and certify the result to the State Superintendent, at Harrisburg, as required by the thirty-ninth and fortieth sections of said act.

GEORGE M. FIELDS,
County Superintendent of Beaver Co.
BEAVER, April 10th, 1872; 3 w.

NOTICE TO BRIDGE CONTRACTORS.

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
Beaver, April 6, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office by the Board of County Commissioners until the 27th day of April, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock, a. m.; for the masonry and superstructure of three iron bridges, one of 110 feet span, over Raccoon Creek, at Bocktown; one over Alcorn Run, of 50 feet span, in Moon township; and one of 52 feet span over Brush Creek at Harger's Mill in New Sewickley township. Said bridges to be 20 feet roadway each. Proposals must be accompanied with a statement giving the total weight of the cast and wrought iron, the general working strength, and the ultimate or breaking strength per linear foot, as well as the greatest local load the bridge will sustain. The Commissioners will reserve the right of rejecting any or all bids. Plans and specifications for the masonry of said bridges may be seen at this office, until the morning of the day of letting. By order of County Commissioners.

JOHN McGOUN, *Clk.*
[ap10-3t.] [*Radical* copy 3 times.

SEEDS! SEEDS!! SEEDS!!
MY NEW SEED CATALOGUE

For 1872, containing a complete list of VEGETABLE, FIELD and FLOWER SEEDS with directions for Cultivation, now ready, and will be sent free to any address. Also, PLANTS, TREES, VINES and SHRUBBERY of all kinds. *Boquets, Cut Flowers* for weddings, parties, &c., arranged in best style to order.

JAMES M. BENNET, Seedsman,
apr10-2m.] 132 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—*Estate of Jane Rowan, deceased.*—Letters testamentary to the estate of Jane Rowan, late of Big Beaver township (formerly of the borough of Bridgewater) in the county of Beaver and State of Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent are hereby requested to make known the same to the undersigned without delay.

apr10;6w WILLIAM BEATTY, *Executor*

1872. Spring and Summer. 1872.

Boots, Shoes & Gaiters!

J. H. BORLAND,
Nos. 53 and 55 Wood Street,

Has just received one of the Largest, Best Selected and Cheapest Stocks, brought direct from the Manufactories for cash, before the recent advance in Leather, and will be sold at the lowest New-York and Boston Prices. Philadelphia City Made Goods at Manufacturers' prices, thus saving freight and expense.

NEW GOODS RECEIVED DAILY.

Special inducements offered to Cash or Short Time Buyers. Eastern bills duplicated. All Orders from Country Merchants promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed. Call and examine my stock and prices, at

J. H. BORLAND'S,
53 & 55 Wood Street,
[apr10-tf

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES,

GREENHOUSE AND BEDDING PLANTS,
Evergreens, Small Fruits, Asparagus Root
SEED POTATOES,

Choice Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Dahlias, Gladiolus, &c. &c. Wholesale and Retail by J. R. & A. MURDOCH, Nurserymen & Florists, 112 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [apr10-2m

MARBLE.

W. H. MARSHALL,

ROCHESTER MARBLE WORKS

MANUFACTURER OF

MONUMENTS,

Head and Foot Stones.

We have on hand a large lot of fine finished work, which we are selling cheaper than any other firm in the county or State. Persons wishing to erect Monuments, Head and Foot Stones this spring, now is the time to get a bargain. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere. We will guarantee satisfaction both as to workmanship

Announcements.

We are requested to announce the names of the following persons for the offices designated:

Assembly.
SAMUEL J. CROSS, Rochester.
S. G. CAUGHEY, of South Beaver tp.

For Associate Judge.
WILLIAM H. FRAZIER, of Frankfort.
HON. M. LAWRENCE, of Greene tp.

For Sheriff.
JOHN S. LITTELL, Big Beaver.
JAMES DARRAGH, Bridgewater.
JAMES PATTERSON, Big Beaver.
J. P. MARTIN, Darlington.
C. K. CHAMBERLIN, New Brighton.
CHARLES JOHNSTON, Hopewell.
CHAMBERLIN WHITE, Beaver Falls.
ARTHUR SHIELDS, Hopewell.
C. F. WINTER, New Brighton.
J. W. D. SMITH, Patterson.

Register and Recorder.
JAMES I STOKES, Beaver.
ELI RENO, New Brighton.
A. G. McCREARY, Beaver Falls.
THOS. O. ANSHUTZ, Beaver, (late of 140 Pa. Vols.)
CHARLES A. GRIFFIN, Beaver. (late of 1st W. Va. Vols., and 56th Pa Vols.)
E. B. THOMPSON, New Brighton.
FRANK DUNLAP, of Fallston.

Clerk of Courts.
JOHN C. HART, Beaver.

Commissioner.
EVAN P. TOWNSEND, New Brighton.
DANIEL NEELY, Economy tp.
JOHN SWICK, North Sewickley.
THOMAS FERGUSON, Pulaski.

Poor House Director.
ROBT. COOPER, Moon.
DANIEL FIGLEY, Moon.
JOHN WHITE, Hopewell.
JOHN SWANEY, Greene.

County School Superintendent.
M. L. KNIGHT, Industry.
G. L. EBERHART, New Brighton.
SMITH CURTIS, Georgetown.
NEWTON ANTHONY, A. M., Beaver Falls.

NEW BRIGHTON GRAIN MARKET.

CORRECTED BY WILSON & COMPANY.

White Wheat,	$1 60
Red Wheat,	1 60
Rye,	80
Corn,	65
Oats,	50
Buckwheat,	85

New Advertisements.

TREASURER'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT IN PURSUANCE of an Act of Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the 13th day of March, 1815, entitled, an act to amend an act, directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes, &c., and the several subsequent acts supplemental thereto, and the several acts in conformity therewith, requiring and directing the sale of Unseated Lands for County, State, Borough, School, Road and Bounty taxes, and the 41st section of the act of April 29th, 1844, authorizing and directing the return and sale of all real estate as unseated lands are now sold in satisfaction of the taxes due and unpaid by the owner or owners thereof, also the acts authorizing the sale of unseated lots in the boroughs of Beaver, Bridgewater, Rochester and Fallston for borough taxes, the following lots and tracts of unseated lands, &c., in the county of Beaver, or so much thereof as will pay the arrearage of taxes accrued thereon for the years 1869 and 1870, and so much taxes of previous years as remain unpaid will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Beaver, on

Monday, the 10th of June next,

continuing the same by adjournment if necessary.

C. P. WALLACE,
apr 3:1872 Treasurer of Beaver Co.

☞ Persons desirous of paying the taxes due upon any lot or tract in the following list, are notified to do so before day of sale, and no property will be withheld from sale on a promise to pay.

NOTE.—All property marked with a star (*) is returned under the 41st section of the act of April 29th, 1844.

Sale List of the taxes for 1869 and 1870.

	Tax.
BEAVER BOROUGH	
Alexander, W. B., house and lot ¼ acre	$13 50
Slentz, John R., 3 lots, No. 131, 132, 133,	8 10
Dickey John S., part Academy lot, No. 7	4 08
Thomas W. A., 2 lots	50
Young, Peter, No. 39	20
BRIDGEWATER BOROUGH.	
Bitner, Matilda, 4 lots*	5 17
Dunham, Sylvester Heirs, house & lot*	5 80
Kemp, John, 1½ lots*	1 16
Lutton, John, house & lot,* No. 21	8 99
Wilder, R J, house & 3 lots*	4 80
Rawden, Freeman, 2 lots, No. 13, 14	5 22
Stowe, Charles, 1 lot	23
Small John, 2 lots, No. 38, 39	39
BOROUGH TOWNSHIP	
Reisinger, William, 2 lots, No. 61, 62,	1 66
Stoner David, land 5½ acres	2 20
CHIPPEWA TOWNSHIP.	
Beaver Manufacturing Co., land, 37 acres	2 73
DARLINGTON TOWNSHIP.	
Alcorn William, land 35 acres	1 82
Hardy C A, land 7 acres	1 57
Hardy, C A, land 1 acre	08
Lyons A, land 4 acres	21
Waugh, D D, land 8 acres	1 06
Union Co land 2 acres	17
DARLINGTON BOROUGH	
Davidson Andrew, 1 lot, No. 71	38
Lyons James, Heirs, 1 lot, No. 89	38
Thomas John, 1 lot, No. 35	38
FALLSTON BOROUGH	
Grant William, 2 lots, No. 38, 39,	1 16
Thomas James, 2 lots, No. 17, 18,	92
Welsh Nancy, 6 lots, No. 26 39, 44, 45, 46, 50,	4 08
McCandless, Bailey, Bucket & Tub Factory*	163 98
FREEDOM BOROUGH.	
Johnston William, & Co 1 lot, No. 143,	14 02
White Eleanor, house and lots No. 130, 131,	41 45
GREENE TOWNSHIP	
Wallace John, ½ acre of land	53
INDUSTRY TOWNSHIP	
Shumaker, Adam & R., 1 lot	31
NEW BRIGHTON BOROUGH.	
Brood William, house and lot No. 72	17 00
Holmes William, shop and water lot, No. 12,	14 75
Woolslayer ——, lot No. 1	1 98
Willock John, heirs, 2 fraction parts Nos 7&8,	2 00
Fombell James, 13 acres of land	8 64
Old Brighton Co., 5 acres of land	3 66
NORTH SEWICKLEY TOWNSHIP.	
Corbus John G. Co, 25 acres of land	6 75
Funkhouser Joseph & Bros, land 75 acres	4 95
Ramsey David, 5 acres of land*	1 75
Welsh Henry, 2 acres of land*	1 24
Elliott Fred Peter, house & lot*	83
Evans Emanuel, 2 tracts of land, 70 acres,*	12 18
PULASKI TOWNSHIP.	
Eckler Elizabeth, 2 acres of land	97
Black Eliza, adj. S Gordon, 20 acres of land	8 49
Fetterman N P, 37 acres land	11 19
Jackson Thomas, 1 acres of land	88
Robertson Archibald, 25 acres of land	9 24
OHIO TOWNSHIP.	
Cloud Daniel, 6 acres of land	1 87
PHILIPSBURG BOROUGH	
Graham Lafayette, land adj. Ferguson*	5 91
ROCHESTER TOWNSHIP	
McCunnis Thos. 1 lot adj M'Michel's S house,	3 65
Porter George, 1 lot adj. Campbell	1 73
Frazier H N, heirs, 3 lots adj Mr Moore,	2 12
Allen James, 1 lot	3 25
Hillburgh John, adjoining Campbell,	1 80
Porter Thomas, post out lot No. 23	84
Garret Mandona, heirs, 1 lot	1 00
Gehring Christian, 1 lot No. 280	80
Parvis Emily, heirs, house and lot	65
ROCHESTER BOROUGH	
Fatzler Christian, 1 lot, Gould plot No 209,	61
Steward David, 1 lot between R R & canal,	27
Eaton William, 3 lots, Reno pl. 111, 112&114,	1 65
Eaton Eliza, 3 lots, Reno plan, 113, 142, 143,	1 65
Elk Fred, 1 lot, Reno plan,	23
Kapler J J, 1 lot Gould plan, No 76	25
McPherson Camer, 1 lot sub div. No 193	35
Nell Lewis, 1 lot, Gould plan,	23
Noss Eliza, 3 lots Reno plan, 138, 139 & 140,	1 00
Porter James, house and lot adj. Martin	2 53
Penny David, 1 lot Penny plan, No 128	23
Small Johnston, 1 lot, Steward plan, No. 2,	23
Shaffer C W, 1 lot, Gould plan, No. 74,	35
Sullivan Michael's heirs, lot adj. D Chandler	35
RACCOON TOWNSHIP.	
Winkle Mary's heirs, house and lot	1 47

apr3;4w

NEW

AGRICULTURAL HOUSE.

J. & R. HARSHA

Are engaged in the Agricultural Business at Rodger's Ferry, Beaver county, Pa., on the P. & C. R. R., where they intend keeping Agricultural implements of all kinds. Agents for the Clipper Mower and Reaper, one of the best machines in the market. Also, Agents for the Sprague Mower and Reaper, a new machine that will recommend itself in any harvest-field. Agents for the New York improved Rubbard Mower and Reaper, the best Self Rake machine in the world. Agents for the well-known Woods Mower and Reaper, north side of the river. Agents for the

SUPERIOR MOWER AND REAPER,

a new machine that runs with screw power in place of cog wheel gearing. Will sell all the first class Mowers and Reapers. Also agents for the improved

BUCKEYE LOCK LEVER HAY RAKE.

Will sell other rakes if desired. Agents for the original

Howe Sewing Machine, Improved,

one of the best machines in the market. Will keep on hand

SPRING WAGONS AND FARM WAGONS

of the very best quality; which they will sell lower than they can be bought at any other place

PLOWS.

of all kinds, at less than Pittsburgh Prices.

CORN SHELLERS, HAY CUTTERS, GRIND STONES,

and hangings, in fact, almost every thing kept in an Agricultural House. And as they intend canvassing Beaver county in the months of April, May and June (not on the hunt of office), they would say that those intending to purchase

MACHINES FOR THE COMING HARVEST,

would do well to wait until they call on them, as they will sell on better terms and for less money than any other agents. apr.3;3m

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

I OFFER for sale the following valuable property, Academy lots No. 61 and 63, containing about 20 acres, lying on the public road leading from Beaver to Vanport.

ALSO—Academy lot No. 73, lying on the Ohio river, adjoining land of Patrick Mulvannon on the west, containing about six acres, these lots are all sowed down in grass and in good condition; the lots are enclosed with good board fences, any person wishing to purchase will please call on

Dauchy & Co's Advertisements

WANTED.—Agents for our new 16-page paper, the Contributor. 13 departments, religious and secular. Rev. A. B. Earle writes for it. $1.00 a year, a $2.00 premium to each subscriber. For Agents' terms, address, JAMES H. EARLE, Boston, Mass. apr10-4w

"PSYCHOMANCY OR SOUL CHARMING." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess free by mail for 25 cts, and a marriage guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, &c. A queer, exciting book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Pub's, Philadelphia. apr10-4w

AGENTS WANTED FOR

"JESUS."

By CHARLES F. DEEMS, D. D.

His divinity established and rationalism routed. The most popular and rapidly-selling religious work ever issued. For Circulars, address U. S. PUBLISHING CO., N. Y. Cincinnati, Chicago or St. Louis.

The Best Paper! Try It

The *Scientific American* is the the cheapest and best illustrated weekly paper published. Every number contains from 10 to 15 original engravings of new machinery, novel inventions, Bridges, Engineering works, Architecture, Improved Farm Implements, and every new discovery in Chemistry. A year's numbers contain 832 pages and several hundred engravings. Thousands of volumes are preserved for binding and reference. The practical receipts are well worth ten times the subscription price. Terms, $3.00 a year by mail. Specimens sent free. May be had of all News Dealers.

PATENTS obtained on the best terms. Models of new inventions and sketches examined, and advice free. All patents are published in the Scientific American the week they issue. Send for Pamphlet, 110 pages, containing laws and full directions for obtaining Patents.

Address for Paper, or concerning patents, MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y. Branch office, cor F and 7th Sts., Washington, D. C. apr10-4w

$375 A MONTH to sell our Universal Cement, Combination Tunnel, Button-Hole Cutters and other articles. SACO NOVELTY CO., Saco, Me.

MONEY MADE RAPIDLY with Stencil and Key Check outfits. Catalogues, samples and full particulars *free.* S. M. SPENCER, Brattleboro, Vermont. [mr20-4w

$10 WORTH FREE TO BOOK AGENTS! Send your address, stating *experience, success* and book now selling, and receive free our new

AGENT'S POCKET COMPANION,

Worth $10.00 to any Book Agent.
HIBBARD BROS., Publishers, 173 Sansom St., Phil

AGENTS!! AGENTS!! AGENTS!!!

WE will pay $40 per week *in cash*, and expenses to good agents who will engage with us *at once.* Everything furnished. Address
mr20;4 F. A. ELLIS & CO., Charlotte, Mich

THREE YEARS IN A MAN TRAP.

A companion to "*Ten Nights in a Bar-room,*" by T. S. Arthur, (the most popular of American authors) is *now* ready. It is a startling exposé of liquor making and selling, a thrilling recital of a three years life in a city dram shop, *shows up* the vile deceptions practiced in bar rooms, and is the *most powerful* work of the kind ever written. Will be *eagerly* read by thousands, and is certain to have an *immense sale.* Apply for an agency and *do good as well as make money* to J. M. STODDART & CO., Publishers, Philad a.

GET *the only standard book of the kind published.* A $100 saved yearly by all who possess it can be made by agents in canvassing for *Youman's Dictionary of Everyday Wants*, containing 20,000 receipts in every Department of Human Effort, than in any other possible way. From $15 to $40 a week insured. It is for every Housekeeper, Farmer, Trade and Profession. For the Sick and Well. A *reliable* book of *permanent* value to every wide-awake progressive person. It sells itself. Extra terms. Address, F. M. REED, 139 Eighth street, New York. mar20,4w

MORE MONEY

AGENTS We have nearly ready a *new, low priced practical* book that is sure to be eagerly sought for by all classes. *Just the work for the times.* It will be the cheapest and most salable book ever published and on a *vitally interesting* and important subject. Live agents should lose no time, but *write at once* for particulars and secure the best territory, for when we announce the title and name the author, *one of the most popular and successful in America to-day*, there will be a rush for agencies. Depend on it you will miss a great chance if you delay.

We will send *free* to agents illustrated circular and *Terms that defy competition.* Address, GEO. MACLEAN, Publisher, 733 Sansom St., Philad a.

LIFE OF JAMES FISK.

Brilliant Pen Pictures of the

Sights and Sensations of New York.

TAMMANY FRAUDS.

Biographies of Vanderbilt, Drew, Gould and other R. R. Magnates. All about JOSIE MANSFIELD the siren, and **Edward S. Stokes**, the assassin, octavo of over 500 pages, profusely illustrated. *Agents wanted.* Send $1.00 for outfit, and secure territory at once. Circulars free. UNION PUBLISHING CO., Phila., Chicago, or Cincinnati.

Wells' Carbolic Tablets,

For Coughs, Colds and Hoarseness.

These Tablets present the Acid in Combination with other efficient remedies, in a popular form, for the Cure of all *Throat* and *Lung* Diseases. *Hoarseness* and *Ulceration* of the *Throat* are immediately relieved and statements are constantly being sent to the proprietor of relief in cases of Throat difficulties of years' standing.

CAUTION! Don't be deceived by worthless imitations. Get only Wells' Carbolic Tablets. Price 25 cents per box. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., N. Y. Send for circular. Sole Agent for the U. S. mar20,4w

OH, WOULD I WERE A CHILD AGAIN!

Sighs the weary and exhausted one, as the langour and lassitud of spring comes upon him. Come and receive vigor and strength from the wonderful South American Tonic

JURUBEBA.

Long and successfully used in its native country, as a *Powerful Tonic* and *Potent purifier of the blood.* It is found even to exceed her anticipations founded on its great reputation. According to the medical and scientific periodicals of London and Paris, it possesses the MOST POWERFUL TONIC properties known to MATERIA MEDICA.

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBEBA

Is a perfect remedy for all diseases of the BLOOD, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, GLANDULOUS TUMORS, DROPSY, SCROFULA, INTERNAL ABSCESSES, and will remove all obstructions of the LIVER, SPLEEN, INTESTINES, UTERINE and URINARY ORGANS.

It is strengthening and nourishing. Like nutritious food taken into the stomach it assimilates and diffuses itself through the circulation, giving vigor and health.

It regulates the bowels, quiets the nerves, acts directly on the secretive organs, and, by its powerful tonic and restoring effects, produces healthy and vigorous action to the whole system.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt St., New York,
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price $1 per bottle. Send for circular. mar20-4w.

L. D. SINE'S GIFT ENTERPRISE
ESTABLISHED IN 1854.

Principal Office 101 W. Fifth St. Cincinnati.
The only reliable Gift Distribution in the Country

$50000 00

IN VALUABLE GIFTS!
TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN
L. D. SINE'S
154th REGULAR MONTHLY

GIFT Enterprise!

To be Drawn Monday, April 29, 1872,

TWO GRAND CAPITALS OF

$5,000 each in Greenbacks!

Two Prizes, $1,000 } Greenbacks
Five Prizes, $500 }
Ten Prizes of $100 }

1 Horse and Buggy, with Silver Mounted Harness worth $600. One Fine toned Rosewood piano, worth $500!

10 Family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each!

Five Heavy Cased Gold Hunting Watches and Heavy Gold Chains, Worth 300 Dollars each!

Five Gold American Hunting Watches worth $125 each.

Ten Ladies Gold Hunting Watches worth $100 each!

800 *Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches, (in all) worth from $20 to $300 each.*

Ladies' Gold Leontine Chains, Gent's Gold Vest Chains, Silver plated Castors, Solid Silver and Double-plated Table and Tea-spoons, Ivory handled Dinner Knives, &c., &c.

Whole Number Gifts, 6,000.
Tickets Limited to 60,000.

Agents Wanted to Sell Tickets, to Whom Liberal Premiums will be Paid.

Single Tickets, $1; Six Tickets, $5; Twelve Tickets, $10; Twenty-five Tickets, $20.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All orders must be addressed to

L. D. SINE, box 86.
mar20;3t) Office, 101 W. Fifth-st., Cincinnati, O

Agents Wanted.

Wanted immediately, four active, energetic men to act as Agents for the "NEW" WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE *in this county.* Only such men as can give good reference as to character and ability, and furnish a *Bond* need apply. We will pay *guaranteed salaries*, or *liberal commissions*; to *proper men*. Only such men as *really desire* to enter the business need apply. WM. SUMNER & CO., No. 140 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [mar6;1y

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Janet Murray, of Hanover township, Beaver county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same to present them without delay to
mar27;6w. ALEXANDER NICKLE, Ex'r.

WANTED,

All persons suffering with aches and pains of any kind, especially Rheumatism, to try Dr. Radcliff's Great Remedy, *Seven Seals or Golden Wonder*, the greatest discovery of the age. Every bottle warranted. *No cure no pay*, buy it and be convinced. All orders promptly filled by addressing, LEWIS F. McCLELLAND, Wallrose, Beaver Co., Pa.

Sole agents for Beaver county. apr.3;1m

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Small & Walther in the Blacksmithing and Carriage making business in Bridgewater, was dissolved on the 1st of April 1872. The accounts

SELECT MISCELLANY.

The Value of System.

The new-papers tell us, says the Philadelphia *Ledger*, that a farmer who resides near Utica, New York, while being run away with by a pair of frightened horses, cried out: "I leave my wife ten thousand dollars! No time to make a will!" He still survives, though badly bruised. It is to be hoped that he will recover; and that, whether he does or not, his last will and testament is before this duly drawn, signed, sealed and witnessed. If circumstances make it necessary or advisable that a will should be written, he or she who so thinks should not sleep until it is done. A will is not always necessary or even advisable; but there is one thing which is necessary. And that is that every man should keep a clear record of all his debts due and receivable, and have no debts which can be adjusted by none but himself. A vast deal of trouble, and loss and waste are saved by clear and intelligible accounts, whether a man's life be long or short.

The heirs of a large estate in New England are stated to be in an unpleasant condition of mind and purpose on account of the following circumstances: The late owner of the property caused a will to be carefully drawn, with all legal precautions, but delayed completing it by his signature, and died suddenly before he had given validity to the instrument. Of course those of the heirs who are least pleased with the proposed disposition of the estate contend against it. The presence of death defends the departed against spoken remarks of an unkindly character, when his last will is duly executed, and there is nothing to be gained by adverse comment. But an uncompleted purpose subjects the memory of the deceased to severe reflections, and foments enmity among the living. Stopping just short of finishing a thing is often worse than if it had never been undertaken.

The same remark holds true of other business arrangements besides the writing of wills. Quarrels and litigations grow out of incomplete and loose arrangements—or rather from the want of arrangement. To put down part in black and white, and leave other details, perhaps the most important, to oral testimony, or what is still worse, by spoken words, to express a part and leave the rest to be inferred without either written or spoken directions, is the sure cause of disagreement and misapprehension, of enmity and litigation.

Even among friends—it might be said especially among friends, if they would continue friendly, business exactness is a cardinal virtue. Business is one thing; friendship another. Of course, friendly and fair sentiments should regulate business intercourse; but no friendship, or even blood relationship, should permit inexactness. Between husband and wife, and parents and children, the same rule should hold good. A man's mere acquaintances exact correctness of him; and he is a very careless husband, brother or father who presumes on affection to leave the door open for loss or disappointments, or misunderstanding. While death may happen at any time to add perplexity to confusion, there are many other contingencies which may occur to make life unpleasant and impair friendship or affection. There is no surer preservative of comfort, no better warrant of prosperity than business exactness and careful system. He who would rest well should be able to lie down at night with his record so made up that nobody can misunderstand it. System is even easier than carelessness, if it is once made a habit.

In a Deserted Mine.

The Nevada *Enterprise* relates the thrilling experience of a man who went alone to explore an old and abandoned mine. The following is a graphic passage:

"A ghastly place he found the level. The timbers were hung with great festoons of a peculiar fungus, resembling the moss of the live oak, but white as snow. Upon those festoons rested globules of moisture which were transparent as distilled water, and which sparkled like myriads of diamonds. All these growths, however, were not of the form described. Some resembled exaggerated mushrooms; had stems a yard long that twisted about like rams' horns, and wore crowns of the size of a broad hat rim. They mingled with the mossy formation, grew pendant from the roof of the drifts, hung out from the 'lagging' and sprouted up from the base of the side supports—in short, in places so filled with old drifts that it was necessary to crush through them. For an hour or more [illegible] wandered through the mazes of the level, more intricate than the Labyrinths of Crete, or at least than [illegible] Woodstock, in which, as the story goes, fair Rosamond was imprisoned, but no store of precious ore could be find. At length, in crowding his way through some fallen timbers in a tumble-down chamber, the whole came down behind him, followed by a tremendous cave of earth, which blew out his candle and blocked the way behind him, completely cutting off his retreat.

He at once started to find the mouth of the [illegible], and was congratulating himself that he had recovered from his childish fears of goblins, when upon elevating his candle above his head to peer as far as possible into the narrow passage in advance, there suddenly rose before him a most frightful apparition. Uttering a helpless, smothered shriek, which seemed to be answered by still more despairing shrieks from every cavern in the mine, he dropped his candle. Standing squarely before him in the middle of the passage, he had seen a tall man of most venerable appearance. His hair and beard were of snowy whiteness, and the latter reached far below his waist; his flowing robe was also white, but his face was black as ink. In the involuntary act of covering his eyes to shut from his sight that fearful thing, his candle was dropped, and it was some moments before he could gain courage to remove his hands and again look before him. When he did so he was more frightened than before at what he beheld. The apparition was still there but ten times more terrible than before. It appeared a living, glowing flame, except the face, which was, if possible blacker than before. More dead than alive, he stopped and groped about till he found his candle; then with trembling hands he lighted it, never once looking toward the awful object till his light was fairly burning, when, with a forced resolution which he felt to be little short of impudent, he boldly faced about and held up his candle. His gost was gone but in its place stood a timber which had pitched from above, and which was completely clothed in the white fungus he had seen so much of in other parts of the mine. He examined it minutely and was astonished that it should have given him such a fright; but then it stood alone and in a place where he did not look for a timber in any garb. By shading his candle he soon discovered that the fierce appearance it had worn in the dark was owing to a phosphorescent light given out by the reeking fungus."

☞ In the case of Mrs. O'Shaughnessy, who died recently in New York city under the influence of nitrous-oxide gas the Coroner's jury rendered a verdict of death from asphyxia. The jury condemned the manner in which gas is generally manufactured and the careless manner in which it is administered.

☞ The public are hereby assured, through the columns of the BEAVER ARGUS, that *Parsons' Purgative Pills* contain no injurious principle, but that they may be administered to children and the most weak and shattered [illegible] success.

Details of the California Earthquake.

Dispatches received at San Francisco on the 30 ult., from Inyo county, four hundred miles southeast of that city, give additional details of the earthquake disaster on Tuesday last. It is remarkable that the only single slight shock on Tuesday was felt in central northern California. Cerro Gordo is badly damaged; some buildings were thrown down, but only one man was killed. Lone Pine it appears was directly over the center of the disturbance. Among the killed at the latter place was Mr. Joy, aged forty-two, a native of Texas. The remainder were Spanish Americans. The first shock is described as having been like a park of artillery fired directly beneath the town. Col. Whipple, who was in the second story of a double house, states that he had just time to jump from his bed and get to the door when the house appeared to crumble in pieces beneath him. He was buried among the ruins, but succeeded in extricating himself from the debris, and is suffering severely from painful wounds. The scene beggars description. Nearly the whole population was buried beneath the ruins. Cries for help and screams of pain from the wounded filled the air, while those who escaped from the ruins were calling for their fathers, brothers, sisters, wives and children. The first shock was followed in quick succession by three others, and over three hundred distinct shocks were felt between half past two o'clock and sunrise. In fact the earth was in a constant shake and tremble for over three hours. A chasm was opened extending thirty-five miles down the valley, ranging from three inches to four feet in width. Rocks were torn from their places and rolled into the valley. Everywhere through the valley are seen evidences of the terrible convulsion of nature. There is much desolation among the inhabitants of Lone Pine.

A dispatch from Vizola says several shocks were felt in that city last night and are still coming from the southeast. Persons anticipate finding an immense chasm in the mountains, as soon as the snow disappears to admit of an investigation. Rumors of a volcanic action having been seen on the summit of Green Hood Mountains, sixty miles south of Vizola, are in circulation, and considered at least dubious. In that vicinity the people have all left, fearing a recurrence of a general convulsion of nature which, according to tradition occurred there some hundreds of years ago and created what is now known as Owens River Valley, but what was before a chain of Mountains. The section effected by the earthquake is sparsely inhabited, mainly by people working in silver bearing lead mines.

Greek Brigands.

The Greek capital is now almost blockaded with brigands. "No one dares go a thousand paces out of the town without an escort, and then the undertaking is a very dangerous one, for the brigands are concealed behind rocks, and in bushes, so that the whole of the escort might be shot down before their hiding place could be discovered. The chief of these brigands is a man named Spanos, who has been notorious for his daring deeds during the last thirty years; and it may be said that he holds the destinies of Greece in his hand, for no progress is possible so long as the present state of things exists. The insecurity of property prevents the development of agriculture. No one dares to invest capital in land whose products are sure to be annexed by the brigands. Nearly every day bands of peasants are brought into Athens who have been compelled by the brigands to furnish them with provisions, etc., and as the lives of these unfortunate people are threatened when they do not comply with such requisitions, the Government only punishes them if they neglect to give information to the authorities.

"Half the Greek army has been in pursuit of Spanos for months; but he and his band which consists of seven men, are still close to Athens, and it is even rumored that he has on several occasions entered the city with the object of capturing some high personage whom he would afterwards liberate only on the condition of his being given a large ransom and a free pardon.

"The nature of the territory, and the proximity of the Turkish frontier, cause great difficulties to the troops and they frequently pass hidden caverns and the short thick bushes which cover the mountains without guessing that the brigands are in their immediate vicinity.—The shepherds and the peasants are obliged, for their own security, to warn the brigands of the approach of the troops on such occasions.—This is done according to a well-developed plan. They either throw stones with hieroglyphics upon them in places agreed upon beforehand, or lay down sticks upon which they cut certain marks. If a military detachment enters a village to make inquiries about the brigands the peasants take their sticks and begin cutting marks upon them, in the first place to record the subject of conversation, and the next to enable the brigands—some of whom are generally posted on a hill in the vicinity with excellent field glass, to observe what is going on."

Political Corruption.

The year past has been signalized by the revelations of political and commercial corruption that has no parallel in the history of our country. It has been confined to no one City, State or Party. It has been revealed in departments of public trust for which the National Government is responsible, State Governments and City. The whole head has been sick, and the whole heart faint; from the crown of the head to the soles of the feet the body politic has been covered with wounds, bruises and putrifying sores. The City Hall, the Custom House, the Senate of the United States, the Senate of the State of New York, Southern Legislatures, Savings Banks, Railroad Corporations, all have sent up the testimony that corruption has been the order of the day, and that the time has come for reform or ruin.

Now, is it not time to make an appeal to the moral sense and conscience and patriotism of our public men and the whole people, for a higher and better national life; for a revival of honesty in all the relations of society; for a more exalted sense of honor in official station, and a sterner resistance of the arts and wiles and works of the avaricious, crawling pimps and parasites who fatten by the pickings and stealings that they get by fastening themselves upon men in office or station. There is scarcely a public institution of any kind that has not men around or in it, who make money indirectly or unjustly, through some of its departments. Men in business find it easier and cheaper to grease the wheels of trade by hush-money or bribes than to assert their rights and be honest. Legislators receive loans and try to make the public think they are not bribed. And if there is not a reformation,—deep, thorough, radical and permanent,—who can tell the consequences in such a country as ours, where national life is the breath of the people?—*New York Observer.*

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.—*For Scurvy, Leprosy*, and cutaneous diseases they are unrivalled. In places where these maladies are prevalent, the cures are marvellous, for the expulsion of pimples, blotches, &c., they are unparalleled, and as a cosmetic the Ointment stands unequaled. Sold everywhere. 25 cents per box or pot. 192

☞ In New York city, Saturday, Henry Neuman, *alias* "Dutch Heinrich," a notorious criminal, was found guilty, having stolen $10,000 in bonds on the 15th of January last, and sentenced to ten years hard labor in the State Prison.

A BRAVE BOY

Two Burglars Discomfited by a Child of Eight Years.

The little house 437 First avenue is occupied by a widow named Catharine Mulone and her son, a boy eight years old. Mrs. Mulone's bedchamber is on the first floor, the windows opening on the street.—Her bed runs across the center window of the room. The little boy sleeps on the side of the bed near the window. About half-past four o'clock yesterday morning two burglars effected an entry into the house, and made their way to Mrs. Mulone's bedroom. The noise occasioned by their coming into the room awoke the lady, and she sat up in bed. One of the ruffians drew a revolver, and placing the muzzle of the weapon to her head, threatening to blow her brains out if she made the slightest outcry. As a matter of course she did not; but her little boy was awake, and fully sensible of what was going on. While the burglars were ransacking Mrs. Mulone's bureau, the brave boy stealthily raised the window, and jumping out as quick as a flash of lightning, ran in his shirt to the Eighteenth precinct station-house, in East Twenty-second street. Sergeant Nicholson was on duty, and the little boy breathlessly told his story. Two officers were sent out, and ran to Mrs. Mulone's house, but on arriving there they were told by Mrs. Mulone that on her brave little son jumping out of the window the burglars grew frightened and fled without their promised plunder. The frightened lady, however, had seen enough of them by the light of the wax candles which they carried to give an accurate description of the robbers. Last night Sergeant Nicholson saw Peter Woods, a desperate ruffian who is reputed to be the leader of the "Shooter hill gang" of thieves, and arrested him on suspicion of being one of the thieves. He was brought to the station-house, and Mrs. Mulone, on being sent for, came there and fully identified him as the man who put the pistol to her head and threatened her life. Woods, who said he lived at 320 East Twenty sixth street, was locked up and will be arraigned at the Yorkville Police court to-day. The detectives of the Eighteenth precinct, under Captain Cameron, have strong hopes of securing Woods' companion before to-night. Mrs. Mulone's system was so shaken by the affair that she was obliged to be removed to Bellevue Hospital last night.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

HOW SHE DOES IT

VIC. WOODHULL AS A SOLICITOR.

A New York correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* tells the following capital story of Mrs Woodhull: There is no resisting Woodhull! If she "goes for" a man that man is just as sure to subscribe as he is to take his cocktail. How well I remember the time when she "went for" me, mistaking me for another man. I was seated in a private office of a prominent federal official, the rightful occupant had retired for a moment, and I was alone. Suddenly in walked, with a bounce, a neat, trim-looking woman, with a plump waist and a jaunty hat and feather adorning the upper end of her. With a hasty good morning, she seized upon a convenient chair, and with a sudden jerk—"one time and two motions"—she was seated by my side, very close. I looked towards the door, but her formidable presence barred escape in that direction. She asked me to subscribe; I begged to be excused. She said I must subscribe. Then she laid her little hand upon my arm, and looked at me. She implored me to subscribe, and rolled her eyes at me, she besought me to subscribe; and the tone of voice in which those eyes spoke went through me like a streak of lightning. She coaxed and she flattered; I begged off.

Things were getting desperate; those hands were approaching my coat-collar; somebody might come in, and, and—the people of this world are fearfully suspicious. To save my reputation I subscribed, and paid my four dollars, which the gentle lady whipped into a pocket-book which she drew from somewhere in the vicinity of her chin. She then pulled from her pocket a book in which she desired me to write my name. I did so, signing my name, which it is, John Smith. "What?" said the Woodhull, "is your name Smith?" "It is, indeed," I replied with the dignity becoming a Smith, "and a John Smith, too." "Why, ain't you Tom Murphy?" "Not a Tom," said I. "Why, my dear fellow," she said, "I thought you were Tom Murphy' and that I'd got to work hard to coax you over. But where is Tom? I must catch Tom sure." I told her Tom would not be in for a week, and so got rid of her. But that's the way subscriptions are obtained for *Woodhull & Claflin's Weekly.* No wonder it is a success, with those eyes going around soliciting subscribers.

☞ About five years ago a youth, apparently fifteen or sixteen years of age, called at the publishing house of John E. Potter & Co., in Philadelphia, and offered a manuscript story for publication. Mr. Potter the head of the firm, who happened to be in at the time, smiled at the idea of one so youthful aspiring to appear in literature as the author of a book, but finally, at the urgent request of the boy, consented to keep the manuscript for a few days and look it over. When he had done so he was convinced that the story, while evincing a lack of polished education on the part of the boyish author, possessed considerable merit as an exciting novel, some of the scenes being described with wonderful power, and, after consulting with the other members of the house, decided to publish it. When the youth called a few days afterward he told him of his conclusion, and it was agreed that the author should receive a royalty of ten cents a copy on all sold. The story was duly published in book form, under the title of "White Rocks," and since that time one hundred and seventy thousand copies have been sold. But what is singular about it is that the youthful author has never been seen or heard of since, and there is now due him the sum of $17,000 as copyright on his story.

☞ Japanese, Chinese artisans, and Bedouin Arabs are almost quadrumanal, as from continued practice they use their toes nearly as readily as their fingers. Short and cramped as they are in our stiff leather shoes, we have scarcely any will power over them. But Chinese and Japanese workmen actually pick up tools with their toes, and work with them thus handled, while other operations are conducted with other instruments in their hands. We have often seen chisels held by a long handle with the left hand, while the toes guided the cutting edge in turning beautiful forms in a lathe in Constantinople. Workmen there are always seated on the ground, even in planing a board. Arabs braid ropes with their toes and fingers laboring in concert. It is, therefore, positively certain the toes may be educated to act with rapid movements. By practice they become obedient to volition, and yet wise physiological authors hardly admit the possibility of teaching muscles to act just as millions of mechanics in those distant countries have been exercising their toes through hundreds of Asiatic generations. So much for theoretical science.

☞ Dr. A Johnson, one of the most successfull practitioners of his time, invented what is now called *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.* The great success of this article in the cure of Bronchitis and all diseases of throat and lungs, will make the name of Johnson not less favorably, if less widely known, than that of Louis Napoleon.

YEAS AND NEIGHS.—If horses could make themselves understood in human language, they would signify by a universal "Yea," their assent to the statement that the *Mustang Liniment* is the best remedy extant for all these external ailments, and by a most emphatic "Neigh!" show their displeasure at every attempt to use any other preparation in its stead. Ever since its introduction at St. Louis, at the close of the Mexican War, in 1849, it has proved a signal blessing to horse and man—curing, with absolute certainty and wonderful despatch, such equine diseases as spavin, ringbone, poll evil, scratches, hoofale, &c., and relieving and finally removing the painful affections which attack the muscles, sinews and external glands of human beings. It is a fact beyond contradiction that for all injuries or complaints of man or quadrupeds to which an external remedy is applicable, the *Mustang Liniment* is preferable to every other.

☞ Gov. English, of Connecticut, expresses the opinion that the action of the Cincinnati Convention will depend upon the result of the Connecticut elections. If the Democrats carry them, the Liberal Republicans will boldly cross the Rubicon, but if the Republicans are successful the disaffected Democrats will give up the contest and go back into their own party lines.

☞ A man named Grubb, living near Barry, Pike county, Illinois, on his return Saturday, from a visit to friends with his wife, sister, and three small children, undertook to ford Lick creek. The water was very high, and when they reached the middle of the creek their wagon-box floated off. The children were drowned and the others barely escaped with their lives.

Miscellaneous.

A. H. Franciscus & Co.,
513 MARKET STREET,
Philadelphia.

We have opened for the Spring Trade, the largest and best assorted stock of PHILADELPHIA CARPETS, Table, Stair and Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades and Paper, Carpet Chain, Cotton, Yarn, Batting, Wadding, Twines, Wicks, Clocks, Looking Glasses, Fancy Baskets, Brooms, Baskets, Buckets, Brushes, Clothes Wringers, Wooden and Willow Ware, &c., in the United States.

Our large increase in business enables us to sell at low prices and furnish the best quality of Goods.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED AMERICAN WASHER.
Price $5.50
Over 13,000 sold in six months.

Terms: Carpets 60 days, all other goods 30 days, Net. [Feb14'3m Sept1 3m

239 REMOVAL. 241

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.,
Have removed
TO THEIR NEW BUILDING
Nos 239 & 241,
LIBERTY STREET,
Opposite Wood Street,
And open with an
ELEGANT STOCK OF
DRY - GOODS.
Notions, and Small Wares.
SELL at LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.
Buyers are invited to call.
C. ARBUTHNOT W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.
feb7;3m

Hardware, &c

FALLSTON
Foundry & Repair Shop.

Having been Engaged in the Foundry Business for more than thirty years,—during which time I have accumulated a variety of useful patterns, besides constructing models and taking out patents for Improvements on

COOKING - STOVES

—and after having thoroughly tested these Improvements, I feel warranted in offering them to the public.

PLOWS,
The GREAT WESTERN has no Superior for this Locality.

STOVES;
Stoves of Different Styles for Heating and Cooking.

The Great Republic Cooking Stove
Has the best Record of any Stove ever offered in this market.

IT TAKES LESS FUEL,
LESS ROOM TO DO MORE WORK,
BEST BAKER,
MOST DURABLE
ALTOGETHER
THE BEST STOVE IN USE

In connection with the stove I have got up a Patent

EXTENSION TOP,

which occupies little room, no additional fuel, and is not liable to wear out, dispenses with all pipe, can be put on or taken off at any time, and made to suit all stoves of any size or pattern.

Five Hundred Persons
Who have purchased and used the
GREAT REPUBLIC COOKING STOVE,

Most of whose names have been published in the ARGUS, are confidently referred to, to bear witness of its superior merits as a cooking stove.

Having three first class engines on hand, of about fifteen horse power capacity, they are offered to the public at reasonable rates.
JOHN THORNILEY.
apr20tf.

J. D. RAMALEY'S
OPERA
Hat House,
AND
GENT'S FURNISHING
EMPORIUM,
No. 64 Fifth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH
The Best Goods at Lowest Prices.
Gooods sent to any address, on approval.
may24-1y.

LIME! LIME! LIME!

FROM and after April first, we will be prepared to furnish customers with fresh burnt Lime of best quality at Powers' Kilns, Vanport
mar20,tf] HOLMES & GRIER.
[Radical and New Brighton Press copy.]

Rowell & Co.'s Advertisements.

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA., SEMINARY.
Rev. JOSEPH WAUGH, Principal.
SPRING TERM BEGINS APRIL 1st, 1872.
Successful, thorough, economical, and healthful.

Duff's College! The oldest and most reliable Institution for obtaining a Mercantile Education. ☞ Practical Business men as Instructors. For information write for a circular to P. DUFF & SONS, mar27;4w Pittsburgh, Pa.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!
ON THE LINE OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.
A LAND GRANT OF
12,000,000 ACRES,
IN THE BEST
FARM & MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.
3,000,000 Acres in Nebraska
IN THE
GREAT PLATTE VALLEY,
The Garden of the West,
NOW FOR SALE!

These lands are in the central portion of the United States, on the 41st degree of North Latitude, the central line of the great Temperate Zone of the American Continent, and for grain growing and stock raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IN PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

FREE HOMESTEADS FOR ACTUAL SETTLERS.
The best Locations for Colonies,
Soldiers entitled to a Homestead of 160 Acres.
Free Passes to Purchasers of Land.

Send for the new descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish, and Danish, mailed free everywhere. Address, O. F. DAVIS Land Commissioner, U. P. R. R. Co., Omaha, Neb.

Extraordinary Improvements
IN
CABINET ORGANS,

The *Mason & Hamlin Organ Co.* respectfully announce the introduction of improvements of much more than ordinary interest. These are **Reed and Pipe Cabinet Organs,** being the only successful combination of REAL PIPES with reeds ever made; **Day's Transposing Key-Board,** which can be instantly moved to the right or left, changing the pitch, or transposing the key. *For Drawings and Descriptions, see Circular.* *New and Elegant Styles of Double-Reed Cabinet Organs,* at $140, $135 and $125 each. *Considering Capacity, Elegance and thorough Excellence of Workmanship,* these are cheaper than any before offered. The *Mason & Hamlin* Organs are acknowledged BEST, and from extraordinary facilities for manufacture, this Company can afford, and *now undertake* to sell at prices which render them UNQUESTIONABLY CHEAPEST. Four Octave Organs, $50 each; Five Octave Organs $100, $125 and upwards. *Forty styles, up to* $1500 *each.* New Illustrated Catalogue, and Testimonial Circular, with opinions of more than *one thousand* musicians, sent free. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont St., Boston, 596 Broadway New York. mr27;4w

Portable Soda Fountains,
$40, $50, $75 and $100.
GOOD, DURABLE AND CHEAP!
Shipped Ready for Use.
MANUFACTURED BY
J. W. CHAPMAN, & Co Madison Ind.
☞ SEND FOR CIRCULAR. 54

(Incorporated 1860.)
Columbia Fire Insurance Company.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

S. S. Detwiler, Pres't.	Robert Crane,
H. Wilson, Vice Pres't	William Patton,
Herbert Thomas, Treas.	James Schroeder,
J. F. Frueauff, Sec'y	J. S. Stein,
J. B. Bachman,	M. M. Strickler,
George Bogle,	R. T. Ryon.

For Insurance or Agencies, address
J. F. FRUEAUFF, Columbia, Pa

☞ BEFORE ASSURING YOUR LIFE, examine ☞ the new Tontine Savings Fund plan, just introduced by the EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF NEW YORK, by which an endowment policy is granted at about half rates. End of ten years, 101 per et of premiums returned. New business 1871—$41,200,000, largest in world. Assets...$18,000,000. Income...$8,000,000. Reliable Agents Wanted everywhere. Address, I. L. REGISTER, General Agent, 328 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

THE Female Soldier! Unsexed! or *The Female Soldier.* The thrilling Adventures, Experiences, and Escapes of a woman as Spy, Scout, Nurse, in Camps, Battle Fields & Hospitals. 12 full-page illustrations, and portrait on steel. This excellent book, elegantly illustrated, crown, 8vo, and beautifully bound in cloth, richly ornamented in black and gold, is sold only by subscription. Price $2.25. *Philadelphia Publishing Co.*, Philadelphia, Pa. The *Agents* who first send $1.25 for outfit will get the territory for this fast-selling book.

☞ CARPENTERS, BUILDERS ☞ and all who contemplate building, supplied with our new Illustrated Catalogue on receipt of stamp. A. J. BICKNELL & Co., Architectural ☞ Book Pub'rs Warren St. N. Y. ☞

AGENTS WANTED FOR
SIGHTS AND SENSATIONS OF NEW YORK.
A Work Descriptive of the History of New York in all its various Phases.
Its splendors and wretchedness; its high and low life; its marble palaces and dark dens; its attractions and dangers; its *Rings and Frauds*; its leading men and politicians; its adventurers, its charities; its mysteries and crimes. *Illustrated* with nearly 250 fine engravings. Send for circulars and see our terms and a full description of the work. Address *National Publishing Co.*, Phila., Pa. mr27;4.

WANTED, AGENTS.
To sell the Improved Florence Sewing Machine.
Makes four different Stitches,
Runs the Work four Ways,
Fastens its own ends
For Beauty, Simplicity, and Durability, is without equal. Liberal terms. Salesroom, No. 1123, Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.
WILSON & PENNYPACKER, Managers.

AGENTS Wanted.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and permanent. Particulars free. G. STINSON & Co., *Fine Art Publishers*, Portland Maine.

U. S. PIANO CO., N. Y.—1st class $290. No Agents. Names of patrons in 40 States in Circular. mr27;4w

CUNDURANGO.
Supply of Bark Assured. Price Reduced. BLISS, KEENE & CO's FLUID EXTRACT Cures Cancer, Scrofula, Syphilis, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pulmonary Complaints, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Skin Diseases, all Blood Diseases. It is purely vegetable. *The best known Blood Purifier.* Sold by all druggists. Price, $4 per bottle. Observe the trade mark. Send for circular. OFFICE, 60 Cedar St., New York.

$1,000 REWARD For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching, or Ulcerated Piles that DE BING'S Pile Remedy fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles, and nothing else. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1.00. mar27;4w

M. WHITMORE. THOS. H. LANE. CHAS. T. NEALE. C. H. WOLFF. JOHN D. CHERRY.
WHITMORE, WOLFF, LANE & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
HARDWARE,
Sign of the Anvil, No. 50 Wood St.,
(Three doors above St. Charles Hotel,)
PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
Invite the attention of buyers to their Spring Stock which, in selection and price, is unsurpassed in the country.
They are Agents for American File Company's celebrated *Files and Rasps, Rubber Belting and Packing,* and *Wilson, Hawksworth, Ellison & Co's English Steel, Pittsburgh Steel,* Locks, Shovels, &c. Sold at Manufacturers' prices. feb28,2m

☞ NOTE.—This is Snellenburg's Space. Being engaged in making up a large stock of Spring Clothing, they informed me that they had no time to attend to their advertising.—ED.

S.&J. SNELLENBURG
Merchant Tailors
NEW BRIGHTON PA.

[Jan17'72-1y

N. D. CONE, M. D., Late of Darlington, having removed to New-Brighton, offers his medical services, in all its branches, to the people of the city and surrounding country. Office corner of Butler and Broadway. sep13;1y

S. J. Cross & Co.'s Column.

DRY - GOODS,
New Fall Stock
JUST RECEIVED BY
S. J. Cross & Co.,
ROCHESTER.

OUR STOCK OF NEW AND SEASONABLE
DRY - GOODS
IS LARGER THAN EVER BEFORE.
CONSISTING OF
CLOTH, CASSIMERE, JEANS, WATER-PROOF,
PLAIN FLANNELS,
BARRED FLANNELS,
CANTON FLANNELS,
CLOAKING, PRINTS,
DELAINES, PLAIDS,
ALPACAS, MERINOS,
GINGHAMS, CHECKS,
TOWELING, DENIM,
DRILL, PAPER MUSLIN, BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLIN,
COTTON BATTING, SHAWLS,
SHIRTS, WOOLEN YARN, HOSIERY,
GLOVES, &c., &c.,

NOTIONS
IN GREAT VARIETY.

Ready-Made Clothing:
COATS,
PANTS, VESTS,
SHIRTS, DRAWERS,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

Hats and Caps,
A VERY LARGE and NEW STOCK.

BOOTS & SHOES:
Men's, Youths' and Boys'
BOOTS.
WOMEN'S, MISSES' and CHILDREN'S
SHOES AND GUM SHOES,
ALL PURCHASED LOW AND WILL BE SOLD AT A SMALL ADVANCE ON COST.

WE ALSO CONTINUE TO KEEP UP OUR USUAL STOCK OF
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, FLOUR,
GRAIN, MILL-FEED, SALT, LIME CEMENT.

HARDWARE:
NAILS,
HORSE SHOES, HORSE NAILS,
Window Glass.

Paints in all Colors,
DRY and IN OIL:
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL,
PUTTY, TURPENTINE, VARNISH,
ALCOHOL, GUM SHILLAC, &c.

Wooden Pumps
FOR WELLS AND CISTERNS.

ALL HEAVY GOODS, DELIVERED WITHIN A REASONABLE DISTANCE, FREE OF CHARGE.
WE ALSO FURNISH OUR CUSTOMERS WITH COAL AT THE MARKET PRICE.
Rochester, Oct. 20th, 1871.

Dwelling Houses,
TENEMENTS,
IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED
REAL ESTATE
IN AND NEAR THE
Borough of Rochester,
FOR SALE AND RENT
BY
S. J. CROSS.
May3-1y:chd my31-nov1.

Miscellaneous.

SAMUEL R. JOHNSTON........ JOSEPH EICHBAUM
WILLIAM G. JOHNSTON.

Established by Eichbaum & Johnston, 1816.
William G. Johnston & Co.,
PRINTERS,
STATIONERS
And Blank Book Makers,
57 and 59 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.
my24-1y

HATS—CAPS
AND
STRAW GOODS.
TRADE MARK
R. H. palmer,
81 WOOD ST., PITTSBURGH,
WILL
REMOVE
TO
149 & 151 Wood Street,
MARCH 20th, 1872.
[21,3m.]

Agents Wanted,
FOR THE
FLORENCE
Sewing Machine.

Wherever the FLORENCE Machine has been introduced, it has met with the greatest success. It is the only machine making four different stitches, and having the Reversible Feed. The machinery is perfect, and the motions positive. It runs light, and very fast, and sews coarse or fine fabrics. The Hemmer will turn wide or narrow hems, and fells beautifully. All attachments go with the machine.

For information apply to or address
BECKERT & McKAIN,
No. 8 SIXTH STREET,
[mar6,3m.] Pittsburgh, Pa.

BANKING-HOUSE.
THOMAS M'CREERY & CO.
THOS. M'CREERY, *Cashier.*
J. F. DRAVO, J. B. ANGIEL,
J. H. M'CREERY.
Interest paid on time deposits; Prompt attention given to collections. Also, Insurance Agents for good and reliable Companies. [may18tf

ROCHESTER SAVINGS BANK.
JOHN V. M'DONALD W. J. SPEYERER,
GEO. C. SPEYERER, R. J. SPEYERER, *Cash'r*
SPEYERER & McDONALD

Deals in exchange, Coin, Government Securities, make collection on all accessible points in the United States and Canada, receives money on deposit subject to check, and receives time deposits from one dollar and upward, and allows interest at 5 per cent. By laws and rules furnished free by applying at the bank. Bank open daily from 9, a. m. till 4 p. m., and on Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock. We refer by permission to—

L. H. OATMAN & CO.,	HON. J. S. RUTAN,
ALLEN, SCOTT & CO.,	ORR & COOPER,
S. J. CROSS & CO.,	WM. KENNEDY,
SNIEDER & WACKS,	JOHN SHARP,
B. S. RANGER,	R. B. EDGAR,
A. C. HURST,	TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL
S. B. WILSON,	BANK, Pittsburgh, Pa.

nov16'71-1y chd feb28

THE IMPROVED ELLIPTIC SEWING MACHINE.
WITH THE
NEW DRAW FEED,

Has just been received, and is now the *best Family Machine* in the market. It makes the

Lock Stitch, is Simple, Noiseless, Easily Operated,

and very effective. We want *Good Sewing Machine Agents* in all unoccupied territory, to whom we will give the most liberal terms. The *Elliptic* is the *easiest Machine to sell* in the market.

HOWARD EATON & CO.,
General Agents,
17 *FIFTH AVENUE,*
[feb21,1y] PITTSBURGH, PA.

The Improved Grand Oroide
GOLD WATCHES.
$9, $12, $15, $18.

We have recently brought our *Oroide Gold Metal* to such perfection that it is difficult for the best judges to distinguish it from gold. The $9 watches are with patent escapement movement, and in appearance, and for time, equalling a gold one costing $100. The $12 are full jeweled patent levers, equal to $150 gold watches. The $15 are the same as the last, but of a finer finish, equal to one costing $175. And the $18 watches are of a fine finish with full jewelled American movements, equaling gold ones worth $200. They are all in hunting cases, gentlemen and ladies' sizes, and warranted for time and wear, by special certificates. Also, elegant designs of Gents' and Ladies' Chains, from $1 to $6; and Jewelry of all kinds. Goods sent C. O. D. Customers permitted to examine the goods they order, before paying bill, on payment of express charges. When six watches are ordered at one time, we will send an extra watch of the same kind free. For further particulars send for circular. Address, JAMES GERARD & CO., 85 Nassau St. New York. P. O. Box 5541. dec6,6m.

A Word to You, Friend!!

FOR GOOD COFFEE,
FOR GOOD TEAS,
FOR GOOD SUGARS,
FOR GOOD SPICES,
FOR GOOD FLOUR,
FOR GOOD FEED,
FOR GOOD TOBACCO,
FOR GOOD CIGARS,
FOR EVERYTHING GOOD
IN THE
Grocery and Provision Line,
AND AT PRICES THAT CAN'T
BE BEAT IN **BEAVER** OR ELSEWHERE.
GO TO
S. SNITGER & CO.'S,
3d Street, BEAVER, PA.
[mlo'72-1y

POINT PLANING MILLS,
WATER ST., ROCHESTER, PA.
HENRY WHITEFIELD,
MANUFACTURER OF
Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Floor-boards, Weather-boards, Palings Brackets, &c., &c. Also,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES AND BUILDING TIMBER

Having purchased the the territorial interest of Mr J. C. Anderson, owner of the several patents covering certain improvements in the construction and joining of weatherboards and linings for houses and other buildings, we are the only persons authorized to make and sell the same within the limits of Beaver county. Parties interested will please observe this.

Carpenters' Supplies Constantly Kept on Hand.

Every manner of Shop-Work made to order. oct4;1y

M. B. COCHRAN,
Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Dealer in Iron and Wood Working Machinery & Manufacturers' Supplies,
Has constantly on hand a complete stock of Smith's Sash and Door Machinery, Judson Governors, Taps and Dies, Emery Wheels, Belting, Packing, &c. Woodworth's Planers a specialty. Send for Circulars and Prices. [mar6,3m.

Miscellaneous.

Chas. B. Hurst's
INSURANCE
AND
General Agency Office,
NEAR THE DEPOT
ROCHESTER, PENNA.
Notary Public and Conveyancer;

FIRE, LIFE, and ACCIDENT INSURANCE; "Anchor" and "National" Lines of Ocean Steamers; "Adams" and "Union" Express Agent.

All kinds of Insurance at fair rates and liberal terms. Real Estate bought and sold. Deeds, Mortgages, Articles, &c., written; Depositions and Acknowledgements taken, &c., &c. Goods and Money forwarded to all parts of the United States and Canada. Passengers booked to and from England, Ireland, Scotland, France and Germany.

ÆTNA FIRE INS. CO.,
Of Hartford, Conn.
Cash assets.................$6,000,000
"By their fruits ye know them."
Losses paid to Jan 1, 1871....$28,000,000
One of the oldest and wealthiest Companies in the world.

NIAGARA Insurance Co.,
Of New York.
Cash assets,.........................$1,500,000

ANDES FIRE INS. CO.,
Of Cincinnati, Ohio.
Cash assets,.........................$1,500,000

ENTERPRISE INS. CO.,
Of Philadelphia.
Cash assets over.......................$600,000

LANCASTER Fire Ins. Co.
Of Lancaster, Pa.
Cash assets...........................$240,000

ALPS INSURANCE CO.,
Of Erie, Penna.
Cash capital,..........................$250,000

HOME LIFE INS. CO,
Of New York.
Cash assets,.........................$3,500,000

Travelers' Life & Accident Insurance Co.,
Of Hartford, Conn.
Cash assets over.........$1,500,000.

Representing the above first class Insurance Companies, acknowledged to be amongst the best and most reliable in the world, and representing a gross cash capital of nearly $16,000,000, I am enabled to take Insurance to any amount desired. Applications promptly attended to, and Policies written without delay, and at fair rates and liberal terms. *Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.* INSURE TO-DAY! By one day's delay you may lose the savings of years. Delays are dangerous, and life uncertain; therefore, Insure to-day! "*One to-day, is worth two to-morrows.*"—Quality, also, is of the utmost importance. The low priced worthless article, always proves the dearest. The above companies are known to be amongst the best and wealthiest in the world. "As ye sow that shall you reap."

Grateful for the very liberal patronage already bestowed, I hope by a strict attention to a legitimate business, not only to merit a continuance of the same, but a large increase the present year. Mr STEPHEN A. CRAIG is duly authorized to take applications for Insurance and receive the premium for the same in my absence.
CHAS. B. HURST,
Near Depot, Rochester, Pa. [Se14-1y

WILLIAM MILLER, - - - - - - JACOB TRAX,
PLANING MILL.
MILLER & TRAX,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Dressed Lumber,
SASH, DOORS, SHUTTERS, SIDING, FLOORING, MOULDINGS, &c

Scroll Sawing and Turning
DONE TO ORDER,

ORDERS BY MAIL RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED, AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Mill Opposite the Railroad Station,
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.
april 19,'71, 1y

ORGANIZED 1851.
BERKSHIRE
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Home office, Pittsfield, Mass.

Mutual protection is secured to the Policy Holders of this company by a Special Law of the State. For example: Suppose you are thirty five years of age, and take an ordinary Life Policy. If you should make ONE payment, and should fail to make the SECOND payment when due, you still remain insured during the second year and three days of the third year. If you die during that two years and three days, your family will receive the full amount of the Policy, less only the overdue premium and interest.

One Annual Payment will keep you insured 2 years and three days. Two Annual Payments will keep you insured 4 years and 12 days. Three Annual Payments will keep you insured 6 years and 27 days. Four annual payments will keep you insured 8 years and 46 days. Five Annual Payments will keep you insured 10 years and 56 days. Six Annual Payments will keep you insured 12 years and 14 days. This protection applies to any age, and is expressed in every Policy.

The Advantages of such Protection.
NEW YORK, March 11, 1871.

W. H. GREENE, late of New York, insured a few years since in the Berkshire Life Insurance Company for $3,500, but, owing to misfortune in business, was unable to make any payment to the Company during one year and ten months prior to his decease, which occurred January 12, 1870.

I have this day received at the New York office of the Company, 271 Broadway corner of Chambers street, **Three thousand two hundred and ninety-nine dollars,** this being the full amount due to his widow, after deducting the overdue payments and interest.
W. B. HARRISON, 107 Broadway.

A Special Law of the State of Massachusetts

Provides that if you should fail to make your payment when due, and still preserve the conditions of the Policy, you will remain insured for a certain number of years and days thereafter, and if death occurs during that time the Policy will be paid as above.

The ratio of expenses to receipts in this Company is smaller than the average of all the Companies doing business in the United States.

The True Benefits of Life Insurance. —It is time that those who seek the true benefits of Life Insurance should understand that Companies which strive to do the largest business (and persistently ignore future liabilities,) are by no means the best companies in which to insure.

It is the aim of the Officers and Directors of the Berkshire to do a safe, progressive business, which shall each year add to the strength and stability of the Company, and at the same time furnish its members with more Insurance, larger Dividends, and greater advantages than can be realized in any other Company.

Annual Cash Dividends.—This Company is strictly Mutual and divides all the profits among the Policy Holders, on the Contribution Plan. As your Cash Dividends increase, the future payments which you make will gradually decrease. Dividends may be added to the Policy, and are never forfeited by the non-payment of premiums, but may at any time be converted into Cash.
EBEN ALLISON, Agent.
Beaver, Pa., Sept 13;1y

J. B. SNEAD
Has now in operation a new
SAW AND PLANING MILL
IN FREEDOM, PA.,
Having the latest improved machinery for the manufacture of
FLOORING,
SIDING,
LATH, &C. &C.,
and is now prepared to attend to the building and repairing of
Steamboats, Barges, Flats, &c., &c.
Keeping constantly on hand a superior quality of Lumber. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. All orders promptly executed. [aug2-1y

Miscellaneous.

Children's Carriages!

A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK *Of Two and Three-Wheel Gigs,* PERAMBULATORS, AND WILLOW CARRIAGES, of the best New York and Philadelphia manufacture, at reasonable prices. Also, Ladies' Satchels, Baskets, Fancy Goods, Notions, Toys, Jet Jewelry, &c., &c., wholesale and retail, at
F. A. O'LEARY'S,
148 Federal St., 2 doors above the Market, Allegheny, P.
may17;1y

Medicinal.

CURES DISEASES OF THE
THROAT, LUNGS, LIVER & BLOOD

In the wonderful medicine to which the [illegible] are above pointed for relief, the discoverer believes he has combined *in harmony* more of nature's most sovereign curative properties than God has instilled into the vegetable kingdom for healing the sick, than were ever before combined in one medicine. The evidence of this is found in the great variety of most obstinate cases which it has been found to conquer. In the cure of **Bronchitis, Severe Coughs** and the early stages of **Consumption,** [illegible] and purifies the **blood.** [illegible] **Humors,** [illegible] **Scrofulous** [illegible] **Blotches,** [illegible] **Eruption.** [illegible] **Erysipelas, Salt Rheum,** [illegible] **Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin,** [illegible]

[illegible]

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation, which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use the hair grows thicker and stronger. [illegible]
[illegible] Druggists and Dealers [illegible]
Price One Dollar

Buckingham's Dye
FOR THE WHISKERS.
[illegible]
Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N.H.

Ayer's
Cherry Pectoral
For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

[illegible] CHERRY PECTORAL [illegible] **Bronchitis,** [illegible]

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
oct.4,1y.